

PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Centralia Correctional Center

Facility Type: Prison / Jail

Date Interim Report Submitted: 03/31/2024

Date Final Report Submitted: 08/12/2024

Auditor Certification	
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.	<input type="checkbox"/>
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.	<input type="checkbox"/>
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Kendra Prisk	Date of Signature: 08/12/2024

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name:	Prisk, Kendra
Email:	2kconsultingllc@gmail.com
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	03/06/2023
End Date of On-Site Audit:	03/08/2024

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Facility name:	Centralia Correctional Center
Facility physical address:	9330 Shattuc Road, Centralia, Illinois - 62801
Facility mailing address:	

Primary Contact

Name:	
Email Address:	
Telephone Number:	

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director	
Name:	Daniel Monti
Email Address:	Daniel.Monti@illinois.gov
Telephone Number:	618-533-4111

Facility PREA Compliance Manager

Facility Health Service Administrator On-site	
Name:	Cristine Vinyard
Email Address:	Cristine.Vinyard@illinois.gov
Telephone Number:	618-533-4111

Facility Characteristics	
Designed facility capacity:	1500
Current population of facility:	1185
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	1240
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	Males
Age range of population:	19-83
Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:	Medium
Does the facility hold youthful inmates?	No

Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:	510
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	41
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	26

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	Illinois Department of Corrections
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	
Physical Address:	1301 Concordia Court, Springfield, Illinois - 62794
Mailing Address:	
Telephone number:	

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	
Email Address:	
Telephone Number:	

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Ryan Nottingham	Email Address:	ryan.nottingham@illinois.gov

Facility AUDIT FINDINGS
Summary of Audit Findings
The OAS automatically populates the number and list of Standards exceeded, the number of

Standards met, and the number and list of Standards not met.

Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.

Number of standards exceeded:

3

- 115.11 - Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator
- 115.12 - Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates
- 115.73 - Reporting to inmates

Number of standards met:

42

Number of standards not met:

0

POST-AUDIT REPORTING INFORMATION

GENERAL AUDIT INFORMATION

On-site Audit Dates

1. Start date of the onsite portion of the audit:	2023-03-06
2. End date of the onsite portion of the audit:	2024-03-08

Outreach

10. Did you attempt to communicate with community-based organization(s) or victim advocates who provide services to this facility and/or who may have insight into relevant conditions in the facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
a. Identify the community-based organization(s) or victim advocates with whom you communicated:	JDI and Sexual Assault and Family Emergencies

AUDITED FACILITY INFORMATION

14. Designated facility capacity:	1500
15. Average daily population for the past 12 months:	1240
16. Number of inmate/resident/detainee housing units:	68
17. Does the facility ever hold youthful inmates or youthful/juvenile detainees?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Applicable for the facility type audited (i.e., Community Confinement Facility or Juvenile Facility)

Audited Facility Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit

Inmates/Residents/Detainees Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit

36. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees in the facility as of the first day of onsite portion of the audit:	1168
38. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with a physical disability in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	38
39. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	1
40. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (visually impaired) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	14
41. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	105
42. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	34
43. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	82

<p>44. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:</p>	<p>38</p>
<p>45. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>46. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:</p>	<p>98</p>
<p>47. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:</p>	<p>0</p>
<p>48. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of inmates/residents/detainees in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit (e.g., groups not tracked, issues with identifying certain populations):</p>	<p>No text provided.</p>
<p>Staff, Volunteers, and Contractors Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit</p>	
<p>49. Enter the total number of STAFF, including both full- and part-time staff, employed by the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:</p>	<p>510</p>
<p>50. Enter the total number of VOLUNTEERS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:</p>	<p>29</p>

51. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:	48
52. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of staff, volunteers, and contractors who were in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	No text provided.
INTERVIEWS	
Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
Random Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
53. Enter the total number of RANDOM INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:	20
54. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE interviewees: (select all that apply)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Age <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Race <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ethnicity (e.g., Hispanic, Non-Hispanic) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Length of time in the facility <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Housing assignment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gender <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> None
55. How did you ensure your sample of RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE interviewees was geographically diverse?	The following IICs were selected from the housing units: two from E1, three from E2, four from E3, one from E4, three from E5, two from N1, two from N2, one from N3, two from N4, five from N5, one from S1, three from S2, one from S3, four from S4, two from S5, one from NSA, and one from Receiving.

<p>56. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of random inmate/resident/detainee interviews?</p>	<p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No</p>
<p>57. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):</p>	<p>The auditor ensured a geographically diverse sample among interviewees. The following Individuals In Custody (IIC) were selected from the housing units: two from E1, three from E2, four from E3, one from E4, three from E5, two from N1, two from N2, one from N3, two from N4, five from N5, one from S1, three from S2, one from S3, four from S4, two from S5, one from NSA, and one from Receiving. 34 IICs interviewed were male, five were transgender female and one was non-binary.</p>
<p>Targeted Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews</p>	
<p>58. Enter the total number of TARGETED INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:</p>	<p>20</p>
<p>As stated in the PREA Auditor Handbook, the breakdown of targeted interviews is intended to guide auditors in interviewing the appropriate cross-section of inmates/residents/detainees who are the most vulnerable to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. When completing questions regarding targeted inmate/resident/detainee interviews below, remember that an interview with one inmate/resident/detainee may satisfy multiple targeted interview requirements. These questions are asking about the number of interviews conducted using the targeted inmate/resident/detainee protocols. For example, if an auditor interviews an inmate who has a physical disability, is being held in segregated housing due to risk of sexual victimization, and disclosed prior sexual victimization, that interview would be included in the totals for each of those questions. Therefore, in most cases, the sum of all the following responses to the targeted inmate/resident/detainee interview categories will exceed the total number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees who were interviewed. If a particular targeted population is not applicable in the audited facility, enter "0".</p>	
<p>60. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees with a physical disability using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:</p>	<p>1</p>

61. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1
62. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (i.e., visually impaired) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1
63. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1
64. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	2
65. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	2
66. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	6

<p>67. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in this facility using the "Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse" protocol:</p>	<p>5</p>
<p>68. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening using the "Inmates who Disclosed Sexual Victimization during Risk Screening" protocol:</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>69. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are or were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization using the "Inmates Placed in Segregated Housing (for Risk of Sexual Victimization/Who Allege to have Suffered Sexual Abuse)" protocol:</p>	<p>0</p>
<p>a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.</p>
<p>b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).</p>	<p>The auditor reviewed current housing assignments for high risk IICs and IICs who reported sexual abuse.</p>
<p>70. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing targeted inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews):</p>	<p>One IIC fell into more than one targeted categories.</p>

Staff, Volunteer, and Contractor Interviews	
Random Staff Interviews	
71. Enter the total number of RANDOM STAFF who were interviewed:	14
72. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM STAFF interviewees: (select all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Length of tenure in the facility <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shift assignment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Work assignment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rank (or equivalent) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (e.g., gender, race, ethnicity, languages spoken) <input type="checkbox"/> None
If "Other," describe:	Race, ethnicity and gender
73. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of RANDOM STAFF interviews?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
74. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random staff (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):	Security staff mainly make up three shifts, first shift works from 7am-3pm, second shift works from 3pm-11pm and third shift works from 11pm-7am. Six staff were interviewed from first shift, five were from second shift and three were from third shift. With regard to the demographics of the random staff interviewed; thirteen were male and one was female. Thirteen were white and one was black. Ten were Correctional Officers, two were Lieutenants and two were Majors.
Specialized Staff, Volunteers, and Contractor Interviews	
Staff in some facilities may be responsible for more than one of the specialized staff duties. Therefore, more than one interview protocol may apply to an interview with a single staff member and that information would satisfy multiple specialized staff interview requirements.	

75. Enter the total number of staff in a SPECIALIZED STAFF role who were interviewed (excluding volunteers and contractors):	25
76. Were you able to interview the Agency Head?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
77. Were you able to interview the Warden/Facility Director/Superintendent or their designee?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
78. Were you able to interview the PREA Coordinator?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
79. Were you able to interview the PREA Compliance Manager?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if the agency is a single facility agency or is otherwise not required to have a PREA Compliance Manager per the Standards)

80. Select which SPECIALIZED STAFF roles were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)

- Agency contract administrator
- Intermediate or higher-level facility staff responsible for conducting and documenting unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment
- Line staff who supervise youthful inmates (if applicable)
- Education and program staff who work with youthful inmates (if applicable)
- Medical staff
- Mental health staff
- Non-medical staff involved in cross-gender strip or visual searches
- Administrative (human resources) staff
- Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) staff
- Investigative staff responsible for conducting administrative investigations
- Investigative staff responsible for conducting criminal investigations
- Staff who perform screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
- Staff who supervise inmates in segregated housing/residents in isolation
- Staff on the sexual abuse incident review team
- Designated staff member charged with monitoring retaliation
- First responders, both security and non-security staff
- Intake staff

	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
If "Other," provide additional specialized staff roles interviewed:	Mailroom
81. Did you interview VOLUNTEERS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
a. Enter the total number of VOLUNTEERS who were interviewed:	1
b. Select which specialized VOLUNTEER role(s) were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Education/programming <input type="checkbox"/> Medical/dental <input type="checkbox"/> Mental health/counseling <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Religious <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other
82. Did you interview CONTRACTORS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
a. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS who were interviewed:	2
b. Select which specialized CONTRACTOR role(s) were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Security/detention <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Education/programming <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medical/dental <input type="checkbox"/> Food service <input type="checkbox"/> Maintenance/construction <input type="checkbox"/> Other

83. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing specialized staff.	No text provided.
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SITE REVIEW AND DOCUMENTATION SAMPLING

Site Review

PREA Standard 115.401 (h) states, "The auditor shall have access to, and shall observe, all areas of the audited facilities." In order to meet the requirements in this Standard, the site review portion of the onsite audit must include a thorough examination of the entire facility. The site review is not a casual tour of the facility. It is an active, inquiring process that includes talking with staff and inmates to determine whether, and the extent to which, the audited facility's practices demonstrate compliance with the Standards. Note: As you are conducting the site review, you must document your tests of critical functions, important information gathered through observations, and any issues identified with facility practices. The information you collect through the site review is a crucial part of the evidence you will analyze as part of your compliance determinations and will be needed to complete your audit report, including the Post-Audit Reporting Information.

84. Did you have access to all areas of the facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
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Was the site review an active, inquiring process that included the following:

85. Observations of all facility practices in accordance with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., signage, supervision practices, cross-gender viewing and searches)?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
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86. Tests of all critical functions in the facility in accordance with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., risk screening process, access to outside emotional support services, interpretation services)?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
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87. Informal conversations with inmates/residents/detainees during the site review (encouraged, not required)?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
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88. Informal conversations with staff during the site review (encouraged, not required)?

Yes

No

89. Provide any additional comments regarding the site review (e.g., access to areas in the facility, observations, tests of critical functions, or informal conversations).

The on-site portion of the audit was conducted on March 6-8, 2024. The auditor had an initial briefing with facility leadership and discussed the audit logistics. After the initial briefing, the auditor selected IICs and staff for interview as well as documentation to review. The auditor conducted a tour of the facility on March 6, 2024. The tour included all areas associated with the facility to include; housing units, laundry, warehouse, intake, visitation, chapel, education, vocation, maintenance, food service, health services, recreation, industries, front entrance and administration. During the tour the auditor was cognizant of staffing levels, video monitoring placement, blind spots, posted PREA information, privacy for IICs in housing units and other factors as indicated in the appropriate standard findings.

The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The PREA Posters were on legal size paper in English and Spanish. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Posters were observed in all housing units and common areas. The housing unit PREA Posters were framed and were located in the sally port. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. Additionally, the auditor observed that the PREA hotline number was stenciled near the phones in each of the housing units. Informal conversation with staff and IICs indicated PREA information has been posted around the facility for a while.

Third party reporting information was observed in visitation and the front entrance via framed PREA Poster. The PREA Posters were observed in English and Spanish on legal size paper. The PREA Posters provided information on reporting via the hotline and to

any staff member.

During the tour the auditor confirmed the facility follows the staffing plan. There were at least two security staff per housing building (two housing units under PREA definition). Program, work and education areas included non-security staff and either a positioned or roving security staff member. In areas where security staff were not directly assigned, routine security checks were required. The auditor observed that lines of sight were adequate with assigned staff, routine rounds and video monitoring technology. During the tour the auditor observed blind spots in the warehouse, health care laundry and maintenance. Additionally, the maintenance area had numerous unsecure doors. The facility did not appear to be overcrowded and staffing appeared to be adequate based on the population. Informal conversation with staff confirmed that the staffing during the audit was typical and housing units are not overcrowded. Staff stated they make rounds every 30 minutes and supervisors make rounds once or twice a shift. Informal conversation with IICs indicated staff make rounds every 30 minutes and supervisors make rounds once or twice a day.

During the tour the auditor observed cameras in housing units and a few common areas. The auditor verified that the cameras supplemented supervision. Cameras are viewable in each housing unit via monitors.

During the tour the auditor observed privacy was provided through single person showers with curtains and toilets in cell with a door. The auditor viewed the strip search areas in visitation, segregated housing and intake and confirmed there were not any cross gender viewing issues. One cross gender viewing issue was observed in the infirmary via the observation cells. Cells had large windows and were viewable for all staff and visitors who walked through the area. A review of

video monitoring technology confirmed there were no cross gender viewing issues. Informal conversation with staff and IICs confirmed that IICs have privacy when showering, using the restroom and changing clothes. With regard to the opposite gender announcement, the auditor heard the announcement over the loud speaker upon entry into most of the housing units. The announcement was made late in a few of the housing units, after the team was already in and walking around. The agency also has a paging system for the deaf and hard of hearing IICs where the announcement can be sent out to their watches. Informal conversation with IICs indicated a mixed response related to whether the opposite gender announcement is made.

Medical and mental health records are all paper and the records area is staffed 8am-4pm Monday through Friday. The records door is locked when not staffed. Records staff advised that medical and mental health care staff have access to medical records after hours. The staff further advised that if security staff ask for a file they would inquire on a reason to determine if there is a need to know. Risk screening information is maintained in the electronic Offender 360 program. The auditor had a security staff member pull up the electronic system to see what was able to be viewed. The staff did not have access to the risk screening information. Investigative files are paper and electronic. Only Internal Affairs (IA) staff have access to the investigations in the electronic database. Paper files are also maintained in IA's locked office.

During the tour the auditor observed that IICs are able to place outgoing mail in any of the locked boxes around the facility, including in the housing units. None of the boxes were specific to sexual abuse or sexual harassment allegations or information. The interview with the mailroom staff indicated that outgoing

mail is sorted and stamped accordingly. Regular mail comes up unsealed and is reviewed prior to being sent out. Legal mail comes sealed and is not read or inspected. The mailroom staff stated that the regular incoming mail process starts with opening, reading and scanning the mail for safety and security concerns. Incoming legal mail is provided via the call out process. Staff call the IIC to visitation where the IIC opens the mail in front of staff. The mailroom staff stated that mail to and from JHA is privileged mail. The staff stated mail to and from the local rape crisis center is privileged mail.

The auditor observed the intake process through a demonstration. IICs are provided initial information and comprehensive education at the same time as they have previously been provided education at a prior IDOC facility. Orientation is completed in the academic building once a week. All IICs receive orientation. They are provided a Handbook and they sign paperwork confirming receipt. IICs then get the PREA handout (which is the same information that is included in the Handbook) and they watch the PREA video. The video is played on a 42 inch television with speakers. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. The staff indicated that the Handbook is in Spanish and they can utilize other IICs to assist with translation. The education staff was unsure if the video was in Spanish or who staff interpreters were. The education staff was also unfamiliar with Propio and was unsure how to handle disabled IIC accommodations for education.

The auditor was provided a demonstration of the initial risk screening process. The initial risk screening is completed in the receiving unit in the counselors office. The initial risk screening is completed on a paper form and is then entered into Offender 360. The paper form is immediately shredded. The staff illustrated that some information is already

pre-populated in Offender 360, such as height, weight, age, number of incarcerations, etc. She advised she verbally asks IICs about disabilities, mental health diagnosis, sexual orientation, gender identity, prior sexual victimization, education level, income and language information (if LEP). She confirmed she reviews information in Offender 360 such as tickets, prior sexual offenses, gang affiliation, etc. to confirm information. The staff utilize a cheat sheet that was created by the facility for the file review. The staff indicated any information that is not consistent (i.e. what IIC states and what is in the file), they utilize the information of what they know to be true (i.e. file). She stated they also note the difference in the responses. The auditor was also provided a demonstration of the reassessment process. The reassessment is completed one-on-one in a private office setting. The reassessment is completed via a print out of the initial risk assessment completed upon arrival. The new information is written on the form and then entered into Offender 360. The form is then shredded. Staff ask the IIC how they are doing, tell them it is their PREA follow-up and then ask each question on the DOC 0494. Staff also conduct a file review to confirm the information is accurate. Staff advised they have a phone number they can utilize for language interpretation and a website they can use for video translation for disabilities.

The auditor tested the internal reporting mechanism during the tour. The auditor called the internal PREA hotline on March 6, 2024 and left a message to test functionality. IICs are advised to select English or Spanish upon contact with the hotline. Initial phone instructions are provided in English and Spanish, however the hotline instructions/directions are only available in English. The auditor received confirmation from the PC on March 7, 2024 that the call was received and forwarded to him. IICs have access to the phones most of the day. The internal PREA

hotline is accessible on all phones but does require an IIC number. The auditor also tested the internal written reporting process. The auditor had an IIC assist with submitting a grievance on March 6, 2024 via a locked grievance box in the sally port of the housing unit. On March 7, 2024 the auditor received a copy of the grievance that was date stamped, confirming it was received.

The auditor also tested the outside reporting mechanism via a letter to the John Howard Association at a prior IDOC audit. Because the process is the same across all IDOC facilities, the process was not tested again at Centralia. The auditor obtained a free (yellow) envelope from commissary. All IICs are provided a certain number of free envelopes). A test letter was sent via the US mail from Dixon Correctional Center on February 27, 2024. The auditor addressed the mail to JHA and noted "privileged mail" on the envelope. The auditor did not have an IIC number and as such a return address stamp was utilized by the facility. While a return name and number is required by IICs, the mail staff do not open this mail and as such IICs are able to remain anonymous within the letter. The John Howard Association is utilized for numerous services and they are not just an organization to report sexual abuse. The auditor received confirmation on March 6, 2024 (via the JHA Director) that the letter was received and that IICs can remain anonymous when reporting.

Additionally during the tour, the auditor asked staff to demonstrate how to document a verbal report of sexual abuse. Staff indicated if they received a verbal report they document it through completion of a 434 (incident report). Staff stated a 434 can be completed via paper or through a link on the computer. Staff noted they fill out the information and then turn it into the Shift Supervisor (Major or Lieutenant). Staff confirmed that they can privately report and can bypass the chain of command, if needed.

The auditor tested the third party reporting mechanism on numerous occasions. The auditor called the PREA hotline as outlined on the agency website. The hotline is the same hotline utilized for the IIC population. The auditor received confirmation from the PREA Coordinator that the message was received and forwarded to him to handle. He indicated he would provide the information to the facility for investigation if it was a report of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

The auditor tested the victim advocacy hotline during the on-site portion of the audit. An IIC assisted with the call and dialed 1, 2, 999 and then entered his pin number. The call connected to a live staff member from the local rape crisis center. She confirmed the hotline is accessible 24 hours a day and that an advocate would talk with the IIC at that time and then if additional services were required they would go through the referral process. The staff also advised that IICs can write to them for services as well. The auditor confirmed that calls to the hotline are free, unmonitored and unrecorded. The pin number is required but it is not tracked. IICs are also able to set up a legal call or visit with the organization through medical, mental health or their counselor. It should be noted that while the hotline was accessible, this is a new process for the facility and as such IICs had not been provided information on the hotline and services.

During IIC interviews the auditor utilized Propio for LEP IIC interviews. The auditor was provided a call in number and a code to receive services. The auditor called the number and was able to secure a translator for the LEP interviews. Additionally, the auditor utilized Propio for disabled IIC interviews at prior IDOC audits. The auditor was provided a website that included options for language translation and American Sign Language. The auditor utilized video ASL

translation for the deaf IIC.

Documentation Sampling

Where there is a collection of records to review-such as staff, contractor, and volunteer training records; background check records; supervisory rounds logs; risk screening and intake processing records; inmate education records; medical files; and investigative files-auditors must self-select for review a representative sample of each type of record.

90. In addition to the proof documentation selected by the agency or facility and provided to you, did you also conduct an auditor-selected sampling of documentation?

Yes

No

91. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting additional documentation (e.g., any documentation you oversampled, barriers to selecting additional documentation, etc.).

During the audit the auditor requested personnel and training files of staff, IIC files, medical and mental health records, grievances, incident reports and investigative files for review. A more detailed description of the documentation review is as follows:

Personnel and Training Files. The auditor reviewed 41 personnel and/or training files that included six staff hired within the past twelve months, three contractors hired in the previous twelve months and three staff promoted in the previous twelve months. The sample included eleven contractors, four volunteers and ten medical and mental health care staff.

Individual In Custody Files. A total of 53 IIC files were reviewed. 36 IIC files were of those that arrived within the previous twelve months, five were LEP IICs, eight were disabled IICs, five were transgender IICs and ten were identified with prior sexual victimization and/or a history of prior abusiveness.

Medical and Mental Health Records. The auditor reviewed medical and mental health documentation for nine victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment as well as mental health documents for ten IICs who disclosed victimization during the risk screening and/or were identified with prior sexual abusiveness.

Grievances. The auditor reviewed the grievance log and a sample of grievances.

Incident Reports. The auditor reviewed the incident reports for the sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations.

Investigation Files. There were ten allegations reported during the previous twelve months. The auditor reviewed all ten investigation, including the one that did not meet the definitions of sexual abuse or sexual

harassment. Six investigations were sexual harassment and three were sexual abuse. All nine were administrative investigations. The facility did not have any allegations against staff.

SEXUAL ABUSE AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT ALLEGATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS IN THIS FACILITY

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Allegations and Investigations Overview

Remember the number of allegations should be based on a review of all sources of allegations (e.g., hotline, third-party, grievances) and should not be based solely on the number of investigations conducted. Note: For question brevity, we use the term “inmate” in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, or detainee sexual abuse allegations and investigations, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

92. Total number of SEXUAL ABUSE allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual abuse allegations	# of criminal investigations	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	3	0	3	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Total	3	0	3	0

93. Total number of SEXUAL HARASSMENT allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual harassment allegations	# of criminal investigations	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	6	0	6	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Total	6	0	6	0

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Sexual Abuse Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently (i.e., if a criminal investigation was referred for prosecution and resulted in a conviction, that investigation outcome should only appear in the count for “convicted.”) Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term “inmate” in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detainee sexual abuse investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

94. Criminal SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/ Court Case Filed	Convicted/ Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

95. Administrative SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	3	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	3	0

Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently. Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term "inmate" in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detainee sexual harassment investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

96. Criminal SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/ Court Case Filed	Convicted/ Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

97. Administrative SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	5	1
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	5	1

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Files Selected for Review

Sexual Abuse Investigation Files Selected for Review

98. Enter the total number of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/ sampled:

3

<p>99. Did your selection of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual abuse investigation files)</p>
<p>Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files</p>	
<p>100. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>101. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)</p>
<p>102. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include administrative investigations?</p>	<p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)</p>
<p>Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files</p>	
<p>103. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:</p>	<p>0</p>
<p>104. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)</p>

<p>105. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include administrative investigations?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)</p>
<p>Sexual Harassment Investigation Files Selected for Review</p>	
<p>106. Enter the total number of SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:</p>	<p>6</p>
<p>107. Did your selection of SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual harassment investigation files)</p>
<p>Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files</p>	
<p>108. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:</p>	<p>6</p>
<p>109. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT files include criminal investigations?</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)</p>
<p>110. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?</p>	<p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)</p>

Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files	
111. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
112. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include criminal investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
113. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
114. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting and reviewing sexual abuse and sexual harassment investigation files.	There were zero criminal investigations and zero allegations against staff.
SUPPORT STAFF INFORMATION	
DOJ-certified PREA Auditors Support Staff	
115. Did you receive assistance from any DOJ-CERTIFIED PREA AUDITORS at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No

Non-certified Support Staff

116. Did you receive assistance from any NON-CERTIFIED SUPPORT STAFF at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.

Yes

No

AUDITING ARRANGEMENTS AND COMPENSATION

121. Who paid you to conduct this audit?

The audited facility or its parent agency

My state/territory or county government employer (if you audit as part of a consortium or circular auditing arrangement, select this option)

A third-party auditing entity (e.g., accreditation body, consulting firm)

Other

Standards	
Auditor Overall Determination Definitions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standard) • Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period) • Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective actions) 	
Auditor Discussion Instructions	
<p>Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.</p>	

115.11	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive (AD) 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Centralia Correctional Center Institutional Directive (ID) 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention 4. Administrative Directive 04.01.302 Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness 5. Administrative Directive 01.02.103 Duty Administrative Officer, Back-up Duty Administrative Officer and Required Inspection Tours 6. Administrative Directive 04.03.104 Evaluation, Treatment and Correctional

Management of Transgender Offenders

7. Administrative Directive 05.01.113 Searches of Offenders
8. Administrative Directive 04.01.105 Facility Orientation
9. Administrative Directive 04.01.111 ADA Accommodations
10. Administrative Directive 05.07.101 Reception and Classification Process
11. Administrative Directive 01.12.120 Investigations of Unusual Incidents
12. Administrative Directive 01.12.112 Preservation of Physical Evidence
13. Administrative Directive 01.12.101 Employee Criminal Misconduct
14. Administrative Directive 01.12.125 Uniform Investigative Reporting System
15. Administrative Directive 01.12.115 Institutional Investigative Assignment
16. Administrative Directives 01.01.101 Administrative Directives
17. Administrative Directive 01.02.101 Staff Meeting
18. Administrative Directive 04.01.122 Volunteer Services
19. Administrative Directive 03.03.102 Employee Training
20. Administrative Directive 05.15.100 Restrictive Housing
21. Administrative Directive 04.01.114 Local Offender Grievance Procedures
22. Administrative Directive 03.01.120 Employee Review Hearing
23. Standard Operating Procedural (SOP) Manual for Mental Health
24. Illinois Administrative Code 20.504
25. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual)
26. Agency Organizational Chart
27. Facility Organizational Chart

Interviews:

1. Interview with the PREA Coordinator
2. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager

Findings (By Provision):

115.11 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in facilities it operates directly or under contract. The PAQ also stated that the facility has a policy outlining how it will implement the agency's approach to preventing, detecting and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment and that the policy includes definitions on prohibited behaviors regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and sanctions for those found to have participated in prohibited behaviors. The PAQ further stated that the policy includes a description of agency strategies and response to reduce and prevent sexual abuse and sexual harassment of IICs. The agency policy, AD 04.01.301 outlines the agency's strategies on preventing, detecting and responding to sexual abuse and include definitions of prohibited behavior. Page 1 states that the agency has a zero tolerance policy. In addition ID 04.01.301, outlines the facility specific procedures on preventing, detecting and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Page 2 (both policies) provide the definitions of prohibited behaviors and page 12 outlines sanctions for those who have participated in prohibited behaviors. In addition to AD and ID 04.01.301, the agency has numerous other policies that address portions of sexual abuse prevention, detection and response strategies. The policies include: 04.01.302, 01.02.103, 04.03.104, 05.01.113, 04.01.105, 04.01.111, 05.07.101, 01.12.120, 01.12.112, 01.12.101, 01.12.115, 01.01.101, 01.02.101, 04.01.122, 03.03.102, 05.15.100, 04.01.114, 03.01.120, SOP Manual for Mental Health and Illinois Administrative Code 20.504. The policies address "preventing" sexual abuse and sexual harassment through the designation of a PC and PCM, training (staff, volunteers and contractors), staffing, intake/risk screening, IIC education and posting of signage (PREA posters, etc.). The policies address "detecting" sexual abuse and sexual harassment through training (staff, volunteers, and contractors) and intake/risk screening. The policies address "responding" to allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment through reporting, victim services, medical and mental health services, employee and IIC discipline, incident reviews and data collection. The policies are consistent with the PREA standards and outline the agency's approach to sexual safety. Additionally, the agency has the PREA Manual which addresses each provision of each standard and has corresponding direction, if applicable, related to the provision/standard. The PREA Manual is utilized by agency staff as a road map for PREA compliance.

115.11 (b): The PAQ indicated that the agency employs or designates an upper-level, agency-wide PREA Coordinator with sufficient time and authority to develop, implement and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards. AD 04.01.301, page 3 states that the Director shall designate an Agency PREA Coordinator who shall develop, implement and oversee the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program. The agency's organizational chart reflects that the PC position is an upper-level, agency-wide position. The position is the Senior Public Service Administrator who reports to the Chief Compliance Officer who reports to the Director. The interview with the PC indicated that the work gets done, but often requires that he work long hours. He

stated the Department is currently in the process of restructuring the PREA Unit to incorporate additional staff. Eventually, the IDOC PREA Compliance Unit will consist of one Senior Public Service Administrator (Agency PREA Coordinator), two Administrative Assistant II positions, and three Internal Security Investigator II positions. The PC stated there are a total of 31 PREA Compliance Managers and 31 Backup PREA Compliance Managers. Collaboration with the individuals occurs using in-person and WebEx meetings, SharePoint and an email distribution list in Outlook. Additionally, he stated that site visits are made to all facilities, and he is always available via email/phone. The interview with the PC indicated that if he identifies an issue complying with a PREA standard he would contact the specific Department Head and notify them of a concern and develop corrective action collectively. He indicated if the issue requires a policy change, the Department's Policy and Directive Unit as well as the Legal Department are utilized. Additionally, he stated that he can also utilize the National PREA Resource Center and networking with other states if necessary. It should be noted that the agency PC is very knowledgeable of policy, procedure and the PREA standards. He is directly involved in compliance across all facilities and provides annual training to agency staff, including PREA Compliance Managers. He also conducts trainings for investigators. The PC is very involved in all compliance and consistently works at adapting policy and procedure with the updates provided by the PREA Resource Center. The time, authority and knowledge of the PC exceeds the requirement of this standard.

115.11 (c): The PAQ indicated that the facility has designated a PREA Compliance Manager that has sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with PREA standards. The PAQ stated the position of PCM at the facility is the Administrative Assistant I and the position reports to the Warden. AD 04.01.301, page 4 states that the Chief Administrative Officer of each correctional facility shall designate a facility PREA Compliance Manager with sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with PREA standards and who is trained in sexual abuse crisis issues and has the knowledge, skills and abilities for program implementation and evaluation. The facility's organizational chart indicates that the PCM reports to the Warden. The interview with the PREA Compliance Manager indicated she has enough time to manage all of her PREA related responsibilities. She advised she tracks all IICs that arrive at the facility and does a file review for predator and vulnerable behavior. She indicated she tracks mental health referrals, risk screenings and education to ensure they are completed within the appropriate timeframes. The PCM stated she completes all monitoring for retaliation and she makes herself available for everyone as it relates to PREA. The PCM further indicated that if she identifies an issue complying with a PREA standard she would go back to wherever the violation is and address it with the person/department. She stated she reviews the process and works together with the staff to achieve compliance. It should be noted that the PCM is very knowledgeable with agency policy and procedure as well as facility procedure as it relates to the PREA standards. She is directly involved in numerous aspects of PREA compliance and actively tracks processes to ensure compliance. During her interview the PCM spoke at length on

processes, responsibilities and her duties. The auditor observed that she goes above and beyond to ensure the facility's compliance with PREA standards.

Based on a review of the PAQ, AD 04.01.301, ID 04.01.301, 04.01.302, 01.02.103, 04.03.104, 05.01.113, 04.01.105, 04.01.111, 05.07.101, 01.12.120, 01.12.112, 01.12.101, 01.12.115, 01.01.101, 01.02.101, 04.01.122, 03.03.102, 05.15.100, 04.01.114, 03.01.120, SOP Manual for Mental Health, Illinois Administrative Code 20.504, the PREA Manual, the agency organizational chart, the facility organizational chart and information from interviews with the PC and PCM, the agency/facility exceeds this standard. The agency PC is very knowledgeable of policy, procedure and the PREA standards. He is directly involved in compliance across all facilities and provides annual training to agency staff, including PREA Compliance Managers. He also conducts trainings for investigators. The PC is very involved in all compliance and consistently works at adapting policy and procedure with the updates provided by the PREA Resource Center. The time, authority and knowledge of the PC exceeds the requirement of this standard. It should be noted that the PCM is very knowledgeable with agency policy and procedure as well as facility procedure as it relates to the PREA standards. She is directly involved in numerous aspects of PREA compliance and actively tracks processes to ensure compliance. During her interview the PCM spoke at length on processes, responsibilities and her duties. The auditor observed that she goes above and beyond to ensure the facility's compliance with PREA standards.

115.12	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Contracts for Confinement of IICs <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the Agency's Contract Administrator <p>Findings (By Provision):</p>

115.12 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has entered into or renewed two contracts for the confinement of IICs since the last PREA audit and both contracts require the contractor to adopt and comply with PREA standards. A review of the two contracts confirmed that language is included in each contract that states that the “vendor shall comply with all applicable fiscal, operational and program policies of the IDOC contained in Administrative Directives, Administrative Rules and applicable memoranda. IDOC shall provide at least one complete set to the Center”. It also states that the “vendor shall grant open access, at all times, to the IDOC for inspection, audits, routine IDOC business and any other purposes relating to this program as determined by the IDOC”.

115.12 (b): The PAQ indicated that the two contracts do not require the agency to monitor the contractor’s compliance with PREA standards. Further communication with the PC indicated this was an error and that both contract require the agency to monitor the contractor’s compliance with PREA standards. The interview with the Agency Contract Administrator indicated that individual correctional facilities do not contract for confinement services on their own. The IDOC does contract with Safer Foundations for the confinement of offenders in a Community Confinement setting. The two facilities are stand-alone facilities and both facilities undergo their own PREA audit every three years just like the facilities operated by the State. The Agency Contract Administrator confirmed that both contracts require full compliance with the PREA standards and both PREA audit reports are available on the IDOC website. A review of the agency website confirmed that both contracted facilities had a PREA audit completed during each of the previous three audit cycles. All reports are available for review on the website.

Based on the review of the PAQ, the language within the contracts and information from the interview with the Agency Contract Administrator, the agency appears to exceed this standard. The agency has two contracts, both which have language that require the contractor (Safer Foundations) to comply with PREA standards. In addition to the language, the agency goes above and beyond by coordinating and paying for the PREA audits for the contracted agency. The agency does this to ensure that the contractor complies with the PREA standards and is fully compliant. The PC schedules these audits and includes them in his PREA audit three year cycle.

115.13	Supervision and monitoring
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Administrative Directive 01.02.103 Duty Administrative Officer, Back-up Duty Administrative Officer and Required Inspection Tours
4. Staffing Plan
5. Staffing Plan Review

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Warden
2. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager
3. Interview with the PREA Coordinator
4. Interviews with Intermediate-Level or Higher-Level Facility Staff

Site Review Observations:

1. Staffing Levels
2. Video Monitoring Technology or Other Monitoring Materials

Findings (By Provision):

115.13 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency requires each facility it operates to develop, document and make its best efforts to comply on a regular basis with a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect IICs against abuse. AD 04.01.301 pages 4-5 address the agency's staffing plan development. Specifically, it states that the Chief Administrative Officer of each correctional facility shall ensure the facility develops, documents and makes its best efforts to comply on a regular basis with a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing, and where applicable, video monitoring, to protect IICs against sexual abuse and sexual harassment. In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, facilities shall take into consideration: generally accepted correctional practices, any judicial findings of inadequacy, any finding of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies, any finding of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies, all components of the facility's physical plant including blind-spots or areas where staff

or offenders may be isolated, the composition of the offender population, the number and placement of supervisory staff, institutional programs occurring on a particular shift, any applicable State or local laws, the prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of abuse and any other relevant factors. The PAQ indicated that the staffing plan is based on 446 IICs and the average daily population over the previous twelve months has been 446. A review of the staffing plan confirms that all required components under this provision are included. The facility employs 510 staff. The number encompasses both security and non-security staff. Security staff work one of three shifts while administrative staff work varying work hours. The staffing plan and daily security roster confirmed that each shift has numerous supervisor, including a Major, Lieutenants and Sergeants. Correctional Officers are assigned throughout the facility in housing units and common areas. The facility utilizes overtime to ensure all minimum mandatory posts are filled. The agency continues to make efforts in recruiting to hire staff across all IDOC facilities. During the tour the auditor confirmed the facility follows the staffing plan. There were at least two security staff per housing building (two housing units under PREA definition). Program, work and education areas included non-security staff and either a positioned or roving security staff member. In areas where security staff were not directly assigned, routine security checks were required. The auditor observed that lines of sight were adequate with assigned staff, routine rounds and video monitoring technology. During the tour the auditor observed blind spots in the warehouse, health care laundry and maintenance. Additionally, the maintenance area had numerous unsecure doors. The facility did not appear to be overcrowded and staffing appeared to be adequate based on the population. Informal conversation with staff confirmed that the staffing during the audit was typical and housing units are not overcrowded. Staff stated they make rounds every 30 minutes and supervisors make rounds once or twice a shift. Informal conversation with IICs indicated staff make rounds every 30 minutes and supervisors make rounds once or twice a day. During the tour the auditor observed cameras in housings units and a few common areas. The auditor verified that the cameras supplemented supervision. Cameras are viewable in each housing unit via monitors. The interview with the Warden confirmed that the facility has a staffing plan that includes adequate levels to protect IICs from sexual abuse. He stated the staffing is through the roster management program and that allocations are set based on security needed to observe areas where IICS are housed and work. He confirmed that video monitoring is part of the staffing plan and he confirmed the staffing plan is documented. The Warden indicated that staffing is ultimately based on the staff per IIC ratio. Staffing is more or less based on the number of IICs in each area. He stated staff are assigned based on the timeframes to do rounds. He confirmed there is more staff on day shifts. The Warden also stated that staffing is based on medium custody IICs and the PRISM program. Additionally, the Warden advised that they monitor compliance with the staffing plan through the daily roster. He stated the daily roster ensures all allocations are filled and if they are not there needs to be appropriate justification for why that area was closed. The interview with the PCM indicated that the staffing plan looks for anything that will maximize safety and security and reduce victimization. She stated that they have staffing and video monitoring to assist with this and they are always looking for ways to improve. She confirmed staffing is based on physical plant and there is a minimum number of staff

required per housing unit. She also advised that additional staff are assigned to housing units that incorporate the PRISM program, to account for the additional programming and activities in those areas.

115.13 (b): The PAQ indicated that each time the staffing plan is not complied with, the facility documents and justifies all deviations from the staffing plan. The PAQ did not notate the common reasons for deviating from the staffing plan. AD 04.01.301, page 5 states that if circumstances arise where the staffing plan is not complied with, the facility shall document and justify all deviation from the plan on the Daily Roster review, DOC 0531, in accordance with 05.01.101. The interview with the Warden confirmed that any deviations from the staffing plan would be documented on the lockdown report. The auditor requested a sample of deviations from the staffing plan, however at the issuance of the interim report the documentation had not yet been received.

115.13 (c): The PAQ indicated that at least once a year the facility in collaboration with the PC, reviews the staffing plan to see where adjustments are needed. AD 04.01.301, page 5 states that whenever necessary, but no less frequent than once per year, the facility, in consultation with the Agency PREA Coordinator, shall assess, determine and document whether adjustments are needed to the staffing plan established herein, the facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies, and the resources the facility has available to ensure adherence to staffing plan. The staffing plan was most recently reviewed on November 9, 2023. The plan was reviewed to assess, determine and document whether any adjustments were needed to the staffing plan, the deployment of video monitoring technologies and/or the resources available to commit to ensuring adherence to the staffing plan. The staffing plan review included documentation on the facility staffing allocations, cameras and all the required components under provision (a) of this standard, including physical plant, finding of inadequacy, composition of IIC population, programs occurring on each shift, incidents of sexual abuse and other relevant factors. The staffing plan was previously reviewed on September 26, 2022. The PC confirmed that he is consulted regarding each facility's staffing plan. He stated staffing assessments are reviewed consistently by Operations (Roster Review Team, Security Review Team, etc.) and updates to the Staffing Plan are signed off on by the facility Warden and PREA Coordinator on an annual basis.

115.13 (d): The PAQ indicated that the facility requires that intermediate-level or higher-level staff conduct unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The PAQ further states that the facility documents the unannounced rounds and the rounds cover all shifts. Additionally, the PAQ stated that the facility prohibits staff from alerting other staff of the conduct of such rounds. 01.02.103, page 3 states that the Back-up Duty Administrative Officer (BUDAO) or Duty Administrative Officer (DAO) shall at least every two days, excluding weekends

and holidays, inspect activity areas of the facility, housing units, including restrictive housing, kitchens and dining rooms, health care units, recreation areas and educational, vocational, maintenance and industry buildings. Page 4 states that the BUDAO shall conduct unscheduled inspections of random areas within the facility for all major holidays, during back shift, each weekend and at satellite facilities. The policy states that the unscheduled inspection of random areas within the facility on the DOC 0481. The policy further states that staff shall be prohibited from alerting other staff member that supervisory rounds are occurring unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational function of the facility. Interviews with intermediate-level or higher-level staff confirm that they make unannounced rounds and they document the unannounced rounds. The staff advised that they document the rounds in the log book/tour log. Both staff stated they try to ensure staff don't notify one another of the rounds by popping in unannounced and jumping from house to house. The auditor requested documentation from six specific weeks over the previous twelve months to determine if unannounced rounds were being made. At the issuance of the interim report the documentation had not yet been received.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 01.02.103, the facility staffing plan, the staffing plan reviews, observations made during the tour and interviews with the PC, PCM, Warden and intermediate-level or higher-level staff, this standard appears to require corrective action. During the tour the auditor observed blind spots in the warehouse, health care laundry and maintenance. Additionally, the maintenance area had numerous unsecure doors. The auditor requested a sample of deviations from the staffing plan, however at the issuance of the interim report the documentation had not yet been received. The auditor requested documentation from six specific weeks over the previous twelve months to determine if unannounced rounds were being made. At the issuance of the interim report the documentation had not yet been received.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to alleviate the identified blind spot and provide photos confirming the modifications. The facility will need to provide the requested documentation related to deviations from the staffing plan and unannounced rounds.

Recommendation

The auditor highly recommends that the facility install cameras in dry storage of food services and the industries area.

	<p>Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report</p> <p>The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.</p> <p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Staff Training 2. Photos of Alleviated Blind Spots 3. Deviations from Staffing Plan 4. Unannounced Rounds <p>The facility provided training documents confirming that maintenance staff were advised about securing doors and appropriate security practices. Additionally, photos of cameras installed in the warehouse, industries, maintenance and healthcare laundry were provided confirming blind spots were alleviated.</p> <p>Numerous examples were provided of deviations from the staffing plan. The documentation confirmed deviations are documented with date, time and justification/reasoning.</p> <p>The facility provided the originally requested unannounced rounds. Unannounced rounds were documented in all housing units across all shifts. Unannounced rounds were typically conducted daily.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.14	Youthful inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Public Act 99-628
3. Memorandum from Legal Counsel

Findings (By Provision):

115.14 (a): The PAQ and the memo from Legal Counsel indicated that no youthful IICs are housed at Centralia Correctional Center and as such this standard is not applicable. Public Act 99-628 (effective January 1, 2017) states that all offenders under eighteen years of age when sentenced to imprisonment shall be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the court in its order of commitment shall set a definite term. As of January 1, 2017, newly sentenced seventeen year old offenders are to be admitted into the penitentiary system at an Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice facility and later subject to permanent transfer to IDOC pursuant to 730 ILCS 5/3-10-7€ after attaining the age of eighteen.

115.14 (b): The PAQ and the memo from Legal Counsel indicated that no youthful IICs are housed at Centralia Correctional Center and as such this standard is not applicable. Public Act 99-628 (effective January 1, 2017) states that all offenders under eighteen years of age when sentenced to imprisonment shall be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the court in its order of commitment shall set a definite term. As of January 1, 2017, newly sentenced seventeen year old offenders are to be admitted into the penitentiary system at an Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice facility and later subject to permanent transfer to IDOC pursuant to 730 ILCS 5/3-10-7€ after attaining the age of eighteen.

115.14 (c): The PAQ and the memo from Legal Counsel indicated that no youthful IICs are housed at Centralia Correctional Center and as such this standard is not applicable. Public Act 99-628 (effective January 1, 2017) states that all offenders under eighteen years of age when sentenced to imprisonment shall be committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the court in its order of commitment shall set a definite term. As of January 1, 2017, newly sentenced seventeen year old offenders are to be admitted into the penitentiary system at an Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice facility and later subject to permanent transfer to IDOC pursuant to 730 ILCS 5/3-10-7€ after attaining the age of eighteen.

Based on a review of the PAQ, the memo from Legal Counsel and Public Act 99-628,

	this standard appears to be not applicable and as such, compliant.
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115.15	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 04.03.104 Evaluation, Treatment and Correctional Management of Transgender Offenders 4. Administrative Directive 05.01.113 Searches of Offenders 5. Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care for Transgender People in Correctional Settings Curriculum 6. Personal Searches Curriculum 7. Personal Search Card 8. Staff Training Records <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Random Staff 2. Interviews with Random Individuals In Custody <p>Site Review Observations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Observations of Privacy Barriers 2. Observation of Cross Gender Announcement <p>Findings (By Provision):</p>

115.15 (a): The PAQ indicated that the facility does not conduct cross gender strip or cross gender visual body cavity searches of IICs. The PAQ stated zero searches of this kind were conducted at the facility over the past twelve months. 05.01.113, page 2 states that cross-gender strip searches shall be prohibited. A review of the Personal Searches Curriculum confirmed that page 4 discusses the prohibition under 05.01.113.

115.15 (b): The PAQ indicated that the facility does not permit cross-gender pat-down searches of female IICs, absent exigent circumstances and the facility does not restrict female IICs' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision. The PAQ stated there have been zero pat-down searches of female IIC by male staff. The Personal Searches Curriculum, page 4 indicates that staff are trained that only female correctional employees, who are properly trained, are authorized to conduct pat down or clothed body searches of female offenders. Interviews with fourteen staff indicated none were aware of a time that a transgender female was restricted from regularly available programming and out of cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision. Interviews with six transgender IICs confirmed none were ever restricted from anything in order to comply with this provision.

115.15 (c): The PAQ indicated that facility policy requires that all cross-gender strip searches and cross gender visual body cavity searches be documented. The PAQ also stated the facility does not house female IICs. 01.12.105, page 3 states that notification of serious and significant unusual incidents shall be in accordance with the provisions of this directive. Page 3 states that following initial notification of the respective Deputy Director or Chief, the Chief Administrative Officer shall ensure electronic notification of the incident is provided and the notification includes the date and time, offenders involved, staff involved and narrative of the incident. The Personal Search Manual, page 4 states that in exigent or emergency circumstances, a male correctional employee, who is properly trained, may conduct a search if a properly trained, female correctional employee is not available. An exigent or emergency situation is one in which a reasonable suspicion exists that a weapon, or another item of serious contraband, is present and it presents an immediate danger to the offender(s), facility security, or the public which cannot be safety averted either by securing, escorting or isolating the offender.

115.15 (d): The PAQ stated that the facility has implemented policies and procedures that enable IICs to shower, perform bodily functions and change clothing without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. Additionally, the PAQ stated that policies and procedures require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an IIC housing unit. 04.01.301, page 7 indicates that offenders shall be able to shower, perform bodily functions and change clothing without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks or genitalia, except when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. Page 7 further notates that staff of the opposite gender, whether assigned to the unit or not, shall make the following verbal announcement upon their arrival in a housing unit "Male/Female in the housing unit". During the tour the

auditor observed privacy was provided through single person showers with curtains and toilets in cell with a door. The auditor viewed the strip search areas in visitation, segregated housing and intake and confirmed there were not any cross gender viewing issues. One cross gender viewing issue was observed in the infirmary via the observation cells. Cells had large windows and were viewable for all staff and visitors who walked through the area. A review of video monitoring technology confirmed there were no cross gender viewing issues. Informal conversation with staff and IICs confirmed that IICs have privacy when showering, using the restroom and changing clothes. With regard to the opposite gender announcement, the auditor heard the announcement over the loud speaker upon entry into most of the housing units. The announcement was made late in a few of the housing units, after the team was already in and walking around. The agency also has a paging system for the deaf and hard of hearing IICs where the announcement can be sent out to their watches. Informal conversation with IICs indicated a mixed response related to whether the opposite gender announcement is made. All fourteen random staff interviewed stated that IICs have privacy when showering, using the restroom and changing clothes through curtains. All 40 IICs indicated they have privacy when showering, using the restroom, and changing their clothes. 25 of the 40 IICs stated that staff of the opposite gender announce when they enter housing units. All fourteen staff stated that opposite gender staff announce their presence when entering a housing unit.

115.15 (e): The PAQ indicated that the facility has a policy prohibiting staff from searching or physically examining a transgender or intersex IIC for the sole purpose of determining the IIC's genital status and no searches of this nature occurred in the past twelve months. 05.01.113, page 2 states that staff shall not search or physically examine a transgender or intersex offender for the sole purpose of determining the offender's genital status. If the offender's genital status is unknown, it may be determined during conversation with the offender, reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner. Interviews with fourteen random staff indicated eleven were aware of an agency policy that prohibits strip searching a transgender or intersex IICs for the sole purpose of determining the IICs' genital status. Interviews with six transgender IICs confirmed none were searches for the sole purpose of determining genital status.

115.15 (f): 05.01.113, page 2 states that the Office of Staff Development and Training shall ensure security staff are trained in conducting searches of offenders in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs. Page 11 further states that offenders designated as transgender non-conforming shall be designated as such in Offender 360 and provided an offender identification card specifying the gender of staff that will perform strip searches of that offender as determined by the Transgender Administrative Committee in consultation with the offender. If a strip search is to be performed, the transgender or gender non-conforming offender shall be searched by

the gender of the staff designated on their offender identification card. 04.03.104, pages 8-9 also outline the same information described in 05.01.113. The Personal Search Curriculum pages 3-4 outline the basic guidelines for conducting searches including being systematic, thorough, objective and consistent. Page 5 states that when conducting searches of a transgender or intersex offender, the searches should be conducted in a professional and respectful manner, consistent with the type of search being conducted, and security needs. Searches should be complete in accordance with applicable Administrative Directives or Institutional Directives based on the gender of the facility, unless otherwise directed by the CAO. The training further states that if an offender has been confirmed and identified in Offender 360 or on their identification badge to be transgender or gender non-conforming, the offender may express preferences to be searched by a male or female staff of their gender identify rather than the gender staff above, that request will be considered and if possible, honored, if staff are available to do so. Staff are also provided training titled Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care for Transgender People in Correctional Settings. A review of the training confirmed that staff are provided information on definitions and terminology, appropriate language, bias, gender informed professional skills including appropriate language and misgendering, statistics and policy and procedure related to transgender care. Staff are also provided a personal search card that outlines the steps for offender pat-searches and offender strip searches. The PAQ indicated that 100% of staff have received this training. Interviews with random staff indicated all fourteen had received training on how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches and searches of a transgender and intersex IICs. A review of fifteen security staff training records confirmed all fifteen had completed the search training.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 04.03.104, 05.01.113, Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care for Transgender People in Correctional Settings Curriculum, Personal Searches Curriculum, Personal Search Card, a random sample of staff training records, observations made during the tour and information from interviews with random staff and random IICs indicates this standard appears to require corrective action. One cross gender viewing issue was observed in the infirmary via the observation cells. Cells had large windows and were viewable for all staff and visitors who walked through the area. With regard to the opposite gender announcement, the auditor heard the announcement over the loud speaker upon entry into most of the housing units. The announcement was made late in a few of the housing units, after the team was already in and walking around. Informal conversation with IICs indicated a mixed response related to whether the opposite gender announcement is made. 25 of the 40 IICs stated that staff of the opposite gender announce when they enter housing units.

Corrective Action

	<p>The facility will need to make appropriate modifications to the observation cells related to cross gender viewing. Photos of the modifications will need to be provided. The facility will need to train staff on the opposite gender announcement policy/ procedure. A copy of the training will need to be provided.</p> <p>Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report</p> <p>The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.</p> <p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Staff Training Documents 2. Photos of Modifications <p>The facility provided photos of privacy film that was added to doors in the infirmary to alleviate the identified cross gender viewing issue.</p> <p>The facility also provided training documentation confirming staff were provided information on the appropriate procedures for the opposite gender announcement. Staff were advised this information for five consecutive days during roll call. Shift Supervisors initialed the document confirming the training.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.16	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire

2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Administrative Directive 04.01.105 Facility Orientation
4. Administrative Directive 04.01.111 ADA Accommodations
5. Administrative Directive 05.07.101 Reception and Classification Process
6. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual)
7. Video Remote Interpreting Information
8. Language Interpretation Procedure - Propio Language Services, LLC.
9. Individuals In Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook)
10. PREA Posters
11. PREA Reporting Poster

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Agency Head
2. Interviews with Disabled and LEP Individuals In Custody
3. Interviews with Random Staff

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of PREA Posters

Findings (By Provision):

115.16 (a): The PAQ stated that the agency has established procedures to provide disabled IICs equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. 04.01.301, pages 7-8 state that the Department shall provide offender education in formats accessible to all offenders, including those who are limited English proficient, deaf, visually impaired or otherwise disabled, as well as to offender who have limited reading skills. 04.01.111, pages 3-4 indicate that the CAO shall ensure offenders are provide with information regarding ADA disability accommodations and shall establish procedures for offender access to teletypewriter

(TTY) and Video Remote Interpreting (VRS) equipment. The policy also indicates that the CAO shall find alternative notification methods for auditory announcements (tactile paging system). 05.07.101, page 2 states that all videos used during orientation shall include closed captioning subtitles and closed captioning utilizing American Sign Language which has been reviewed for accuracy of the interpretation by the Illinois Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commissioner or a qualified interpreter. The policy further states that the department shall reserve the first row of seats during orientation for offenders who are disabled. A review of PREA Posters, Handbook and distributed information confirmed that information can be provided in large font and bright colors and can be read to IICs in terminology that they understand. Additionally, pages 33-34 of the Handbook provide information on Americans with Disabilities (ADA) including requesting accommodations, telecommunication equipment and sign language information. The interview with the Agency Head confirmed that the agency has an Administrative Directive, 04.01.111 ADA Accommodations and Propio Language Service Contact that establishes procedures to provide IICs with disabilities and IICs who are limited English Proficient equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The Agency Head stated that orientation/educational materials are available in Spanish and that orientation is also available via video with the use of American Sign Language and Spanish translation. The interview further indicated that offenders have the ability to participate in interactive dialogue with staff if further clarification is warranted. During IIC interviews the auditor utilized Propio for LEP IIC interviews. The auditor was provided a call in number and a code to receive services. The auditor called the number and was able to secure a translator for the LEP interviews. Additionally, the auditor utilized Propio for disabled IIC interviews at prior IDOC audits. The auditor was provided a website that included options for language translation and American Sign Language. The auditor utilized video ASL translation for the deaf IIC. During the tour the auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The PREA Posters were on legal size paper in English and Spanish. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Posters were observed in all housing units and common areas. The housing unit PREA Posters were framed and were located in the sally port. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. Additionally, the auditor observed that the PREA hotline number was stenciled near the phones in each of the housing units. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

115.16 (b): The PAQ indicates that the agency has established procedures to provide IICs with limited English proficiency equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. 04.01.301, pages 7-8 state that the Department shall provide offender education in formats accessible to all offenders, including those who are

limited English proficient, deaf, visually impaired or otherwise disabled, as well as to offender who have limited reading skills. 04.01.105, page 2 states that for a non-English speaking offender, reasonable efforts shall be made for the orientation to be explained to him or her in a language her or she understands. It further states that offenders shall receive written orientation material and/or translation in their own language and when a literacy problem exists, a staff member shall assist the offender in understanding the materials. The facility also has a contract with Propio Language Services, LLC. This company provides the facility a phone number that they can call that connects the staff member with a translator who can will translate information between the staff member and LEP IIC. The company has interpretation services for over 600 languages. A review of PREA Posters, Handbook and distributed information confirmed that information is available in both English and Spanish and can be translated into other languages, as needed. During IIC interviews the auditor utilized Propio for LEP IIC interviews. The auditor was provided a call in number and a code to receive services. The auditor called the number and was able to secure a translator for the LEP interviews. Additionally, the auditor utilized Propio for disabled IIC interviews at prior IDOC audits. The auditor was provided a website that included options for language translation and American Sign Language. The auditor utilized video ASL translation for the deaf IIC. During the tour the auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The PREA Posters were on legal size paper in English and Spanish. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Posters were observed in all housing units and common areas. The housing unit PREA Posters were framed and were located in the sally port. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. Additionally, the auditor observed that the PREA hotline number was stenciled near the phones in each of the housing units. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

115.16 (c): The PAQ indicated that agency policy prohibits use of IIC interpreters, IIC readers, or other type of IIC assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the IIC's safety, the performance of first responder duties, or the investigation of the IIC's allegation. The PAQ further stated the agency/facility documents the limited circumstances and that there were zero instances where an IIC was utilized to interpret, read or provide other types of assistance. 04.01.301, page 9 states staff shall not rely on individuals in custody to act as interpreters when reporting or investigating allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for other individuals in custody who do not speak English, or who may speak very limited English; except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the safety of the individual. Use of such interpreters shall be documented. Interviews with fourteen random staff indicated eight aware of a policy that prohibits utilizing IIC interpreters, readers or other types of IIC assistants for sexual abuse allegations. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated

two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 04.01.105, 04.01.111, 05.07.101, the PREA Manual, VRS/TTY information, Propio Language Services LLC information, PREA Posters, the Handbook, observations made during the tour. as well as interviews with the Agency Head, random staff, IICs with disabilities and LEP IICs indicates that this standard requires corrective action. Interviews with fourteen random staff indicated eight aware of a policy that prohibits utilizing IIC interpreters, readers or other types of IIC assistants for sexual abuse allegations. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to train staff on the prohibition of the use of IIC interpreters, readers and assistants for sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations. The training should also include the resources available to utilize for LEP and disabled IICs. A copy of the training will need to be provided.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. Staff Training

The facility provided documentation confirming staff were provided training on the prohibition of IIC interpreters, readers and assistants as well as the resources available to provide accommodations for LEP and disabled IICs. The training was conducted during roll call for five consecutive days. Shift Supervisors signed confirming completion of the training.

Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as

	such appears to be compliant.
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115.17	Hiring and promotion decisions
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 01.02.107 Background Investigations 3. Administrative Directive 03.02.100 Administrative Review of Personnel or Service Issues 4. Administrative Directive 03.02.108 Standards of Conduct 5. PREA Preemployment Self Report DOC 0450 6. PREA Questionnaire for Institutional Employers DOC 0589 7. Arrest Tracking Process Memorandum 8. Staff Personnel Files 9. Contractor Personnel Files <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with Human Resource Staff <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.17 (a): The PAQ indicated that agency policy prohibits hiring or promoting anyone who may come in contact with IICs, and shall not enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with IICs if they have: engaged in sexual abuse in prison, jail, lockup or any other institution; been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community or has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in sexual abuse by force, overt or implied threats of force or coercion. 03.02.100, page 3 states that the Department shall not hire, promote or enlist the services of any employee, contractual or otherwise, who may have contact with offenders and: has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community</p>

confinement facility, juvenile facility or other institution a defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997; has been convicted of engaging in or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats or force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse; or has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described above. A review of documentation for six staff hired in the previous twelve months confirmed all six had a criminal background records check completed prior to hire and all six had completed the DOC 0450 (PREA questionnaire) prior to hire. Further, a review of documentation for three contractors hired in the previous twelve months confirmed all three had a criminal background records check completed prior to enlisting their services.

115.17 (b): The PAQ indicated that the agency considers any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote any staff or enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with an IIC. 03.02.100, page 3 states that the Department shall consider any incident of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or enlist the services of any contractual employee, who may have contact with offenders. The interview with Human Resource staff indicated that the Background Investigation Unit (BIU) reports any incidents that are uncovered while conducting the background check relating to sexual harassment and include these incidents in an Administrative Review (AR) that is forwarded on to the IDOC Executive Staff for their review. This also include contractual employees.

115.17 (c): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that before it hires any new employees who may have contact with IICs, it (a) conducts criminal background record checks, and (b) consistent with federal, state, and local law, makes its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse. 01.02.107, pages 2-3 state that background investigations shall be completed on person prior to employment or prior to placement in safety sensitive position and on person who provide services for the Department. There shall be two levels of background investigations: a computer criminal history check which include a check of an individual's criminal history through the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) and a complete background investigation which includes a check of LEADS and nine other database queries. Policy indicates a complete background investigation is required for all applicants prior to employment, employees, contractual employees and interns. The policy also indicates that the DOC 0450 is also required for the background investigation. A review of the DOC 0589 confirms that the PREA Questionnaire for Institutional Employers is sent to all prior institutional employers and contains four questions including if the individual was involved in a substantiated sexual abuse allegation and/or a sexual harassment allegation and/or if the individual resigned during a pending investigation of sexual abuse and/or a pending investigation of sexual harassment. The PAQ indicated there were twelve staff hired in the past twelve months that may have contact with IICs and

all twelve individuals had a criminal background records check completed prior to hire. A review of documentation for six staff hired in the previous twelve months confirmed all six had a criminal background records check completed prior to hire. None of the six had a prior institutional employer and as such the DOC 0589 was not completed. It should be noted that while the sample reviewed did not require the DOC 0589, the auditor has reviewed this process at prior IDOC audits. All criminal background record checks, including the DOC 0589 is done at the agency level and as such the auditor determined through prior review that this process is adequate. The interview with Human Resource staff confirmed that the Background Investigation Unit (BIU) performs a background check on all request for background investigations sent by facilities. In addition, the BIU performs a check of IDOC Intel, work discipline and any PREA related incidents for all employees promoting to Shift Supervisor or a promotion in a Merit Compensation position. The Human Resource staff also stated that they check IDOC Intel and work discipline for employees that have answered "Yes" on the DOC 0450 (PREA self-disclosure).

115.17 (d): The PAQ stated that agency policy requires that a criminal background record check be completed before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with IICs. The PAQ indicated that there have been 75 contracts at the facility within the past twelve months where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered under the contract. 01.02.107, pages 2-3 state that background investigations shall be completed on person prior to employment or prior to placement in safety sensitive position and on person who provide services for the Department. There shall be two levels of background investigations: a computer criminal history check which include a check of an individual's criminal history through the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) and a complete background investigation which includes a check of LEADS and nine other database queries. Policy indicates a complete background investigation is required for all applicants prior to employment, employees, contractual employees and interns. The policy also indicates that the DOC 0450 is also required for the background investigation. A review of documentation for three contractors hired in the previous twelve months confirmed all three had a criminal background records check completed prior to enlisting their services. The Human Resource staff confirmed that all contractors who have access to individuals in custody go through the background process.

115.17 (e): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that either criminal background record checks be conducted at least every five years for current employees and contractors who may have contact with IICs, or that a system is in place for otherwise capturing such information for current employees. 03.02.108, page 2 states that employees are required to verbally report as soon as possible but within five working days a written report and final disposition to the Background Investigations Unit any arrest, indictment or conviction for a felony or misdemeanor, other than minor traffic offenses such as a parking ticket. The memo from the

Background Investigations Unit staff indicated that every applicant processed by the IDOC had fingerprints submitted through the Illinois State Police LEADS/NCIC system. When fingerprints are submitted, a permanent marker is indicated on the entry which enables arrest tracking. If the individual is ever arrested, the nationwide system generates a direct response to the IDOC Background Investigations Unit which is immediately notified of the arrest. The BIU then contacts the CAO of the facility or program site where the employee/contractor is assigned. The facility provided the auditor examples of employee fingerprint submissions and employee arrest notifications, confirming that the IDOC is notified of any arrests. The interview with Human Resource staff indicated that every applicant processed by the Illinois Department of Corrections Background Investigations Unit has, as part of the background investigations process and as a condition of their employment, fingerprints submitted through the Illinois State Police LEADS/NCIC system. When fingerprints are submitted, a permanent marker is indicated on the entry which enables Arrest Tracking. If the individual is ever arrested, the nationwide system generates a direct response to the Illinois Department of Corrections Background Investigations Unit which is immediately notified of the arrest. The notification includes the individual's name, date of birth, and other pertinent identifying information, as well as the Agency which effected the arrest and the charge(s).

115.17 (f): A review of the DOC 0450 Prison Rape Elimination Act Pre-Employment Self-Report confirms that all staff (new applicant and promotion) are required to fill out the form which contains the following questions: have you engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, or other correctional facility, a pretrial detention facility, a juvenile facility, a facility for persons who are mentally ill or disabled or have intellectual disabilities or are chronically ill or handicapped, a facility providing skilled nursing intermediate or long-term care custodial or residential care or other institution as defined in the Civil Rights Institutionalized Persons Act (42 U.S.C. 1997)?; have you been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community that was facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?; and have you been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse; and has there ever been any allegation, complaint or finding made against you regarding any incidents of sexual harassment? A review of documentation for six staff hired in the previous twelve months and three staff promoted during the previous twelve months confirmed all nine had completed the DOC 0450 prior to hire or promotion. The Human Resource staff stated that when an individual applies for employment with IDOC they are required to fill out the DOC 0031, Applicant Information Sheet (AIS). There are numerous questions within the AIS that asks about visiting, corresponding with and living with IDOC offenders. Additionally, the applicant is asked about any contact with Law Enforcement. Applicants and promoting employees are also required to complete the DOC 0450 (PREA self-report). The Human Resource staff member confirmed that staff have a

continuing affirmative duty to disclose any previous misconduct. The staff indicated that policy of Standards of Conduct require the employee to disclose misconduct.

115.17 (g): The PAQ indicates that agency policy states that material omissions regarding sexual misconduct or the provision of materially false information is grounds for termination. 03.02.108, page 7 states that any employee who knowingly provides false information, including, but not limited to, false information provided in statements, incident reports, correspondence or an interview shall be subject to disciplinary action, including termination. Additionally, DOC 0450 has a section indicating that material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, shall be grounds for ineligibility or termination from employment.

115.17 (h): The interview with the Human Resource staff indicated that IDOC routinely provides this information upon request with a signed release of information.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 01.02.107, 03.02.100, 03.02.108, DOC 0450, DOC 0589, the Arrest Tracking Process Memorandum, a review of records for staff and contractors and information obtained from the Human Resource staff interview indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.18	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion Documents: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire2. Facility Camera Listings Interviews: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Interview with the Agency Head2. Interview with the Warden

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of Physical Plant
2. Observations of Video Monitoring Technology

Findings (By Provision):

115.18 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion or modification to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later. During the tour the auditor confirmed that there were no modifications to the existing facility. The interview with the Agency Head indicated that the agency has a zero tolerance and that PREA is taken seriously. He stated that they take safety into consideration when planning or making any substantial modifications. The Agency Head indicated they utilize a multi-facet approach to ensure that everyone at the table is able to discuss any issues or items related to building and modification. He further stated the agency looks at housing for vulnerable populations to ensure safety. The interview with the Warden confirmed there were no substantial expansions or modifications to the existing facility since the last PREA audit.

115.18 (b): The PAQ stated that the agency/facility has installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later. A review of the facility map outlined the locations of all video monitoring technology, including the updated/installed technology. The auditor viewed that cameras were strategically placed throughout the facility to cover living units and common areas. The cameras appeared to cover most areas, with the exception of bathrooms and shower spaces. During the tour the auditor observed cameras in housing units and a few common areas. The auditor verified that the cameras supplemented supervision. Cameras are viewable in each housing unit via monitors. The interview with the Agency Head confirmed that any use of newly updated or installed monitoring technology would be utilized to assist in enhancing the agency's ability to protect IICs from sexual abuse. He stated that the agency has increased their video monitoring technology and has updated older technology. He indicated that video monitoring is utilized to review and investigate and also to assist with monitoring. He further stated that they review video after an allegation but they also use video monitoring in a proactive approach. The Warden confirmed that when installing or updating video monitoring technology they consider how that technology will protect IICs from sexual abuse. He stated they have added cameras to try to circumvent blind spots and provide additional coverage to help protect the IIC population.

	Based on a review of the PAQ, facility camera listings, observations made during the tour and information from interviews with the Agency Head and Warden indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.
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115.21	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 01.12.120 Investigations of Unusual Incidents 4. Administrative Directive 01.12.112 Preservation of Physical Evidence 5. Memorandum of Understanding with Sexual Abuse & Family Emergencies 6. Investigative Reports 7. Memorandum of Understanding with the Illinois State Police 8. Correspondence with the Illinois State Police <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Random Staff 2. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager 3. Interview with SAFE/SANE 4. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.21 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations. Additionally, the PAQ stated that the Illinois State Police is also responsible for conducting criminal investigations. The PAQ indicated that when conducting a sexual abuse investigation, the agency</p>

investigators follow a uniform evidence protocol. 04.01.301, page 10 states that all allegations of sexual abuse or harassment shall be investigated by trained investigators in accordance with 01.12.120. The initial investigative report shall be provided to the Chief Administrative Officer within 24 hours of the onset of the investigation. Policy further states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. 01.12.120, pages 1-2 state that The CAO shall ensure that an internal investigation is conducted by facility staff, or by staff assigned by the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence, on each unusual incident report, if it is determined that further facts are required. The Director or the respective Deputy Director or Chief may request that the Chief of Operations initiate a Department investigation of any other major incident. Department investigations shall be conducted by the Investigations and Intelligence Unit. 01.12.112 pages 1-2 describe the uniform evidence protocol including preservation and collection. Interviews with fourteen staff indicated thirteen were aware of and understood the protocol for obtaining usable physical evidence. Additionally, eleven of the fourteen stated they knew who was responsible for conducting sexual abuse investigations.

115.21 (b): The PAQ indicated that the evidence protocol is not developmentally appropriate for youth as the agency does not house youthful IICs. It further stated that the protocol was adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the DOJ's Office of Violence Against Women publication "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adult/Adolescents". Further clarification with the PCM indicated that it was not developed for youth as they do not house youth, however it was developed based on the most recent edition of the DOJ's publication. 01.12.112 indicates that prior to evidence collection the scene shall be secured; evidence shall be collected subsequent of searches, sketches and photographs; evidence shall be handled as little as possible and evidence shall be marked and tagged. The memo from the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence also indicated that all Sexual Assault Evidence Kits will be completed by an outside hospital or outside hospital emergency room with trained medical staff and the hospital completing the kit will be responsible for submitting the kit to the Illinois State Police Division of Forensic Services.

115.21 (c): The PAQ indicated that the facility offers all IICs who experience sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations at an outside medical facility. The PAQ stated that forensic medical examinations are offered without financial cost to the victim. It further indicated forensic medical examinations are always conducted by SAFE or SANE. The PAQ confirmed that state statute (Illinois Compiled Statutes ILCS) requires forensic medical examination to be performed by SANE/SAFE. 04.01.301, page 9 states individuals in custody shall not be charged a co-payment for medical treatment, including a forensic medical examination, obtained for alleged sexual abuse. Where evidentiary or medically appropriate, treatment for a forensic medical exam shall be performed by a certified Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) or a certified Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) at a local emergency room as determined by the local or medical facility. If a forensic medical examination is

conducted, and to ensure a secure chain of custody, the local emergency room or medical facility shall only release the evidence collection kit to a member of the facility's Internal Affairs Unit or a member of the Investigations and Intelligence Unit. The evidence collection kit shall not be returned to the facility by the medical furlough security staff. The memo from the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence also indicated that all Sexual Assault Evidence Kits will be completed by an outside hospital or outside hospital emergency room with trained medical staff. The PAQ indicated that during the previous twelve months there were zero forensic medical examinations conducted by a SANE/SAFE or a qualified medical professional. A review of documentation confirmed there were zero forensic medical examination completed during the previous twelve months and zero sexual abuse allegation that necessitated a forensic medical examination.

115.21 (d): The PAQ indicated that the facility attempts to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center and the efforts are documented. The PAQ further indicated that if a rape crisis center is not available a qualified staff member from a community-based organization or a qualified agency staff member, however a rape crisis center advocate is always provided. 04.01.301, page 5 states that the PCM shall identify community agencies, including advocacy and crisis organizations, where reports can be made or that provide assistance or support services to staff or offenders in the prevention or intervention of sexual abuse and harassment. Page 8 further states that all response efforts, including efforts to secure advocacy services from a rape crisis center, shall be documented. The facility has a Memorandum of Understanding with Sexual Abuse & Family Emergencies, which was signed on August 4, 2021. The MOU states the purpose and scope of the MOU is to establish a joint effort between IDOC and Sexual Abuse & Family Emergencies to make available to IICs access to an outside entity to provide emotional support services related to sexual abuse, including crisis intervention and sexual assault counseling. The MOU further states that it is understood that face-to-face emotional support will be provided in as confidential a manner as possible or emotional support would be provided through confidential, unmonitored, unrecorded phone calls and shall comply with 735 ILCS 5/8-802.1 "Confidentiality of Statements Made to Rape Crisis Personnel". The interview with the PCM confirmed if requested by the victim, a victim advocate, qualified agency staff member or qualified community based staff member accompany and provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals during the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews. She stated that information related to victim advocacy is available in the Handbook and is discussed during the orientation process. She stated she also discusses and offers victim advocacy during the monitoring for retaliation process. The PCM further stated that mental health also offers victim advocacy services after an allegation of sexual abuse. She confirmed that the facility has an MOU with the local rape crisis center to provide these services. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated one of the five was asked about contacting someone after the report of sexual abuse. A review of documentation for the three sexual abuse allegations reported during the previous twelve months did not illustrate that the

victims were afforded access to a victim advocate.

115.21 (e): The PAQ indicated that as requested by the victim, the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member or qualified community-based organization staff member shall accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews. 04.01.301, page 5 states that the PCM shall identify community agencies, including advocacy and crisis organizations, where reports can be made or that provide assistance or support services to staff or offenders in the prevention or intervention of sexual abuse and harassment. Page 8 further states that all response efforts, including efforts to secure advocacy services from a rape crisis center, shall be documented. The facility has a Memorandum of Understanding with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies, which was signed on August 4, 2021. The MOU states IDOC will follow the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act (SASETA) when a forensic medical examination is determined by IDOC to be medically and evidentiarily appropriate in accordance with 115.21, and the examination will be provided at no cost to the IIC. It is expected that the treatment hospital will contact a local rape crisis center as may be specified within a memorandum of understanding or other agreement between the treatment hospital's local rape crisis center pursuant to SASETA. IDOC will allow an IIC transported to a treatment hospital for medical forensic services to access crisis intervention and medical advocacy while at the treatment hospital. If the PCM is on duty, and as time and circumstances allow, the PCM shall provide notice to the appropriate rape crisis center of an IIC being transported to a treatment hospital for medical forensic services to allow for an advocate to be dispatched earlier than when the hospital calls upon arrival. The MOU further states that after the forensic services is performed, IDOC will inform the IIC how to contact the rape crisis center so that the IIC can independently decide whether to avail himself or herself of additional rape crisis services. The interview with the PCM confirmed if requested by the victim, a victim advocate, qualified agency staff member or qualified community based staff member accompany and provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals during the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews. She stated that information related to victim advocacy is available in the Handbook and is discussed during the orientation process. She stated she also discusses and offers victim advocacy during the monitoring for retaliation process. The PCM further stated that mental health also offers victim advocacy services after an allegation of sexual abuse. She confirmed that the facility has an MOU with the local rape crisis center to provide these services. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated one of the five was asked about contacting someone after the report of sexual abuse. A review of documentation for the three sexual abuse allegations reported during the previous twelve months did not illustrate that the victims were afforded access to a victim advocate. None of the three involved a forensic medical examination.

115.21 (f): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility is not responsible for

investigating administrative or criminal investigations of sexual abuse. The agency/ facility does conduct sexual abuse investigations, however there are certain criminal investigations that are conducted by the Illinois State Police. The MOU with the Illinois State Police (signed in 2019) indicates that they conduct investigations related to sexual assault involving staff on staff or staff on IIC. A review of documentation confirmed that the PC has annual correspondence with the Illinois State Police related to the Survey of Sexual Victimization. During that correspondence the Illinois State Police confirm that they follow a uniform evidence protocol and the requirements under this standard.

115.21 (g): The auditor is not required to audit this provision.

115.21 (h): The facility has an MOU with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies, which is the local rape crisis center with trained/certified victim advocates.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 01.12.120, 01.12.112, the MOU Counseling & Information for Sexual Assault/Abuse, investigative reports, the MOU with the Illinois State Police, the correspondence with the Illinois State Police and information from interviews with the random staff, the PREA Compliance Manager, SAFE/SANE and IIC who reported sexual abuse indicates that this standard appears to require corrective actions. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated one of the five was asked about contacting someone after the report of sexual abuse. A review of documentation for the three sexual abuse allegations reported during the previous twelve months did not illustrate that the victims were afforded access to a victim advocate.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to ensure that all victims of sexual abuse are afforded access to a victim advocate. Appropriate staff will need to be trained on the process/procedure. A copy of the training will need to be provided. A list of sexual abuse allegations reported during the corrective action period and associated victim advocacy documents will need to be provided.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the

	<p>facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.</p> <p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Staff Training 2. List of Sexual Abuse Allegations During the Corrective Action Period 3. Victim Advocacy Documents <p>The facility provided training documentation confirming staff were trained on the process for affording IICs who report sexual abuse access to victim advocates. The training memo outlined contacting the rape crisis center and how to set up calls/visits if the IIC accepts the services.</p> <p>The facility provided a list of sexual abuse allegations during the corrective action period and associated victim advocacy documents. There were two sexual abuse allegation and both were offered access to a victim advocate. Both declined the services.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.22	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 01.12.120 Investigations of Unusual Incidents 4. Memorandum of Understanding with the Illinois State Police/Office of Executive Inspector General

5. Investigative Reports

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Agency Head
2. Interview with Investigative Staff

Findings (By Provision):

115.22 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency ensures an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. 04.01.301, page 10 states that all allegations of sexual abuse or harassment shall be investigated by trained investigators in accordance with 01.12.120. The initial investigative report shall be provided to the Chief Administrative Officer within 24 hours of the onset of the investigation. Policy further states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. 01.12.120, pages 1-2 state that The CAO shall ensure that an internal investigation is conducted by facility staff, or by staff assigned by the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence, on each unusual incident report, if it is determined that further facts are required. The Director or the respective Deputy Director or Chief may request that the Chief of Operations initiate a Department investigation of any other major incident. Department investigations shall be conducted by the Investigations and Intelligence Unit. The PAQ noted there were ten allegations reported within the previous twelve months. Eight resulted in an administrative investigation and all eight of the investigations were completed in the previous twelve months. The PAQ stated that there were two allegations reported that did not occur at the facility and were reported to the appropriate facility via Warden to Warden notification. A review of the ten allegations reported during the previous twelve months confirmed all ten were referred for investigation and all ten had an administrative investigation completed by facility investigators. It should be noted one allegation was determined not to meet the definitions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The interview with the Agency Head confirmed that the agency ensures an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. He stated the agency has a policy/manual and that all allegation are investigated. He indicated that when an allegation is reported through any of the available channels it is reported to the PCM who then reports it to intel staff. Intel staff complete an investigation and if deemed substantiated it is forwarded for criminal charges. The Agency Head stated that the agency takes all allegations seriously and they prosecute to the fullest extent.

115.22 (b): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy that requires that

allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment be referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, including the agency if it conducts its own investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior. The PAQ further stated that the policy is published on the agency's website and all referrals for criminal investigations are documented. 04.01.301, page 10 states that all allegations of sexual abuse or harassment shall be investigated by trained investigators in accordance with 01.12.120. The initial investigative report shall be provided to the Chief Administrative Officer within 24 hours of the onset of the investigation. Policy further states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. Additionally, the MOU with the Illinois State Police (signed in 2019) indicates that they conduct investigations related to sexual assault involving staff on staff or staff on IIC. A review of the agency website indicates that it states that IDOC investigates all allegations of offender on offender sexual abuse and staff sexual misconduct. It further states that investigations are initiated by the Investigations Unit at IDOC Headquarters. A review of the ten allegations reported during the previous twelve months confirmed all ten were referred for investigation and all ten had an administrative investigation completed by facility investigators. It should be noted one allegation was determined not to meet the definitions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The interviews with the facility and agency investigators confirmed that agency policy requires allegations of sexual abuse be referred for investigation to an agency with legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior.

115.22 (c): The agency/facility has the authority to conduct both administrative and criminal investigations. The Illinois State Police also have the authority to conduct criminal investigations. 04.01.301 states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. Additionally, the MOU with the Illinois State Police (signed in 2019) indicates that they conduct investigations related to sexual assault involving staff on staff or staff on IIC.

115.22 (d): The PAQ stated that if the agency is not responsible for conducting administrative or criminal investigations of alleged sexual abuse, and another state entity has that responsibility, this other entity has a policy governing how such investigations are conducted. The agency/facility has the authority to conduct both administrative and criminal investigations. The Illinois State Police also has the authority to conduct criminal investigations. 04.01.301 states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. Additionally, the MOU with the Illinois State Police (signed in 2019) indicates that they conduct investigations related to sexual assault involving staff on staff or staff on IIC.

	<p>115.22 (e): The auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 01.12.120, the MOU with the Illinois State Police, investigative reports, the agency’s website and information obtained via interviews with the Agency Head and the investigator indicate that this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.31	Employee training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 03.03.102 Employee Training 4. Administrative Directives 01.01.101 Administrative Directives 5. Administrative Directive 01.02.101 Staff Meeting 6. PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum 7. PREA – Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum 8. Transgender and Non-Binary Individuals in Custody Setting – A Guide to Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care 9. Supervising Individuals in Custody in the IDOC Women’s Division 10. Staff Training Records <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Random Staff <p>Findings (By Provision):</p>

115.31 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency trains all employees who may have contact with IICs on the requirements under this provision. 04.01.301, pages 3-4 state that the PC shall develop or approve standardized modules for training staff. Training shall include, but may not be limited to: the Department's zero tolerance policy; the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Policy; an offender's right to be free from sexual abuse and harassment and to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and harassment; common signs of sexually abusive or harassing behavior; common signs of being a victim of sexual abuse or harassment; protocol for initial response, including identification and separation of offenders; reporting procedures and preservation of physical evidence of sexual abuse. 03.03.102, page 1 states that the Department shall ensure all new employees receive orientation and pre-service training and all employees receive in-service training on a fiscal year basis. A review of the PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum and the PREA -Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum confirms that both trainings includes information on: the agency's zero-tolerance policy, how to fulfill their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures, the IICs' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, the right of the IIC to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment, the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in a confinement setting, the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims, how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse how to avoid inappropriate relationship with IICs and how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting. With regard to how to communicate effectively and professionally with lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex IICs, staff are required to complete the Transgender and Non-Binary Individuals in Custody Setting - A Guide to Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care video. Interviews with fourteen random staff confirmed that all fourteen had received PREA training. Staff confirmed that the required components under this provision are discussed during the PREA training. A review of documentation for sixteen staff confirmed all sixteen had completed PREA training.

115.31 (b): The PAQ indicated that training is tailored to the gender of IIC at the facility and that employees who are reassigned to facilities with opposite gender are given additional training. 03.03.102, page 4 states that all employees employed at a women's facility shall receive an additional 40 hours of gender responsive and trauma informed training onsite upon hire. Each employee shall then be provided a gender responsive and trauma informed refresher each subsequent year of employment. A review of the Supervising Individuals in Custody in the IDOC Women's Division training curriculum confirms the training includes 83 slides related to trauma informed practices, gender specific programs and services, different level of value of communication for women and health boundaries and professional distance. Additionally, the agency has the Gender Responsibility and Supervising the Female Offender training. Centralia Correctional Center houses adult male IICs and as such additional training was not required or conducted.

115.31 (c): The PAQ indicated that between trainings the agency provides employees who may have contact with IICs with refresher information about current policies regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and that staff are provided training annually. The PAQ further stated that information is provided during daily roll calls where pertinent policy changes and Warden’s Bulletins are provided. 03.03.102, page 4 states that employees shall receive an additional 40 hours of training each subsequent year of employment. 01.01.101, page 7 states that the Policy and Directives Unit shall provide monthly notice of, and make available via the Department Intranet any new or revised directives, rescission notices, or provide a notice of no change. Additionally, 01.02.101 states that administrative and supervisory staff meeting shall be held at least once a month to ensure that lines of two-way communication are established between all levels of supervision and that the meeting will be used for discussing policy and program changes and topics which are of general interest to the group. A review of documentation for sixteen staff confirmed all sixteen had completed PREA training every two years, with the majority completing the training annually.

115.31 (d): The PAQ indicated that the agency documents that employees who may have contact with IICs understand the training they have received through employee signatures or electronic verification. 03.03.102, page 6 states that certificates or other verification of training received shall be provided to the Training Coordinator. The certificates or verification of training shall include all information required on the DOC 0200. Additionally, all newly hired staff are required to complete the Acknowledgement of Participation which indicates that the staff has read and understood 04.01.301. A review of documentation for sixteen staff confirmed all sixteen had completed PREA training. All sixteen staff signed the DOC 0200 confirming completion and understanding of the training.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 03.03.102, 01.01.101, 01.02.101, PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum, PREA - Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum, Transgender and Non-Binary Individuals in Custody Setting - A Guide to Rehabilitation, Safety Management and Care training, Supervising Individuals in Custody in the IDOC Women’s Division, a review of staff training records as well as interviews with random staff, indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.32	Volunteer and contractor training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Administrative Directive 04.01.122 Volunteer Services
4. Administrative Directive 03.03.102 Employee Training
5. A Guide for the Prevention and Reporting of Sexual Abuse with Individuals In Custody
6. PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum
7. PREA - Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum
8. Contractor and Volunteer Training Records

Interviews:

1. Interviews with Volunteers or Contractors who have Contact with Individuals In Custody

Findings (By Provision):

115.32 (a): The PAQ indicated that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with IICs have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's policies and procedures regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection and response. 04.01.301, pages 3-4 state that the PC shall develop or approve standardized modules for training staff. Training shall include, but may not be limited to: the Department's zero tolerance policy; the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Policy; an offender's right to be free from sexual abuse and harassment and to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and harassment; common signs of sexually abusive or harassing behavior; common signs of being a victim of sexual abuse or harassment; protocol for initial response, including identification and separation of offenders; reporting procedures and preservation of physical evidence of sexual abuse. Page 2 states that the term staff for the purpose of this directive shall mean any Department employee, contracted employee, employee of a vendor or volunteer. 04.01.122, page 3 states that the Facility Volunteer Coordinator shall ensure volunteers receive orientation and training appropriate to the type of volunteer assignment at the facility or program site prior to service. Training shall include, but not be limited to, preparation of an incident report, volunteer rules of conduct and the Department's zero tolerance policy toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The PAQ indicated that 67

volunteers and contractors had received PREA training. A review of the PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum and the PREA - Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum confirms that the trainings discuss responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment policy and the elements under PREA standard 115.31. A review of A Guide for the Prevention and Reporting of Sexual Abuse with Individuals In Custody notes that it includes information on the zero tolerance policy, duty to report, ways to report, examples of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and red flags. A review of four volunteer training records and eleven contractor training records confirmed all fifteen had completed PREA training. Interviews with contractors and a volunteer confirmed they all received information on the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and their responsibilities under those policies.

115.32 (b): The PAQ indicated that the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors is based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with IICs. The PAQ stated that all volunteers and contractors with IIC contact are required to complete orientation. Additionally, the PAQ indicates that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with IICs have been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed on how to report such incidents. 04.01.301, pages 3-4 state that the PC shall develop or approve standardized modules for training staff. Training shall include, but may not be limited to: the Department's zero tolerance policy; the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Policy; an offender's right to be free from sexual abuse and harassment and to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and harassment; common signs of sexually abusive or harassing behavior; common signs of being a victim of sexual abuse or harassment; protocol for initial response, including identification and separation of offenders; reporting procedures and preservation of physical evidence of sexual abuse. Page 2 states that the term staff for the purpose of this directive shall mean any Department employee, contracted employee, employee of a vendor or volunteer. 04.01.122, page 3 states that the Facility Volunteer Coordinator shall ensure volunteers receive orientation and training appropriate to the type of volunteer assignment at the facility or program site prior to service. Training shall include, but not be limited to, preparation of an incident report, volunteer rules of conduct and the Department's zero tolerance policy toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. A review of the PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum and the PREA - Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum confirms that the trainings discuss responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment policy and the elements under PREA standard 115.31. A review of A Guide for the Prevention and Reporting of Sexual Abuse with Individuals In Custody notes that it includes information on the zero tolerance policy, duty to report, ways to report, examples of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and red flags. A review of four volunteer training records and eleven contractor training records confirmed all fifteen had completed PREA training. The contractors were documented with the annual PREA cycle training while the volunteers were documented with

volunteer orientation, which covers PREA. The two contractors and volunteer confirmed that they received training on PREA, which covered the zero tolerance policy and how/who to report the information. Both contractors advised the training is completed annually during cycle training at the facility. The volunteer stated that training is once a year and they go over the information in person and sign a paper.

115.32 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency maintains documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received. 03.03.102, page 6 states that certificates or other verification of training received shall be provided to the Training Coordinator. The certificates or verification of training shall include all information required on the DOC 0200. Additionally, all newly hired staff are required to complete the Acknowledgement of Participation which indicates that the staff has read and understood 04.01.301. Additionally, 04.01.122, page 3 states that individual volunteer files shall include training documentation including documented orientation and any additional training. Training documentation shall be signed and dated by the volunteer along with the Volunteer Coordinator. A review of four volunteer training records and eleven contractor training records confirmed all fifteen had completed PREA training. All fifteen signed an acknowledgment confirming receipts and understanding of the training.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 04.01.122, 03.03.102, A Guide for the Prevention and Reporting of Sexual Abuse with Individuals In Custody, PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum, PREA - Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum, a review of volunteer and contractor training records as well as the interviews with contractors indicate that this standard appears to be compliant.

Recommendation

During documentation review under PREA standard 115.63 it was determined that telehealth staff did not immediately report an allegation that was expressed during a session. The telehealth staff completed a mental health referral but did not verbally relay the information. As such, the incident was not known to the facility staff until five days after it was reported to the telehealth staff. The auditor highly recommends that the facility re-train all telehealth staff on their reporting responsibilities.

115.33	Inmate education
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention

and Intervention Program

3. Administrative Directive 04.01.105 Facility Orientation
4. Administrative Directive Administrative Directive 04.01.111 ADA Accommodations
5. Administrative Directive 05.07.101 Reception and Classification Process
6. Video Remote Interpreting Information
7. Language Interpretation Procedure – Propio Language Services, LLC.
8. Individuals In Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook)
9. PREA Posters
10. PREA Reporting Poster
11. Individuals In Custody Education Records (Offender Orientation Receipt)

Interviews:

1. Interview with Intake Staff
2. Interviews with Random Individuals In Custody

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of Intake Area
2. Observations of PREA Posters

Findings (By Provision):

115.33 (a): The PAQ indicated that IICs receive information at the time of intake about the zero-tolerance policy and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The PAQ indicated that 649 IICs received information on the zero-tolerance policy and how to report at intake, which is equivalent to less than 100% of the IICs who arrived in the previous twelve months. 04.01.301, page 7 states that during the admission and orientation process, individuals in custody shall be provided with a presentation explaining the Department’s zero tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including reporting procedures and available services. Individuals in custody shall be informed that victims need not name their attacker to receive medical and mental health services. The policy further

states that the facility orientation handbook shall include an explanation of reporting procedures and programs and services available to victims or predators of sexual abuse and harassment to include mailing addresses and telephone numbers of local, state or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. A review of the Handbook confirmed that pages 26-29 include information on PREA. The information includes: zero tolerance, definitions of sexual abuse, how to prevent sexual abuse, what to do if the IIC has been sexually assaulted, medical information, investigation information, ways to report (including the outside reporting entity) and victim advocacy information. The auditor observed the intake process through a demonstration. IICs are provided initial information and comprehensive education at the same time as they have previously been provided education at a prior IDOC facility. Orientation is completed in the academic building once a week. All IICs receive orientation. They are provided a Handbook and they sign paperwork confirming receipt. IICs then get the PREA handout (which is the same information that is included in the Handbook) and they watch the PREA video. The video is played on a 42 inch television with speakers. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. The interview with intake staff confirmed that they provide IICs with information on the agency's zero tolerance policy and reporting mechanism during intake. The staff stated every IIC gets a Handbook, which is available in English and Spanish. He stated they also show the PREA video and after the video he asks if there are any questions. Interviews with 40 IICs indicated 36 were provided information on the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies. A review of 53 total IIC documents, including 36 that arrived within the previous twelve months confirmed all 53 had received information on the zero tolerance policy and how to report incident of sexual abuse and sexual harassment during intake.

115.33 (b): 04.01.301, page 7 states that during the admission and orientation process, individuals in custody shall be provided with a presentation explaining the Department's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including reporting procedures and available services. Individuals in custody shall be informed that victims need not name their attacker to receive medical and mental health services. The policy further states that the facility orientation handbook shall include an explanation of reporting procedures and programs and services available to victims or predators of sexual abuse and harassment to include mailing addresses and telephone numbers of local, state or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. The PAQ indicated that 578 IICs received comprehensive PREA education within 30 days of intake. This is equivalent less than 100% of those received in the previous twelve months whose length of stay was for 30 days or more. The auditor observed the intake process through a demonstration. IICs are provided initial information and comprehensive education at the same time as they have previously been provided education at a prior IDOC facility. Orientation is completed in the academic building once a week. All IICs receive orientation. They are provided a Handbook and they sign paperwork confirming receipt. IICs then get the PREA handout (which is the same information that is included in the Handbook) and they

watch the PREA video. The video is played on a 42 inch television with speakers. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. The interview with intake staff indicated that IICs are provided information on their right to be free from sexual abuse, their right to be free from retaliation and agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. The intake staff stated the information is provided to the IICs through the Handbook and through the PREA video. He stated after the video he asks if there are any questions. He further stated PREA education is completed during orientation, which is done every Friday in the academic building. Interviews with 40 IICs indicated eighteen were provided information on their right to be free from sexual abuse, their right to be free from retaliation and agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. A review of 53 total IIC documents, including 36 that arrived within the previous twelve months confirmed all 53 had received information on their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, their right to be free from retaliation from reporting such incidents and the facility's response to an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. All 53 received the documentation during orientation, which is within 30 days. It should be noted that Centralia Correctional Center is not an intake facility. As such, all IICs that arrive at Centralia have received PREA education at the intake facility. All IDOC policies and procedures are the same, with the exception of the contact information for the local rape crisis center.

115.33 (c): The PAQ indicated that all current IICs at the facility had been educated on PREA within 30 days or were educated by June 30, 2014. Additionally, the PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that IICs who are transferred from one facility to another be educated regarding their rights to be free from both sexual abuse and sexual harassment and retaliation for reporting such incidents and on agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents, to the extent that the policies and procedures of the new facility differ from those of the previous facility. 04.01.301, page 7 states that during the admission and orientation process, individuals in custody shall be provided with a presentation explaining the Department's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including reporting procedures and available services. Individuals in custody shall be informed that victims need not name their attacker to receive medical and mental health services. The policy further states that the facility orientation handbook shall include an explanation of reporting procedures and programs and services available to victims or predators of sexual abuse and harassment to include mailing addresses and telephone numbers of local, state or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. The interview with intake staff indicated that IICs are provided information on their right to be free from sexual abuse, their right to be free from retaliation and agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. The intake staff stated the information is provided to the IICs through the Handbook and through the PREA video. He stated after the video he asks if there are any questions. He further stated PREA education is completed during orientation, which is done every Friday in the academic building. A review of 53 total IIC documents, including 36 that arrived within the previous twelve months confirmed all 53 had received

information on their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, their right to be free from retaliation from reporting such incidents and the facility's response to an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. None of the IICs reviewed had arrived prior to 2013.

115.33 (d): The PAQ indicated that IIC PREA education is available in formats accessible to all IICs, including those who are disabled or limited English proficient. 04.01.301, pages 7-8 state that the Department shall provide offender education in formats accessible to all offenders, including those who are limited English proficient, deaf, visually impaired or otherwise disabled, as well as to offender who have limited reading skills. 04.01.111, pages 3-4 indicate that the CAO shall ensure offenders are provide with information regarding ADA disability accommodations and shall establish procedures for offender access to teletypewriter (TTY) and Video Remote Interpreting (VRS) equipment. The policy also indicates that the CAO shall find alternative notification methods for auditory announcements (tactile paging system). 05.07.101, page 2 states that all videos used during orientation shall include closed captioning subtitles and closed captioning utilizing American Sign Language which has been reviewed for accuracy of the interpretation by the Illinois Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commissioner or a qualified interpreter. The policy further states that he department shall reserve the first row of seats during orientation for offenders who are disabled. 04.01.105, page 2 states that for a non-English speaking offender, reasonable efforts shall be made for the orientation to be explained to him or her in a language her or she understands. It further states that offenders shall receive written orientation material and/or translation in their own language and when a literacy problem exists, a staff member shall assist the offender in understanding the materials. The facility also has a contract with Propio Language Services, LLC. This company provides the facility a phone number that they can call that connects the staff member with a translator who can will translate information between the staff member and LEP IIC. The company has interpretation services for over 600 languages. A review of PREA Posters, the Handbook and distributed information confirmed that information can be provided in large font, bright colors, can be read to IICs in terminology that they understand and is available in Spanish. Additionally, pages 33-34 of the Handbook provides information on Americans with Disabilities (ADA) including requesting accommodations, telecommunication equipment and sign language information. The auditor observed the intake process through a demonstration. IICs are provided initial information and comprehensive education at the same time as they have previously been provided education at a prior IDOC facility. Orientation is completed in the academic building once a week. All IICs receive orientation. They are provided a Handbook and they sign paperwork confirming receipt. IICs then get the PREA handout (which is the same information that is included in the Handbook) and they watch the PREA video. The video is played on a 42 inch television with speakers. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. The staff indicated that the Handbook is in Spanish and they can utilize other IICs to assist with translation. The education staff was unsure if the video was in Spanish or who staff interpreters were. The education staff was also unfamiliar with Propio and was unsure how to handle

disabled IIC accommodations for education. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand. A review of eight disabled IIC files and five LEP IIC files indicated that all thirteen had signed that they received and understood the PREA information. All five LEP IICs had signed English acknowledgment forms. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

115.33 (e): The PAQ indicated that the agency maintains documentation of IIC participation in PREA education sessions. 04.01.301, page 7 states the individual in custody's participation in the orientation process shall be documented on the Orientation Receipt, DOC 0291. A review of 53 total IIC files indicated that all 53 were documented with receiving the Handbook and orientation.

115.33 (f): The PAQ indicated that the agency ensures that key information about the agency's PREA policies is continuously and readily available or visible through posters, IIC handbooks or other written formats. 04.01.301, page 7 states that the offender handbook shall include an explanation of reporting procedures and programs and services available to victims or predators of sexual abuse and harassment to include mailing addresses and telephone numbers of local, state or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. A review of the Handbook, PREA Posters and PREA Reporting Poster confirmed information is accessible to IICs through these avenues. A review of the Handbook confirmed that pages 26-29 include information on PREA. The information includes: zero tolerance, definitions of sexual abuse, how to prevent sexual abuse, what to do if the IIC has been sexually assaulted, medical information, investigation information, ways to report (including the outside reporting entity) and victim advocacy information. The PREA Posters included information on the zero tolerance policy and reporting via the hotline and staff. The Reporting Posters included information on reporting including: to any staff person, via the PREA Hotline, through a note, request slip or grievance, by writing to the PREA Coordinator or by sending privileged mail to the John Howard Association. The PREA Reporting Poster also included contact information for outside victim advocacy services (Rape Crisis Services). The PREA Reporting Poster indicated that victim advocacy can be provided by phone or in-person, will be provided in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with legal calls/visits. The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The PREA Posters were on legal size paper in English and Spanish. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Posters were observed in all housing units and common areas. The housing unit PREA Posters were framed and were located in the sally port. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. Additionally, the auditor observed that the PREA hotline number was stenciled near the phones in each of the housing units. Informal conversation with staff and IICs indicated PREA information has been posted

around the facility for a while.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 04.01.105, 04.01.111, 05.07.101, Propio Language Services, LLC. information, Video Remote Interpreting information, the Handbook, the PREA Posters, the PREA Reporting Poster, IIC education documents, IIC training documents, observations made during the tour, as well as information obtained during interviews with intake staff and random IICs indicates that this standard requires corrective action. The auditor observed the intake process through a demonstration. IICs are provided initial information and comprehensive education at the same time as they have previously been provided education at a prior IDOC facility. Orientation is completed in the academic building once a week. All IICs receive orientation. They are provided a Handbook and they sign paperwork confirming receipt. IICs then get the PREA handout (which is the same information that is included in the Handbook) and they watch the PREA video. The video is played on a 42 inch television with speakers. After the video the staff asks if there are any questions. The staff indicated that the Handbook is in Spanish and they can utilize other IICs to assist with translation. The education staff was unsure if the video was in Spanish or who staff interpreters were. The education staff was also unfamiliar with Propio and was unsure how to handle disabled IIC accommodations for education. A review of eight disabled IIC files and five LEP IIC files indicated that all thirteen had signed that they received and understood the PREA information. All five LEP IICs had signed English acknowledgment forms. Interviews with four disabled IICs and two LEP IICs indicated two were provided information in a format that they could understand.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to ensure there is a process for PREA education for LEP and disabled IICs. Appropriate staff will need to be trained on the process. A copy of the process memo with applicable staff signatures will need to be provided. Further the facility will need to re-educate all applicable LEP and disabled IICs. Confirmation of the education will need to be provided.

Recommendation

While PREA education is not required upon transfer, due to policies and procedures being the same across all IDOC facilities, the facility still provides PREA education during orientation. Over half of the IICs did not remember the comprehensive PREA education. The auditor highly recommends that the facility verbally emphasize key points of the video and Handbook, such as zero tolerance, rights under PREA, response to an allegation, reporting mechanisms, JHA information, how to remain

	<p>anonymous when reporting to JHA, the emotional support contact information and details on how to contact the emotional support service.</p> <p>Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report</p> <p>The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.</p> <p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Staff Training 2. Education Documentation for LEP IICs <p>The facility provided training documentation on the process for LEP and disabled IIC education. The facility included the LEP policy and information for Propio. Staff signed an acknowledgment confirming they received the training.</p> <p>The facility identified 28 LEP IICs and completed updated education in an accessible format. All 28 signed a Spanish acknowledgment form.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.34	Specialized training: Investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program

3. Administrative Directive 01.12.115 Institutional Investigative Assignments
4. Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) for Investigators Training Curriculum
5. Investigator Training Records

Interviews:

1. Interview with Investigative Staff

Findings (By Provision):

115.34 (a): The PAQ indicates that agency policy requires that investigators are trained in conducting sexual abuse investigations in confinement settings. 04.01.301, page 10 states that all allegations of sexual abuse or harassment shall be investigated by trained investigators in accordance with 01.12.120. 01.12.115, page 2 states that the CAO shall ensure that each individual appointed as an investigator be registered for the next available investigator training program within ten days of temporary or permanent assignment as an investigator. Training topics include but are not limited to: investigative techniques, including interviewing sexual abuse victims; crime scene preservation; collection and preservation of evidence, including sexual abuse evidence collection in a confinement setting; proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings; criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral; and investigative reporting. The agency utilizes their own training for this standard; PREA for Investigators. A review of documentation indicated that five facility staff were documented with the specialized investigator training. The interview with the facility investigator confirmed he received specialized training regarding conducting sexual abuse investigations in a confinement setting. He stated he received the 40 hour investigator training as well as additional training. He stated the training went over interviewing victims of sexual abuse, crime scene preservation, SAFE/SANE and level of evidence to substantiate an investigation. The criminal investigator confirmed he received specialized training and that he attended the 40 hour institutional investigator training, which covers the specialized training for PREA.

115.34 (b): 01.12.115, page 2 states that the CAO shall ensure that each individual appointed as an investigator be registered for the next available investigator training program within ten days of temporary or permanent assignment as an investigator. Training topics include but are not limited to: investigative techniques, including interviewing sexual abuse victims; crime scene preservation; collection and preservation of evidence, including sexual abuse evidence collection in a confinement setting; proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings; criteria and evidence required to

	<p>substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral; and investigative reporting. The agency utilizes their own training for this standard; PREA for Investigators. A review of the training curriculum confirmed slides 67-118 include the following: techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate an administrative investigation. A review of documentation indicated five facility staff were documented with the specialized investigator training. A review of ten investigations revealed they were completed by two investigators, both of which had completed the specialized investigator training. Interviews with the investigators confirmed that the specialized investigator training included the topics required under this provision: techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate an administrative case.</p> <p>115.34 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency maintains documentation showing that investigators have completed the required training and two investigators completed the specialized training. A review of documentation indicated that five facility staff were documented with the specialized investigator training. A review of ten investigations revealed they were completed by two investigators, both of which had completed the specialized investigator training.</p> <p>115.34 (d): The auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 01.12.115, PREA for Investigators Training Curriculum, a review of investigator training records as well as the interview with the investigator, indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.35 Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 03.03.102 Employee Training 4. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual)

5. Prison Rape Elimination Act: What Healthcare and Mental Health Providers Need to Know Training Curriculum
6. Wexford Health Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and Implementation Training Curriculum
7. Medical and Mental Health Staff Training Records

Interviews:

1. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health Staff

Findings (By Provision):

115.35 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy related to the training of medical and mental health practitioners who work regularly in its facilities. 04.01.301, page 4 states that PC shall develop or approve specialized training modules for all full and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in the facilities. Training shall include: detecting and assessing signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; preserving physical evidence of sexual abuse; responding effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; and how and whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The training is conducted via the Prison Rape Elimination Act: What Healthcare and Mental Health Providers Need to Know and the Wexford Health Overview of the 2003 Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and Implementation. This training was added to the annual cycle training to ensure appropriate medical and mental health care staff receive the training. A review of the training curriculums confirmed that they include the following topics: how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse, how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how and whom to report allegations or suspicion of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The PAQ indicated that the facility has 24 medical and mental health care staff and that 100% of these staff received the specialized training. Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirm that they received specialized training. The staff advised they receive the training annually during cycle training. The mental health staff stated the training discusses the risk screening process, who to contact, SAFE/SANE and when to refer IICs related to the risk screening process. Both staff confirmed the specialized training covered the topics under this provision. A review of ten medical and mental health care staff training indicated seven had completed the specialized medical and mental health training.

115.35 (b): The PAQ indicated that this provision does not apply as agency medical and mental health care staff do not perform forensic medical examinations. Interviews with medical and mental health staff confirm that they do not perform forensic medical examinations.

115.35 (c): The PAQ indicated that documentation showing the completion of the training is maintained by the agency. A review of ten medical and mental health care staff training indicated seven had completed the specialized medical and mental health training. All seven who completed the training had signed an acknowledgment confirming they received and understood the training.

115.35 (d): 04.01.301, pages 3-4 state that the PC shall develop or approve standardized modules for training staff. Training shall include, but may not be limited to: the Department's zero tolerance policy; the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Policy; an offender's right to be free from sexual abuse and harassment and to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and harassment; common signs of sexually abusive or harassing behavior; common signs of being a victim of sexual abuse or harassment; protocol for initial response, including identification and separation of offenders; reporting procedures and preservation of physical evidence of sexual abuse. 03.03.102, page 1 states that the Department shall ensure all new employees receive orientation and pre-service training and all employees receive in-service training on a fiscal year basis. A review of the PREA Pre-Service Orientation Training Curriculum and the PREA -Individual in Custody Sexual Assault Prevention and Intervention Curriculum confirm that both trainings includes information on responsibilities in prevention, detection and response as well as the zero tolerance policy and how to report allegations of sexual abuse. A review of ten medical and mental health care staff training documents confirmed one had received the training under 115.31 and nine had received training under 115.32. It should be noted that the training under 115.31 and 115.32 are the same for medical and mental health care staff.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 03.03.102, Prison Rape Elimination Act: What Healthcare and Mental Health Providers Need to Know training curriculum, the Wexford Health Overview of the 2003 Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and Implementation training curriculum, a review of medical and mental health care staff training records as well as interviews with medical and mental health care staff indicate this standard requires corrective action. A review of ten medical and mental health care staff training indicated seven had completed the specialized medical and mental health training.

Corrective Action

	<p>The facility will need to provide a list of agency medical and mental health care staff and dates of the completed specialized training will need to be provided. A systematic sample will also need to be provided to confirm the training was completed (i.e. every fourth person on the list).</p> <p>Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report</p> <p>The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.</p> <p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Medical and Mental Health Staff Training <p>The facility provided documentation confirming those agency contracted medical staff missing training prior to the issuance of the interim report had training. All had completed the training prior to the on-site of the audit and as such no additional corrective action was needed.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.41	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.302 Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness 3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual)

4. Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494)

5. Individuals In Custody Assessment and Reassessment Documents

Interviews:

1. Interview with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening

2. Interviews with Random Individuals In Custody

3. Interview with the PREA Coordinator

4. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of Risk Screening Area

2. Observations of Where Files are Located

Findings (By Provision):

115.41 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy that requires screening (upon admission to a facility or transfer to another facility) for risk of sexual abuse victimization or sexual abusiveness toward other IICs. 04.01.302, page 2 states screening and assessment shall be documented on the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse, DOC 0494, or Offender 360 (O360) equivalent, and shall occur: within 24 hours of admission or transfer to any facility and by staff, designated by the CAO, who shall screen each individual in custody for sexually abusive behavior or victimization. It further states that within 72 hours of admission or transfer to any facility and require: clinical Services staff, or other staff designated by the CAO, to supplement the initial screening by considering prior acts of sexual abuse, prior convictions for violent offenses, and history of prior institutional violence of sexual abuse by reviewing documents such as, but not limited to, pre-sentence reports, statement of facts, and other material in the master file or O360. Any supplemental findings or concerns will be documented on the DOC 0494 completed in accordance with II.G.1.a. A separate DOC 0494 shall not be required. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening confirmed that IICs are screened for their risk of victimization and abusiveness upon intake. Interviews with 29 IICs that arrived within the previous twelve months indicated 25 were asked questions related to risk of victimization and abusiveness. The auditor was provided a demonstration of the initial risk screening process. The initial risk screening is completed in the receiving unit in the counselors office. The initial risk screening is completed on a paper form

and is then entered into Offender 360. The paper form is immediately shredded. The staff illustrated that some information is already pre-populated in Offender 360, such as height, weight, age, number of incarcerations, etc. She advised she verbally asks IICs about disabilities, mental health diagnosis, sexual orientation, gender identity, prior sexual victimization, education level, income and language information (if LEP). She confirmed she reviews information in Offender 360 such as tickets, prior sexual offenses, gang affiliation, etc. to confirm information. The staff utilize a cheat sheet that was created by the facility for the file review. The staff indicated any information that is not consistent (i.e. what IIC states and what is in the file), they utilize the information of what they know to be true (i.e. file). She stated they also note the difference in the responses. Staff advised they have a phone number they can utilize for language interpretation and a website they can use for video translation for disabilities.

115.41 (b): The PAQ indicated that the policy requires that IICs be screened for risk of sexual victimization or risk of sexually abusing other IICs within 72 hours of their intake. 04.01.302, page 2 states screening and assessment shall be documented on the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse, DOC 0494, or Offender 360 (O360) equivalent, and shall occur: within 24 hours of admission or transfer to any facility and by staff, designated by the CAO, who shall screen each individual in custody for sexually abusive behavior or victimization. It further states that within 72 hours of admission or transfer to any facility and require: clinical Services staff, or other staff designated by the CAO, to supplement the initial screening by considering prior acts of sexual abuse, prior convictions for violent offenses, and history of prior institutional violence of sexual abuse by reviewing documents such as, but not limited to, pre-sentence reports, statement of facts, and other material in the master file or O360. Any supplemental findings or concerns will be documented on the DOC 0494 completed in accordance with II.G.1.a. A separate DOC 0494 shall not be required. The PAQ noted that 645 IICs were screened within 72 hours over the previous twelve months. This indicates that less than 100% of those whose length of stay was for 72 hours or more received a risk screening within 72 hours. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening confirmed that IICs are screened for their risk of victimization and abusiveness within 72 hours of arrival. Interviews with 29 IICs that arrived within the previous twelve months indicated 25 were asked the questions related to risk of victimization and abusiveness. IICs stated they were asked when they first arrived. A review of 36 initial risk assessments for IICs that arrived in the previous twelve months confirmed all 36 had an initial risk assessment completed within 72 hours.

115.41 (c): The PAQ indicated that the risk screening is conducted using an objective screening instrument. A review of the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494) indicates that IICs are asked about identified or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity and history or sexual victimization. Additionally, the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494) indicates

that general information such as age, height, weight, number of incarcerations, non-violent or violent criminal history, disabilities, education level, socioeconomic status, immigrant status/language, history or sexual abusive behavior, criminal history of sexual abuse in the community, history of domestic violence, security threat group affiliation and history or institutional assaultive/violent behavior are factored into the risk screening assessment tool. Each question has appropriate responses that correspond to a number. The numbers are added up at the end of the victimization section and predatory section and the total number determines where the IIC falls on the continuum. The continuum ranges from not likely, likely, moderately likely to highly likely for both vulnerable and predatory. The IICs who fall in the highly likely or moderately likely range are then reviewed for the official vulnerable or predatory designation. The DOC 0949 also states that the evaluator may refer an individual in custody on the continuum, but if the individual falls into the likely or not likely range, a rationale for the referral should be documented.

115.41 (d): A review of the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494) indicates that the tool has two sections; vulnerability and predatory. The vulnerability section includes general information such as age, height, weight, number of incarcerations, non-violent or violent criminal history, disabilities (developmental, mental illness and physical), education level, socioeconomic status and immigrant status/language. IICs are also asked about identified or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity and history or sexual victimization. The IIC is also asked about his/her own perception of their safety at the time of the screening. Each question has appropriate responses that correspond to a number. The numbers are added up at the end of the victimization section and the total number determines where the IIC falls on the continuum. The continuum ranges from not likely, likely, moderately likely to highly likely for vulnerability. The IICs who fall in the highly likely or moderately likely range are then reviewed for the official vulnerable designation. The auditor observed that the risk screening form DOC 0494 was missing the element of a prior sexual offense against an adult or child in the victimization section. The staff responsible for the risk screening stated that the risk screening includes the use of the DOC 0494 (electronic version). The staff advised they ask the questions on the risk screening form and they also conduct a file review. The staff indicated the elements under this provision are included on the DOC 0494.

115.41 (e): A review of the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494) indicates information including, history or sexual abusive behavior, criminal history of sexual abuse in the community, history of domestic violence, security threat group affiliation and history or institutional assaultive/violent behavior are factored into the risk screening assessment tool. Each question has appropriate responses that correspond to a number. The numbers are added up at the end of the predatory section and the total number determines where the IIC falls on the continuum. The continuum ranges from not likely, likely, moderately likely to highly likely for predatory. The IICs who fall in the highly likely or moderately likely range are

then reviewed for the official predatory designation. The staff responsible for the risk screening stated that the risk screening includes the use of the DOC 0494 (electronic version). The staff advised they ask the questions on the risk screening form and they also conduct a file review. The staff indicated the elements under this provision are included on the DOC 0494.

115.41 (f): The PAQ indicated that the policy requires that the facility reassess each IIC's risk of victimization or abusiveness within a set time period, not to exceed 30 days after the IIC's arrival at the facility, based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening. 04.01.302, page 2 states screening and assessment shall be documented on the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse, DOC 0494, or Offender 360 (O360) equivalent, and shall occur no sooner than 15 calendar days, but no later than 30 calendar days of admission or transfer to the facility, each individual in custody, including any individual returned to a Reception and Classification Center as a parole or mandatory supervised release violator, shall be screened again for sexually abusive behavior or victimization based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the initial intake screening. The PAQ noted that 578 IICs were reassessed within 30 days, which is equivalent to less than 100% of the IICs who arrived and stayed longer than 30 days. The interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that IICs are reassessed within 21-30 days of arrival. The auditor was provided a demonstration of the reassessment process. The reassessment is completed one-on-one in a private office setting. The reassessment is completed via a print out of the initial risk assessment completed upon arrival. The new information is written on the form and then entered into Offender 360. The form is then shredded. Staff ask the IIC how they are doing, tell them it is their PREA follow-up and then ask each question on the DOC 0494. Staff also conduct a file review to confirm the information is accurate. Staff advised they have a phone number they can utilize for language interpretation and a website they can use for video translation for disabilities. Interviews with 29 IICs that arrived within the previous twelve months indicated twelve had been asked questions related to their risk of victimization and abusiveness more than once. A review of 36 initial risk assessments for IICs that arrived in the previous twelve months confirmed all 36 had an initial risk assessment completed within 30 days. It should be noted that while only twelve IICs remember being asked the risk assessment questions on more than one occasion, the additional interviews, demonstration, PCM tracking and documentation illustrated that this process is consistently followed.

115.41 (g): The PAQ indicated that the policy requires that an IIC's risk level be reassessed when warranted due to a referral, request, incident of sexual abuse, or receipt of additional information that bears on the IIC's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness. 04.01.302, page 2 states screening and assessment shall be documented on the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse, DOC 0494, or Offender 360 (O360) equivalent, and shall occur for all alleged victims and

alleged perpetrators at the conclusion of any sexual abuse investigation determined to be substantiated or unsubstantiated. Additionally it states screening and assessment shall be documented on the Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse, DOC 0494, or Offender 360 (O360) equivalent, and shall occur when warranted due to a referral, request, or receipt of additional information that bears on the individual in custody's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness. Interviews with staff responsible for the risk screening confirmed that IICs are reassessed when warranted due to referral, request, incident of sexual abuse or receipt of additional information. Interviews with 29 IICs that arrived within the previous twelve months indicated twelve had been asked questions related to their risk of victimization and abusiveness more than once. A review of 36 initial risk assessments for IICs that arrived in the previous twelve months confirmed all 36 had an initial risk assessment completed within 30 days. There were three sexual abuse allegations reported during the previous twelve months. The review determined none of the three involved an allegation that would necessitate a reassessment (none involved an incident that would change the IICs response).

115.41 (h): The PAQ indicated that policy prohibits disciplining IICs for refusing to answer (or for not disclosing complete information related to) questions regarding: (a) whether or not the IIC has a mental, physical, or developmental disability; (b) whether or not the IIC is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender non-conforming; (c) whether or not the IIC has previously experienced sexual victimization; and (d) the IIC's own perception of vulnerability. The 04.01.302, page 2 states individuals in custody shall not be disciplined for refusing to answer, or not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked during the screening for potential sexual victimization or sexual abuse. The interviews with the staff responsible for risk screening confirmed that IICs are not disciplined for refusing to answer or for not fully disclosing information any of the risk screening questions.

115.41 (i): 04.01.302, page 2 states the CAO shall ensure staff conducting the risk screenings are provided with an area to conduct the risk screenings which provides a reasonable level of confidentiality while considering the safety and security of the staff conducting the screenings. Further policy states access to information related to sexual abuse occurring in a correctional setting shall be treated as confidential and limited to staff directly related to the assessment, treatment, placement or investigation of the individual in custody to the extent possible while ensuring the safety and security of individuals in custody and staff. Risk screening information is maintained in the electronic Offender 360 program. The auditor had a security staff member pull up the electronic system to see what was able to be viewed. The staff did not have access to the risk screening information. The interview with the PREA Coordinator indicated that the agency has outlined who should have access to an IIC's risk assessment within the facility in order to protect sensitive information from exploitation. He stated screening information is provided on a need-to-know basis to make informed placement decisions as well as predator/vulnerable designations. The

PCM confirmed that the agency has outlined who should have access to the risk screening information so that sensitive information is not exploited. She stated access is restricted and at the facility only mental health, placement, the Corrections Assessment Specialist and herself have access. The staff responsible for risk screening confirmed the agency has outlined who should have access to the risk screening information so that sensitive information is not exploited. The staff indicated that only certain people have clearance/access to the information in Offender 360, including clinical and mental health care staff.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.302, the PREA Manual, DOC 0494, a review of IIC files and information from interviews with the PREA Coordinator, PREA Compliance Manager, staff responsible for conducting the risk screenings and random IICs indicate that this standard requires corrective action. The auditor observed that the risk screening form DOC 0494 was missing the element of a prior sexual offense against an adult or child in the victimization section.

Corrective Action

The agency will need to update their current risk screening tool to include whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child. A copy of the updated tool will need to be provided. All current inmates will need to be reassessed with the updated tool (this does not require in-person contact as this can be obtained via a file review) and a sample of documentation will need to be provided confirming the updated risk assessments.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. Updated Risk Screening Tool
2. Individuals in Custody Risk Screenings

	<p>The facility provided the updated risk screening tool that included prior sexual convictions against an adult or child in the victimization section. Confirmation was provided that the element was added on both the paper form and the electronic form. The facility identified all IIC with a prior sexual offense and completed a risk reassessment utilizing the updated tool.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.42	Use of screening information
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.302 Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness 3. Administrative Directive 04.03.104 Evaluation, Treatment and Correctional Management of Transgender Offenders 4. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 5. Housing Assignments of Individuals In Custody at Risk of Sexual Victimization and/or Sexual Abusiveness 6. Transgender/Intersex Housing Determination Documents 7. Transgender/Intersex Biannual Reassessments 8. LGBTI Housing Assignments <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening 2. Interview with PREA Coordinator 3. Interview with PREA Compliance Manager 4. Interviews with Gay, Lesbian and Bisexual Individuals In Custody

5. Interviews with Transgender Individuals In Custody

Site Review Observations:

1. Shower Area in Housing Units

Findings (By Provision):

115.42 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility uses information from the risk screening required by §115.41 to inform housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments with the goal of keeping separate those IICs at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive. 04.01.302, page 4 states prior to housing an individual in custody identified as a predator with another individual, the proposed housing assignment shall be reviewed and approved by the CAO in consultation with the facility PREA Compliance Manager. Prior to housing an individual in custody identified as vulnerable with another individual, the proposed housing assignment shall be reviewed and approved by the CAO in consultation with the facility PREA Compliance Manager. Housing an individual in custody identified as vulnerable with an individual in custody identified as a predator shall be prohibited. The interview with the PREA Coordinator indicated that the information from the risk screening to determine risk of victimization and perpetration and whether the individual in custody is provided a designation of predator and/or vulnerable. He stated those designated as predator cannot be housed in minimum security or community confinement level facilities. The interview with the PREA Compliance Manager indicated that information from the risk assessment is utilized for placement. She stated they do not place IICs in cells with those they should not be housed with (i.e. predator with vulnerable). She further stated the information also determines if they should be single or double celled. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that information from the risk screening is utilized for placement and mental health follow-ups. A review of housing assignments for current IICs at high risk of sexual victimization indicated numerous housing units had IICs deemed predator housed with IICs deemed vulnerable. While staff are assigned to the housing unit, the units are not direct staff supervision. Staff are required to make rounds and are not posted in each housing unit. A review of job and program assignments revealed one issue with programming based on predator and vulnerable status.

115.42 (b): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility makes individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each IIC. 04.01.302, page 4 states prior to housing an individual in custody identified as a predator with another individual, the proposed housing assignment shall be reviewed and approved by the

CAO in consultation with the facility PREA Compliance Manager. Prior to housing an individual in custody identified as vulnerable with another individual, the proposed housing assignment shall be reviewed and approved by the CAO in consultation with the facility PREA Compliance Manager. Housing an individual in custody identified as vulnerable with an individual in custody identified as a predator shall be prohibited. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that information from the risk screening is utilized for placement and mental health follow-ups.

115.42 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility makes housing and program assignments for transgender or intersex IICs in the facility on a case-by-case basis. 04.03.104, page 7 indicates that transgender, intersex and gender incongruent offenders shall not be assigned to gender-specific facilities based solely on their external genital anatomy. The Transgender Administrative Committee (TAC) shall make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each offender including considering transfer from one gender-specific facility to an opposite gender facility and specifically the gender of staff which will perform searches of the offender. The determination shall consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether specific placement ensure the offender's health and safety, and whether the placement would present management or security concerns. The agency as a whole houses approximately 150 transgender IICs. Currently the agency houses nine transgender female IICs at female facilities and zero transgender male IICs at male facilities. The review of meeting minutes for four TAC meetings confirms that housing is reviewed on a case-by-case basis for each IIC. The interview with the PCM indicated male and female facility designations are made at the agency level. Housing and programming at the facility level is based on programming. If the IIC is in the PRISM program they are housed based on that program, otherwise there are no stipulations on housing of transgender IICs. The PCM confirmed housing and programming assignments consider the IICs health and safety as well as if the placement will present any security or management problems. Interviews with transgender IICs indicated five of the six were asked how they felt about their safety with regard to housing and none felt they were housed in one unit, wings or facility solely based on their gender identity.

115.42 (d): 04.03.104, page 7 states that a review of each transgender, intersex and gender incongruent offender's placement and programming assignments shall be conducted by the facility twice annually to review any threats to safety experienced or posed by the offender. The agency as a whole houses approximately 150 transgender IICs. A review of documentation for eleven transgender IICs confirmed that all eleven were documented with biannual assessments via DOC 0700. The PCM stated she was unsure of the formal review timeframe but that transgender IICs are seen on a regular basis by mental health staff. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening confirmed that transgender and intersex IICs are reviewed twice annually to review any threats to safety. A review of documentation for five transgender IICs at the facility confirmed three had a biannual assessment

completed, while two had not been at the facility over a year. Both that were at the facility less than a year had one assessment completed.

115.42 (e): 04.03.104, page 7 states that decisions shall be made by the TAC on a case-by-case basis with serious consideration given to circumstances including, but not limited to, the following: the offender's perception of whether a male or female facility is safest for him or her, as well as the preferred gender of staff to perform searches. The interviews with the PCM and staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that transgender and intersex IICs' views with respect to their safety are given serious consideration. Interviews with transgender IICs indicated five of the six had been asked about how they felt about their safety with regard to housing and programming assignments.

115.42 (f): 04.03.104, page 9 states that transgender, intersex and gender incongruent offenders shall be allowed the same frequency of showers in accordance with his or her classification. Showers shall be separated and private from other offenders. During the tour the auditor observed that showers were single person and provided privacy through curtains. The interview with the PCM and the staff responsible for risk screening confirmed that transgender and intersex IICs are afforded the opportunity to shower separately. The PCM stated that transgender and intersex IICs are given the opportunity to shower when everyone else is locked up. Interviews with transgender IICs indicated five of the six have been afforded the opportunity to shower separately.

115.42 (g): 04.03.104, page 7 states that transgender, intersex and gender incongruent offenders shall not be assigned to gender specific facilities based solely on their external genital anatomy. Additionally, the PREA Manual, pages 27-28 indicate that the agency shall not place lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex IICs in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status, unless such placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting such IICs. The interview with the PC confirmed that the agency is not subject to a consent decree and that there is not a dedicated facility for LGBTI IICs. He further stated placement decisions are made to ensure the safety and security of all individuals in custody. Facility, housing unit and cell assignments are made on a case by case basis and housing individuals strictly by gender identity or sexual orientation is prohibited. The PCM confirmed that the agency does not have a consent decree and that LGBTI IICs are not placed in dedicated facilities, units or wings solely because of their identification or status. She did state there is litigation related to the PRISM program, which is a program for those at high risk of victimization (sexual and regular). Interviews with two LGB IICs and six transgender IICs indicated none felt the facility places LGBTI IICs in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status. A review of housing

assignments for LGBTI IICs confirmed they were housed across different housing units at the facility, confirming that LGBTI IICs were not placed in one dedicated unit or wing. It should be noted that a large portion of the transgender IICs were housed in one housing unit due to the PRISM program. This placement was due to the program and was not solely based on the IICs gender identity.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.302, 04.03.104, the PREA Manual, IICs at risk of sexual abusiveness and sexual victimization housing determinations, transgender or intersex IIC house determinations, transgender or intersex biannual assessments, LGBTI IIC housing assignments, observations made during the tour and information from interviews with the PC, PCM, staff responsible for conducting the risk screening and LGBTI IICs, indicates that this standard appears to require corrective action. A review of housing assignments for current IICs at high risk of sexual victimization indicated numerous housing units had IICs deemed predator housed with IICs deemed vulnerable. While staff are assigned to the housing unit, the units are not direct staff supervision. Staff are required to make rounds and are not posted in each housing unit. A review of job and program assignments revealed one issue with programming based on predator and vulnerable status.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to review housing and programming assignments for predator and vulnerable IICs with the goal of keeping them separate. Training with appropriate housing/placement staff will need to be completed and a copy of the training will need to be provided. An updated list of high risk IICs will need to be provided as well as any justification/reasoning for those housed in the same housing unit.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. Staff Training
2. Updated High Risk List

	<p>The facility provided a training memorandum related to placement of IICs identified as predator or vulnerable. The training included not to place IICs identified as predator in the same housing unit as those identified as vulnerable, including within the PRISM program. Staff signatures were provided confirming they received the training.</p> <p>The updated high risk list was provided. The auditor confirmed high risk victims were not housed with high risk abusers and none had job, program or education assignments together.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.43 Protective Custody	
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 04.01.302 Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness 4. Administrative Directive 05.15.100 Restrictive Housing 5. Individuals In Custody at High Risk of Victimization Housing Assignments <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the Warden 2. Interview with Staff who Supervise Individuals In Custody in Segregated Housing <p>Site Review Observations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Observations in the Segregated Housing Unit <p>Findings (By Provision):</p>

115.43 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy prohibiting the placement of IICs at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. The PAQ noted that there were zero IICs at high risk of victimization that were placed in involuntary segregated housing in the past twelve months. 04.01.301, page 7 states that an offender identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in a segregated status for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided and such placement in segregation shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. 04.01.302, page 4 states an individual in custody identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in restrictive housing for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided. Such placement in restrictive housing shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. The basis of such placement shall be documented in writing. The interview with the Warden indicated that agency policy does not prohibit placing IICs at high risk of sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing but they would make every attempt to not place them there if they didn't have to. A review of housing assignments for current IICs at high risk of sexual victimization indicated none were housed in the segregated housing unit due to risk of victimization.

115.43 (b): 04.01.302, page 4 states an individual in custody identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in restrictive housing for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided. Such placement in restrictive housing shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. The basis of such placement shall be documented in writing. During the tour the auditor observed the segregated housing unit, which was three wings. The housing unit had a separate recreation. IICs are out cell five days a week for recreation and three days a week for showers. Phones are available once a week for each IIC. Grievances and mail are collected daily by staff who carry a locked box around. The interview with the staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing confirmed that IICs at high risk of sexual victimization who are involuntarily segregated would have access to programs, privileges, education and work opportunities to the extent possible. He stated he imagined that the restrictions would be documented but that they have never had anything restricted. There were no IICs identified to be in segregated housing due to their risk of victimization and as such no interviews were conducted. It should be noted the auditor did interview IICs in segregated housing as part of the geographically diverse sample.

115.43 (c): The PAQ indicated there were zero IICs at risk of sexual victimization who were assigned to involuntary segregated housing due to their risk of sexual

victimization. 04.01.301, page 7 states that an offender identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in a segregated status for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided and such placement in segregation shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. 04.01.302, page 4 states an individual in custody identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in restrictive housing for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided. Such placement in restrictive housing shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. The basis of such placement shall be documented in writing. The interview with the Warden confirmed that IICs would only be placed in involuntary segregated housing until an alternative means of separation from likely abuser(s) could be arranged. He stated that would typically be less than 24 hours but if there was an investigation the maximum placement time would be 30 days. The interview with the staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing indicated that IICs would only be placed in involuntary segregated housing until they could find an alternative means of separation. He stated the timeframe would only be until placement could find somewhere from the, which would typically be less than 24 hours. There were no IICs identified to be in segregated housing due to their risk of victimization and as such no interviews were conducted. It should be noted the auditor did interview IICs in segregated housing as part of the geographically diverse sample.

115.43 (d): The PAQ indicated there were zero IICs at risk of sexual victimization who were held in involuntary segregated housing in the past twelve months who had both a statement of the basis for the facility's concern for the IIC's safety and the reason why alternative means of separation could not be arranged. A review of housing assignments for current IICs at high risk of sexual victimization indicated none were housed in the segregated housing unit due to risk of victimization.

115.43 (e): The PAQ indicate that if an IIC was placed in segregation due to risk of victimization, they would be reviewed every 30 days to determine if there was a continued need for the IIC to be separated from the general population. 04.01.301, page 7 states that an offender identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in a segregated status for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided and such placement in segregation shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. Additionally, 05.15.100, page 6 states that a Restrictive Housing Review Committee (RHRC) shall be established at each facility with restrictive housing. The committee shall review the status of each individual in custody's placement into restrictive housing every seven days for the first 60 days and at least every 30 days thereafter, unless more frequently if clinically indicated. 04.01.302, page 4 states an individual in custody identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in restrictive housing for the sole purpose

	<p>of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided. Such placement in restrictive housing shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. The basis of such placement shall be documented in writing. The interview with the staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing confirmed that IICs would be reviewed at least every 30 days for their continued need for placement in involuntary segregated housing.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 04.01.302, 05.15.100, high risk IIC housing assignments, observations from the facility tour as well as information from the interviews with the Warden and staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing indicates this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.51	Inmate reporting
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 3. Memorandum of Understanding with the John Howard Association 4. TRUST Act Memorandum 5. Individuals In Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook) 6. PREA Posters 7. PREA Reporting Poster <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Random Staff 2. Interviews with Random Individuals In Custody 3. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager <p>Site Review Observations:</p>

1. Observation of Posted PREA Reporting Information
2. Testing of Internal Reporting Hotline
3. Testing of the External Reporting Entity

Findings (By Provision):

115.51 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has established procedures allowing for multiple internal ways for IICs to report privately to agency officials about: (a) sexual abuse or sexual harassment; (b) retaliation by other IICs or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment; and (c) staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The PREA Manual, page 29 states that offenders shall be encouraged to report allegations to staff at all levels. Offenders shall be provided with avenues of internal reporting, including, but not limited to, a telephone hotline maintained by the Investigations and Intelligence Unit, or by mail to an outside entity (e.g. John Howard Association). Offenders shall be provided information on reporting mechanisms as noted in section 115.33. A review of additional documentation to include the Handbook, PREA Posters and the PREA Reporting Poster indicated that they outline methods for reporting. These methods include: telling any staff member; calling the hotline, writing to the PC, to the John Howard Association (outside reporting entity) and/or sending a note, grievance or request slip. The auditor observed PREA information posted throughout the facility. The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The PREA Posters were on legal size paper in English and Spanish. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Posters were observed in all housing units and common areas. The housing unit PREA Posters were framed and were located in the sally port. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. Additionally, the auditor observed that the PREA hotline number was stenciled near the phones in each of the housing units. The auditor tested the internal reporting mechanism during the tour. The auditor called the internal PREA hotline on March 6, 2024 and left a message to test functionality. IICs are advised to select English or Spanish upon contact with the hotline. Initial phone instructions are provided in English and Spanish, however the hotline instructions/directions are only available in English. The auditor received confirmation from the PC on March 7, 2024 that the call was received and forwarded to him. IICs have access to the phones most of the day. The internal PREA hotline is accessible on all phones but does require an IIC number. The auditor also tested the internal written reporting process. The auditor had an IIC assist with submitting a grievance on March 6, 2024 via a locked grievance box in the sally port of the housing unit. On March 7, 2024 the auditor received a copy of the grievance that was date stamped, confirming it was received. Interviews with 40 IICs confirmed that all 40 were aware of at least one method to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. IICs stated they can report to staff, through the

hotline, via a grievance and by calling crisis. Interviews with fourteen random staff indicated that IICs can report through the hotline, staff and writing.

115.51 (b): The PAQ stated that the agency provides at least one way for IICs to report sexual abuse to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency. Additionally, the PAQ indicated that the facility does not house IICs solely for civil immigration purposes. The agency has an MOU with the John Howard Association. The MOU states John Howard Association will allow IDOC to identify JHA within IIC orientation materials and prison posting as one way for IICs to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to an entity that is not part of the agency, and that is able to receive and forward IIC reports of sexual abuse or harassment to Agency official for investigation, allowing the IIC to remain anonymous, upon request. The MOU further provides additional responsibilities for JHA and IDOC. The PREA Manual, page 29 indicates that offenders shall be provided contact information to the John Howard Association to make such reports. This information shall be available in Handbook. A review of the Handbook and PREA Posters confirmed that IICs can report externally to the John Howard Association. The Handbook (page 28) states that IICs can report through an independent outside entity, the John Howard Association of Illinois (JHA). The Handbook indicates that JHA has privileged mail status. It also states that IICs can remain anonymous and provides direction to state in the letter that the IIC does not want his/her name to be included. The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. During the tour the auditor observed that IICs are able to place outgoing mail in any of the locked boxes around the facility, including in the housing units. None of the boxes were specific to sexual abuse or sexual harassment allegations or information. The interview with the mailroom staff indicated that outgoing mail is sorted and stamped accordingly. Regular mail comes up unsealed and is reviewed prior to being sent out. Legal mail comes sealed and is not read or inspected. The mailroom staff stated that the regular incoming mail process starts with opening, reading and scanning the mail for safety and security concerns. Incoming legal mail is provided via the call out process. Staff call the IIC to visitation where the IIC opens the mail in front of staff. The mailroom staff stated that mail to and from JHA is privileged mail. The auditor tested the outside reporting entity during a prior IDOC audit. Because the process is the same throughout all IDOC facilities, the auditor did not conduct another test. The auditor tested the outside reporting mechanism via a letter to the John Howard Association. The auditor obtained a free (yellow) envelope from commissary. All IICs are provided a certain number of free envelopes). A test letter was sent via the US mail from Dixon Correctional Center on February 27, 2024. The auditor addressed the mail to JHA and noted "privileged mail" on the envelope. The auditor did not have an IIC number and as such a return address stamp was utilized by the facility. While a return name and number is required by IICs, the mail staff do not open this mail and as such IICs are able to

remain anonymous within the letter. The John Howard Association is utilized for numerous services and they are not just an organization to report sexual abuse. The auditor received confirmation on March 6, 2024 (via the JHA Director) that the letter was received and that IICs can remain anonymous when reporting. The interview with the PCM indicated the agency provides the John Howard Association to externally report sexual abuse or sexual harassment. She indicated JHA will send the PC information on the allegations reported and he will contact the facility with the information for investigation. Interviews with 40 IICs indicated 28 were aware of the John Howard Association as the outside reporting entity. Nineteen of the 40 indicated they could anonymously report.

115.51 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy mandating that staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties. It further indicated that staff are required to document verbal reports immediately. 04.01.301, page 10 states that any alleged sexual abuse or harassment shall be reported through chain of command as an unusual incident in accordance with 01.12.105. The PREA Manual, page 29 further states that staff shall accept reports made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties and shall promptly document any verbal reports. Interviews with 40 IICs indicate that 37 knew they could report verbally and/or in writing to staff and 34 knew they could report through a third party. Interviews with fourteen staff indicated that IICs can report verbally, in writing, anonymously and through a third party. The staff stated if an IICs reported verbally they would document it immediately. During the tour, the auditor asked staff to demonstrate how to document a verbal report of sexual abuse. Staff indicated if they received a verbal report they document it through completion of a 434 (incident report). Staff stated a 434 can be completed via paper or through a link on the computer. Staff noted they fill out the information and then turn it into the Shift Supervisor (Major or Lieutenant). Staff confirmed that they can privately report and can bypass the chain of command, if needed. A review of ten completed investigations indicated one was reported via a Warden to Warden notification, two were reported through the hotline, one was reported in writing and six were reported verbally. All six of the verbal reports were documented in a written incident report by staff.

115.51 (d): The PAQ indicates the agency has established procedures for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of IICs. The PAQ indicated that staff are informed of this method through training, the IDOC website and facility posters. The PREA Manual, page 29 states that the agency shall provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of IICs. Interviews with fourteen staff indicated that eleven were aware that they could privately report sexual abuse of an IIC.

Based on a review of the PAQ, PREA Manual, MOU with John Howard Association,

	<p>TRUST Act memo, the Handbook, the PREA Poster, the PREA Reporting Poster, observations during the tour, information from interviews with the PCM, random IICs and random staff, and the documentation provided related to the auditors test of the outside entity reporting and the internal reporting line, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.52	Exhaustion of administrative remedies
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.114 Local Offender Grievance Procedures 3. Individuals In Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook) 4. Grievance Log <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.52 (a): 04.01.114 is the policy related to grievance procedures for IICs. The PAQ indicated that the agency is not exempt from this standard.</p> <p>115.52 (b): The PAQ indicated that agency policy or procedure allows an IIC to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse at any time, regardless of when the incident is alleged to have occurred. The PAQ further indicated that IICs are not required to use an informal grievance process, or otherwise to attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse. 04.01.114, page 2 states that offender grievances related to allegations of sexual abuse shall not be subject to any filing time frame. Policy further states that offender grievances involving alleged incidents of sexual abuse shall be exempt from any informal grievance process. A review of the Handbook indicated page 15 advises that grievances of sexual abuse are not subject to a time limit.</p>

115.52 (c): The PAQ stated that agency policy and procedure allow an IIC to submit a grievance alleging sexual abuse without submitting it to the staff member who is the subject of the complaint. It further stated that agency policy and procedure requires that an IIC grievance alleging sexual abuse not be referred to the staff member who is the subject of the complaint. 04.01.114, page 6 indicates an offender may submit the grievance without submitting it to any staff member who is the subject of the complaint. Policy further states that no grievance shall be referred to any staff member who is the subject of the complaint. A review of the Handbook indicated page 15 advises that grievances of sexual abuse are not subject to a time limit.

115.52 (d): The PAQ stated that agency policy and procedure requires that a decision on the merits of any grievance or portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse be made within 90 days of the filing of the grievance. The PAQ indicated that there were zero sexual abuse grievances filed in the previous twelve months. The PAQ further indicates that the agency always notifies an IIC in writing when the agency files for an extension, including notice of the date by which a decision will be made. 04.01.114, page 6 states that the Department shall issue a final decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance. Computation of the 90 day time period shall not include time consumed by the offender in preparing any administrative appeal. Policy further states that the Department may claim an extension of time to respond, of up to 70 days, if the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision. The offender shall be notified, in writing, of such extension and provided with a date by which a decision will be made. Page 6 also states that at any level of the grievance process, if the offender does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, the offender may consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level. A review of the grievance log indicated there were two "PREA" grievances filed in November 2023. At the issuance of the interim report the grievances and facility response had not been provided. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated one was reported via a grievance. The IIC advised a written response to the grievance was received two or three weeks after it was submitted.

115.52 (e): The PAQ indicated that agency policy and procedure permits third parties, including fellow IICs, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, to assist IICs in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse and to file such requests on behalf of IICs. The PAQ further indicated that agency policy and procedure requires that if an IIC declines to have third-party assistance in filing a grievance alleging sexual abuse, the agency documents the IIC's decision to decline. 04.01.114, page 6 states that third parties, including other offenders, staff members, family members, attorneys, etc., shall be permitted to assist offenders in filing grievances relating to allegations of sexual

abuse, and shall also be permitted to file such requests on behalf of the offender. Policy further states that the Department shall require, as a condition of processing the grievance, the alleged victim to agree to have the grievance filed on his or her behalf. If the alleged victim declines, the decision shall be documented. The PAQ stated that there were zero grievances alleging sexual abuse by IICs in the past twelve months in which the IIC declined third-party assistance and which contained documentation of the IIC's decision to decline. The auditor reviewed the grievance log and a sample of grievances. A review of the grievance log indicated there were two "PREA" grievances filed in November 2023. At the issuance of the interim report the grievances and facility response had not been provided.

115.52 (f): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy and established procedures for filing an emergency grievance alleging that an IIC is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. It further indicated that the agency's policy and procedure for emergency grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse requires an initial response within 48 hours. The PAQ also indicated that the agency's policy and procedure for emergency grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse requires that a final agency decision be issued within five days. 04.01.114, page 7 states that for emergency grievances alleging an offender is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, the Department shall provide an initial response within 48 hours, and shall have a final decision provided within five calendar days. The initial response and the final decision shall document the Department's determination whether the offender is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and the action taken in response to the emergency grievance. The PAQ stated there were zero emergency grievance alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse in the previous twelve months. A review of the grievance log indicated there were two "PREA" grievances filed in November 2023. At the issuance of the interim report the grievances and facility response had not been provided.

115.52 (g): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a written policy that limits its ability to discipline an IIC for filing a grievance alleging sexual abuse to occasions where the agency demonstrates that the IIC filed the grievance in bad faith. 04.01.114, page 2 stats that staff shall be prohibited from imposing discipline due to use of the grievance process. The PAQ indicated that zero IICs were disciplined for filing a grievance in bad faith in the previous twelve months.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.114, the Handbook, the grievance log indicates that this standard appears to require corrective action. A review of the Handbook indicated page 15 advises that grievances of sexual abuse are not subject to a time limit. A review of the grievance log indicated there were two "PREA" grievances filed in November 2023. At the issuance of the interim report the grievances and facility response had not been provided.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to update the Handbook to include the information on sexual abuse grievances under provision (b) and (c). A copy of the updated Handbook as well as confirmation that the information was distributed will need to be provided. The facility will need to provide the "PREA" grievances to the auditor.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. PREA Grievances
2. Updated Individuals In Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook)
3. Photos of Updated Distributed Handbook

The facility provided the originally requested grievances identified as "PREA". None of the grievances were related to sexual abuse, but all did have a response within 90 days.

Additionally, the facility provided the updated Handbook which included the elements under provision (b) and (c). Photos were provided that illustrated the updated Handbook information was posted around the facility and was broadcasted on the institutional tv channel.

Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Memorandum of Understanding with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies
4. Individuals in Custody Orientation Manual (Handbook)
5. PREA Poster
6. PREA Reporting Poster

Interviews:

1. Interviews with Random Individuals In Custody
2. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse

Site Review Observations:

1. Observation of Victim Advocacy Information

Findings (By Provision):

115.53 (a): The PAQ indicated that the facility provides IICs with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse. It further stated that the facility provides IICs with access to such services by giving IICs mailing addresses and telephone numbers for local, state or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations and that the facility provides IICs with access to such services by enabling reasonable communication between IICs and these organizations in a confidential a manner as possible. The PAQ stated that IDOC does not hold individuals strictly for immigration purposes. 04.01.301, page 5 states that the PCM shall identify community agencies, including advocacy and crisis organizations, where reports can be made or that provide assistance or support services to staff or offenders in the prevention or intervention of sexual abuse and harassment. Contact information such as mailing addresses shall be provided via offender handbook, bulletins, etc. The MOU with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies indicates that the

purpose and scope of the MOU is to establish a joint effort between IDOC and Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies to make available to IICs access to an outside entity to provide emotional support services related to sexual abuse, including crisis intervention and sexual assault counseling, to aid IDOC in fulfilling compliance with 115.53 while IICs are incarcerated at Centralia Correctional Center and within the IDOC prison. The MOU further states that it understood face-to-face emotional support provided in a confidential a manner as possible or emotional support through confidential unmonitored, unrecorded phone call(s) shall comply with 735 ILCS 5/8-802.1 "Confidentiality of Statements Made to Rape Crisis Personnel". A review of the Handbook and PREA Reporting Poster confirmed that IICs are provided the mailing address and telephone number to Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies. The documents state that individuals in custody may contact victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The PREA Reporting Poster states that advocacy can be provide either by phone or in-person and will be provided in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with legal calls/visits. The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. The auditor tested the victim advocacy hotline during the on-site portion of the audit. An IIC assisted with the call and dialed 1, 2, 999 and then entered his pin number. The call connected to a live staff member from the local rape crisis center. She confirmed the hotline is accessible 24 hours a day and that an advocate would talk with the IIC at that time and then if additional services were required they would go through the referral process. The staff also advised that IICs can write to them for services as well. The auditor confirmed that calls to the hotline are free, unmonitored and unrecorded. The pin number is required but it is not tracked. IICs are also able to set up a legal call or visit with the organization through medical, mental health or their counselor. It should be noted that while the hotline was accessible, this is a new process for the facility and as such IICs had not been provided information on the hotline and services. Interviews with 40 IICs, including those who reported sexual abuse, indicated sixteen aware of outside victim advocacy services and eighteen were provided a phone number and mailing address to a local rape crisis center. Most of the IICs indicated the information was posted or they received it but they did not read it or need it.

115.53 (b): The PAQ indicated that the facility informs IICs, prior to giving them access to outside support services, the extent to which such communications will be monitored. It further stated that the facility informs IICs, prior to giving them access to outside support services, of the mandatory reporting rules governing privacy, confidentiality, and/or privilege that apply to disclosures of sexual abuse made to outside victim advocates, including any limits to confidentiality under relevant federal, state, or local law. The MOU with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies indicates that the purpose and scope of the MOU is to establish a joint effort between IDOC and Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies to make available to IICs access to an

outside entity to provide emotional support services related to sexual abuse, including crisis intervention and sexual assault counseling, to aid IDOC in fulfilling compliance with 115.53 while IICs are incarcerated at Centralia Correctional Center and within the IDOC prison. The MOU further states that it understood face-to-face emotional support provided in a confidential a manner as possible or emotional support through confidential unmonitored, unrecorded phone call(s) shall comply with 735 ILCS 5/8-802.1 "Confidentiality of Statements Made to Rape Crisis Personnel". A review of the Handbook and PREA Poster confirmed that IICs are provided the mailing address and telephone number to Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies. The documents state that individuals in custody may contact victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The PREA Poster states that advocacy can be provide either by phone or in-person and will be provided in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with legal calls/visits. The auditor observed PREA information posted in areas of the facility via the PREA Poster and PREA Reporting Poster. The Reporting Posters were on letter size paper in English and Spanish. The PREA Reporting Posters were observed in housing units and common areas. In housing units, the PREA Reporting Posters were on bright colored paper in the officer's station window. The auditor tested the victim advocacy hotline during the on-site portion of the audit. An IIC assisted with the call and dialed 1, 2, 999 and then entered his pin number. The call connected to a live staff member from the local rape crisis center. She confirmed the hotline is accessible 24 hours a day and that an advocate would talk with the IIC at that time and then if additional services were required they would go through the referral process. The staff also advised that IICs can write to them for services as well. The auditor confirmed that calls to the hotline are free, unmonitored and unrecorded. The pin number is required but it is not tracked. IICs are also able to set up a legal call or visit with the organization through medical, mental health or their counselor. It should be noted that while the hotline was accessible, this is a new process for the facility and as such IICs had not been provided information on the hotline and services. During the tour the auditor observed that IICs are able to place outgoing mail in any of the locked boxes around the facility, including in the housing units. None of the boxes were specific to sexual abuse or sexual harassment allegations or information. The interview with the mailroom staff indicated that outgoing mail is sorted and stamped accordingly. Regular mail comes up unsealed and is reviewed prior to being sent out. Legal mail comes sealed and is not read or inspected. The mailroom staff stated that the regular incoming mail process starts with opening, reading and scanning the mail for safety and security concerns. Incoming legal mail is provided via the call out process. Staff call the IIC to visitation where the IIC opens the mail in front of staff. The mailroom staff stated that the regular incoming mail process starts with opening, reading and scanning the mail for safety and security concerns. Incoming Legal mail is provided via call out process. Staff call the IIC to visitation where they open the mail in front of staff. The staff stated mail to and from the local rape crisis center is privileged mail. Interviews with 40 IICs, including those who reported sexual abuse, indicated sixteen aware of outside victim advocacy services and eighteen were provided a phone number and mailing address to a local rape crisis center. Most of the IICs indicated the information was posted or they received it but they did not read it or need it.

115.53 (c): The PAQ indicated that the facility maintains a memorandum of understanding or other agreement with a community service provider that is able to provide IICs with emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The PAQ also indicated that the facility maintains copies of the agreement. A review of documentation confirms that the facility has an Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies. The MOU was signed August 4, 2021 and the facility maintains a copy of the MOU.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the MOU with Sexual Assault & Family Emergencies, the Handbook, the PREA Poster, the PREA Reporting Poster, and interviews with random IICs and IICs who reported sexual abuse this standard appears to require corrective action. The auditor tested the victim advocacy hotline during the on-site portion of the audit. An IIC assisted with the call and dialed 1, 2, 999 and then entered his pin number. The call connected to a live staff member from the local rape crisis center. She confirmed the hotline is accessible 24 hours a day and that an advocate would talk with the IIC at that time and then if additional services were required they would go through the referral process. The staff also advised that IICs can write to them for services as well. The auditor confirmed that calls to the hotline are free, unmonitored and unrecorded. The pin number is required but it is not tracked. IICs are also able to set up a legal call or visit with the organization through medical, mental health or their counselor. It should be noted that while the hotline was accessible, this is a new process for the facility and as such IICs had not been provided information on the hotline and services.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to update their posted and distributed information to include the updated contact information for the local rape crisis center (999 hotline). Photos of the posted information will need to be provided. Additionally, the facility will need to update their Handbooks to include this information as well as information on how mail to and from the local rape crisis center is treated. This updated information will need to be provided to IICs. Confirmation of this distribution will need to be provided to the auditor.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

	<p>Additional Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Updated Handbook 2. Photos of PREA Reporting Poster 3. Memorandum Related to Update Handbook Distribution 4. Photos of Updated Handbook Distribution <p>The facility provided the updated Handbook that included information on the local rape crisis center, including the mailing address and hotline number. It also outlined that calls were confidential. The Handbook was also updated to outline that mail to and from the local rape crisis center is treated like privileged mail. Photos were provided confirming the updated Handbook information was posted around the facility as well as broadcasted on the institutional tv channel. Additionally, the facility provided a memo confirming they redistributed the updated Handbook information to all IICs.</p> <p>The facility also provided photos of the PREA Reporting Poster with the updated 999 hotline number posted around the facility.</p> <p>Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.54	Third-party reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 3. PREA Posters

	<p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.54 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and the agency publicly distributes that information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an IIC. The PREA Manual, page 32 states that the Department shall post publicly, and maintain, the third-party reporting avenue on its public website. A review of the agency's website confirms that there is information on how to report sexual abuse and/or staff sexual misconduct. Individuals can call the PREA Hotline. A review of the PREA Posters confirmed that they advise to report via the PREA hotline or to any staff member. The auditor called the PREA hotline as outlined on the agency website. The hotline is the same hotline utilized for the IIC population. The auditor received confirmation from the PREA Coordinator that the message was received and forwarded to him to handle. He indicated he would provide the information to the facility for investigation if it was a report of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. During the tour third party reporting information was observed in visitation and the front entrance via framed PREA Poster. The PREA Posters were observed in English and Spanish on legal size paper. The PREA Posters provided information on reporting via the hotline and to any staff member.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, the PREA Manual, the PREA Posters and the agency's website this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.61	Staff and agency reporting duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 01.12.105 Reporting of Unusual Incidents 4. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 5. Investigative Reports

Interviews:

1. Interviews with Random Staff
2. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health Staff
3. Interview with the Warden
4. Interview with the PREA Coordinator

Findings (By Provision):

115.61 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency requires all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information they receive regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency; any retaliation against IICs or staff who reported such an incident; and/or any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. 04.01.301, page 8 states that any verbal report or observance of sexual activity shall be treated as possible sexual abuse. Any report or observance of sexual abuse or harassment shall be documented on an Incident Report, DOC 0434, and reported to the facility PCM in accordance with Paragraph II.G.6. All reports shall be investigated accordingly. Page 10 (Paragraph II.G.6) states that any alleged sexual abuse or harassment shall be reported through chain of command as an unusual incident in accordance with 01.12.105. All staff who observe the alleged abuse or harassment or to whom the initial report was made shall complete a DOC 0434 and may be required to be interviewed by an investigator or other staff designated by the Chief Administrative Officer prior to leaving the facility at the end of their shift. Interviews with fourteen staff confirm that policy requires that they report any knowledge, suspicion or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, any retaliation related to reporting sexual abuse and/or information related to any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that contributed to the sexual abuse or retaliation. Staff stated they would report through the chain of command.

115.61 (b): The PAQ indicated that apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials and designated state or local services agencies, agency policy prohibits staff from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions. 04.01.301, page 8 states that any verbal report or observance of sexual activity shall be treated as possible sexual abuse. Any report or observance of sexual abuse or harassment shall be documented on an Incident Report, DOC 0434, and reported to the facility PCM in accordance with Paragraph

II.G.6. All reports shall be investigated accordingly. Page 10 (Paragraph II.G.6) states that any alleged sexual abuse or harassment shall be reported through chain of command as an unusual incident in accordance with 01.12.105. All staff who observe the alleged abuse or harassment or to whom the initial report was made shall complete a DOC 0434 and may be required to be interviewed by an investigator or other staff designated by the Chief Administrative Officer prior to leaving the facility at the end of their shift. The PREA Manual, page 32 further states that the information concerning the identity of the alleged offender victim and the specific facts of the case shall be limited to staff who need to know because of their involvement with the victim's welfare and the investigation of the incident. This is important to not only preserve the victim's privacy but to preserve maximum flexibility to investigate the allegation. Interviews with fourteen staff confirm that policy requires that they report any knowledge, suspicion or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, any retaliation related to reporting sexual abuse and/or information related to any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that contributed to the sexual abuse or retaliation. Staff stated they would report through the chain of command.

115.61 (c): Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirm that at the initiation of services with an IIC they disclose limitations of confidentiality and their duty to report. Both staff stated they are required to report any knowledge, suspicion or information related an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The mental health staff member stated she previously became aware of such information (had an IIC report to her) and she reported the information to security. A review of investigative reports indicated none were reported to medical or mental health care staff.

115.61 (d): The interview with the PREA Coordinator indicated that while State law (730 ILCS 5/5-8-6) specifically prohibits anyone under the age of eighteen to be confined to the Illinois Department of Corrections; if an allegation was made regarding a youth (such as a minor child visiting an individual in custody housed at the facility), the Illinois State Police and/or the Department of Children & Family Services, as appropriate, would be contacted to notify the agency of the allegation so they may properly investigate. For allegations made by a vulnerable adult in custody, the agency would ensure access to mental health is available for immediate assessment (per our PREA protocol) as well as long-term services. Additionally, access to community confidential support services would be available and offered. The Warden stated any allegations reported by a vulnerable adult would involve protective measures, medical treatment, mental health services and referral for investigation with a thorough investigation.

115.61 (e): 04.01.301, page 8 states that any verbal report or observance of sexual activity shall be treated as possible sexual abuse. Any report or observance of sexual abuse or harassment shall be documented on an Incident Report, DOC 0434, and

reported to the facility PCM in accordance with Paragraph II.G.6. All reports shall be investigated accordingly. Page 10 (Paragraph II.G.6) states that any alleged sexual abuse or harassment shall be reported through chain of command as an unusual incident in accordance with 01.12.105. All staff who observe the alleged abuse or harassment or to whom the initial report was made shall complete a DOC 0434 and may be required to be interviewed by an investigator or other staff designated by the Chief Administrative Officer prior to leaving the facility at the end of their shift. The interview with the Warden confirmed that all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment are reported to the designated facility investigators. A review of ten completed investigations indicated one was reported via a Warden to Warden notification, two were reported through the hotline, one was reported in writing and six were reported verbally. All were reported and investigated by the facility investigator.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 01.12.105, the PREA Manual, investigative reports and information from interviews with random staff, medical and mental health care staff, the PREA Coordinator and the Warden indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.62	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire <li>2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program <li>3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) <li>4. Incident Reports/Investigative Reports <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Interview with the Agency Head <li>2. Interview with the Warden <li>3. Interviews with Random Staff

Findings (By Provision):

115.62 (a): The PAQ indicated that when the agency or facility learns that an IIC is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, it takes immediate action to protect the IIC (i.e., it takes some action to assess and implement appropriate protective measures without unreasonable delay). 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be immediately provided protection from the alleged abuser and the incident shall be investigated. The PREA Manual, page 33 states that in cases where the alleged perpetrator is another offender, the Shift Supervisor shall be notified immediately. The Shift Supervisor shall ensure appropriate and immediate safeguards to protect the offender are taken. Depending on the severity, safeguards may include monitoring the situation, changing housing assignments, changing work assignments, placing the alleged victim and perpetrator in Special Housing, etc. The PREA Manual further states that if the alleged perpetrator is a staff member, all options for safeguarding the offender shall be considered as described above. Options may include reassignment to another unit or post, or other measures that will effectively separate the staff member from the offender. The PAQ stated that there were two determinations made in the past twelve months that an IIC was at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and actions were taken within two hours of learning of the risk. A review of documentation indicated staff deemed one IIC at imminent risk due to his mental disability and interaction during the initial risk assessment. The IIC was referred to mental health and was deemed vulnerable under the risk assessment. The staff utilized this information to then appropriately house the IIC. The second IIC approached staff and advised he did not feel safe and wanted to be designated as vulnerable. Staff immediately reviewed the IIC and deemed him vulnerable under the risk assessment. This designation was then used to appropriately house the IIC. The Agency Head stated that the agency has many actions, including removing the individual from harm's way, removing the perpetrator and placing the staff member on administrative leave. He further stated that the risk would be investigated and the individual would be provided medical and mental health services. The interview with the Warden stated they have IICs go through the predator and vulnerable screening to help prevent imminent risk. He stated they single cells those who may be at imminent risk due to vulnerable status and they also ensure IICs are appropriately celled based on classification. He further stated if deemed at imminent risk they would take immediate action to protect the individual. Interviews with random staff indicated if an IIC was at imminent risk of sexual abuse they would isolate the individual and notify the supervisor.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, PREA Manual and information from interviews with the Agency Head, Warden and random staff indicates that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.63	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <hr/> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire <li>2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program <li>3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) <li>4. Investigative Reports <li>5. Warden to Warden Notifications <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Interview with the Agency Head <li>2. Interview with the Warden <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.63 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy requiring that, upon receiving an allegation that an IIC was sexually abused while confined at another facility, the head of the facility must notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency or facility where sexual abuse is alleged to have occurred. 04.01.301, page 9 states that reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment occurring while an offender was housed within a different jurisdiction, such as a municipal lockup, county jail, or correctional center in another state, shall be documented on a DOC 0434 and reported to the Chief Administrative Officer of the facility that received the allegation the allegation to the Chief Administrative Officer of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred within 72 hours. The PAQ stated there were two allegations received that an IIC was abused while confined at another facility. A review of documentation indicated the facility had two IICs report sexual abuse that occurred at another facility/agency. Both allegations were reported to the facility where the incident occurred via an electronic Warden to Warden notification memo.</p> <p>115.63 (b): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that the facility head</p>

provide such notification as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation. 04.01.301, page 9 states that reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment occurring while an offender was housed within a different jurisdiction, such as a municipal lockup, county jail, or correctional center in another state, shall be documented on a DOC 0434 and reported to the Chief Administrative Officer of the facility that received the allegation the allegation to the Chief Administrative Officer of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred within 72 hours. A review of documentation indicated the facility had two IICs report sexual abuse that occurred at another facility/agency. Both allegations were reported within 72 hours to the facility where the incident occurred via an electronic Warden to Warden notification memo. It should be noted, one allegation was made to a telehealth contractor who reported the information via a mental health referral. The allegation was not verbally reported to staff at the facility. The mental health staff at the facility received the mental health referral five days after it was reported to the telehealth contractor. The Warden to Warden notification was made on the same date the mental health staff reviewed the mental health referral submitted by the telehealth contractor. The reporting concern related to this incident is addressed under 115.32.

115.63 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency or facility documents that it has provided such notification within 72 hours of receiving the allegation. 04.01.301, page 9 states that reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment occurring while an offender was housed within a different jurisdiction, such as a municipal lockup, county jail, or correctional center in another state, shall be documented on a DOC 0434 and reported to the Chief Administrative Officer of the facility that received the allegation the allegation to the Chief Administrative Officer of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred within 72 hours. A review of documentation indicated the facility had two IICs report sexual abuse that occurred at another facility/agency. Both allegations were reported to the facility where the incident occurred via an electronic Warden to Warden notification memo.

115.63 (d): The PAQ indicated that the agency or facility policy requires that allegations received from other facilities and agencies are investigated in accordance with the PREA standards. 04.01.301, page 9 states reports of sexual abuse or harassment occurring while an individual in custody was housed at a different facility shall be reported to the CAO of the facility where the incident occurred as soon as possible, but not later than 72 hours after the initial report was received. The CAO that receives such notification shall ensure the allegation is investigated in accordance with the procedures herein. The PREA Manual, pages 33-34 state that in cases where there is an allegation that sexual abuse occurred at another Department facility, the Chief Administrative Officer of the victim's current facility shall report the allegation to the Chief Administrative of the identified facility. In cases alleging sexual

	<p>abuse by staff at another facility, the Chief Administrative Officer of the offender’s current facility shall refer the matter directly to Internal Affairs. The PAQ stated there was one allegation reported to the facility from another facility in the previous twelve months. The Agency Head stated that when notified by another agency of an allegation within an IDOC facility, the point of contact is the PC. He stated the PC would then forward it to the appropriate facility to investigate. The Agency Head indicated that the agency/facility would reach out to the other agency to obtain any follow-up information. He confirmed that they had a recent example from South Dakota and that it was forwarded from the PC to the facility for investigation. The interview with the Warden indicated that if they receive an allegation from another agency/facility that an IIC is alleging sexual abuse that occurred at Centralia Correctional Center, the information gets turned over to investigation and they fully investigate the information. He stated he believes the facility received one allegation in the previous twelve months and it was investigated. A review of documentation indicated there was one allegation received through a Warden to Warden notification. The allegation was investigated by a facility investigator and was closed.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the PREA Manual, investigative reports, Warden to Warden notifications and interviews with the Agency Head and Warden, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.64	Staff first responder duties
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. PREA Checklist 4. Investigative Reports <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with First Responders 2. Interviews with Random Staff 3. Interview with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse

Findings (By Provision):

115.64 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a first responder policy for allegations of sexual abuse and that the policy requires that, upon learning of an allegation that an IIC was sexually abused, the first security staff member to respond to the report to separate the alleged victim and abuser. It further states that the policy requires that, upon learning of an allegation that an IIC was sexually abused, the first security staff member to respond to the report to preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence and if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, the first security staff member to respond to the report request that the alleged victim and ensure that the alleged perpetrator not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be immediately provided protection from the alleged abuser and the incident shall be investigated. The victim shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5 and be evaluated by mental health or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. Policy further states that staff responding to any allegation of sexual abuse shall take steps to ensure preservation of the area in which the alleged abuse occurred, including requesting the alleged victim and abuser not to take any action that may destroy physical evidence, including changing clothes, bathing, brushing teeth, urinating, defecating drinking or eating, etc. The PREA Checklist also provides staff with a checklist of duties to ensure is completed post sexual abuse allegation. The PREA Checklist includes the required first responder duties. The PAQ stated there were four allegations of sexual abuse in the previous twelve months and all four involved the immediate separation of alleged victim and abuser. The PAQ further stated that no additional first responder duties were taken. A review of investigative reports indicated three were sexual abuse. None of the three involved any first responder duties. It should be noted that for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment the facility reviewed housing and separated alleged victim and abuser through housing changes, when appropriate. The security first responder stated the first responder duties include; removing the victim from contact with the abuser, preserving any physical evidence, requesting the victim not do anything to destroy evidence, ensuring the abuser doesn't destroy any evidence, notifying the chain of command, notifying medical and mental health and writing an incident report. The non-security first responder stated first responder duties include; separating the two individuals, preserving the area, not letting anyone destroy evidence, contacting medical and mental health, not letting anyone wash and getting a security staff member. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated IICs reported the allegations verbally or through the hotline and in all instances staff took action upon receipt of the information. The IICs stated the alleged perpetrators were moved to another unit, typically segregated housing. None appeared to require any

	<p>immediate first responder duties but they advised they spoke to IA and went to medical.</p> <p>115.64 (b): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that if the first staff responder is not a security staff member, that responder shall be required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence. It further indicated that agency policy requires that if the first staff responder is not a security staff member, that responder shall be required to notify security staff. 04.01.301, page 8 states that a member of the security staff shall be promptly notified if the staff responding is other than security staff. The PREA Checklist also provides staff with a checklist of duties to ensure is completed post sexual abuse allegation. The PREA Checklist includes the required first responder duties. The PAQ stated there were zero allegations of sexual abuse that involved a non-security staff first responder. A review of investigative reports indicated none were reported to a non-security first responder. The security first responder stated the first responder duties include; removing the victim from contact with the abuser, preserving any physical evidence, requesting the victim not do anything to destroy evidence, ensuring the abuser doesn't destroy any evidence, notifying the chain of command, notifying medical and mental health and writing an incident report. The non-security first responder stated first responder duties include; separating the two individuals, preserving the area, not letting anyone destroy evidence, contacting medical and mental health, not letting anyone wash and getting a security staff member. Interviews with fourteen random staff indicated they were aware of some first responder duties.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, investigative reports, the PREA Checklist and interviews with random staff and first responders, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.65	Coordinated response
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Centralia Correctional Center Institutional Directive (ID) 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse

	<p>and Harassment Prevention and Intervention</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>1. Interview with the Warden</p> <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.65 (a): The PAQ indicated that the facility has developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership. ID 04.01.301, page 7 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be immediately provided protection from the alleged abuser and the incident shall be investigated. The victim shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5. The decision to collect evidence shall be made on a case-by-case basis in accordance with standard investigative procedures. The victim will be evaluated by mental health or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. Policy further states that staff responding to any allegation of sexual abuse shall take steps to ensure preservation of the area in which the alleged abuse occurred, including requesting the alleged victim and abuser not to take any action that may destroy physical evidence, including changing clothes, bathing, brushing teeth, urinating, defecating drinking or eating, etc. Pages 8-9 describe medical and mental health treatment for victims of sexual abuse, pages 10-11 describes the investigative process for allegations of sexual abuse and pages 3-6 and 11-13 describe the facility leaderships responsibilities. The Warden confirmed that the facility has plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators and facility leadership.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, ID 04.01.301 and information from the interview with the Warden, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.66	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents:

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Collective Bargaining Agreements <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the Agency Head <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.66 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency, facility, or any other governmental entity responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf has entered into or renewed any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later. A review of a sample of the agency's collective bargaining agreements confirm that those reviewed allowed for the removal of the alleged staff abuser. Most of the agreements indicated that a written reason for the removal, discipline or termination should be provided to the union. The interview with the Agency Head confirmed that the agency has entered into or renewed any collective bargaining agreements or other agreements since August 20, 2012. He stated that depending on the severity, the agreements allow staff to be removed from contact and/or placed on administrative leave.</p> <p>115.66 (b): The auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, a sample of collective bargaining agreements and the interview with the Agency Head, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.67	Agency protection against retaliation
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. PREA Retaliation Monitor – Staff (DOC 0499)

4. PREA Retaliation Monitor – Offender (DOC 0498)

5. Investigative Reports

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Agency Head

2. Interview with the Warden

3. Interview with Designated Staff Member Charged with Monitoring Retaliation

4. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse

Findings (By Provision):

115.67 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy to protect all IICs and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other IICs or staff. 04.01.301, pages 11-12 state that for a minimum of 90 days following the initial report of sexual abuse or harassment, the Department shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to observe if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff. Policy further states that the Department shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. The PAQ indicated that the agency designates staff members charged with monitoring for retaliation.

115.67 (b): 04.01.301, pages 11-12 state that for a minimum of 90 days following the initial report of sexual abuse or harassment, the Department shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to observe if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff. Offender conduct and treatment shall be documented on the PREA Retaliation Monitor – Offender, DOC 0498. The review shall include, but not be limited to, disciplinary reports, housing or programming changes and facility transfers and include in-person periodic status checks to ensure they display no changes that may suggest retaliation. Staff conduct and treatment shall be documented on the PREA Retaliation Monitor – Staff, DOC 0499. The review shall include, but not be limited to, negative performance reviews and reassignments. A review of investigative reports and monitoring documents indicated that there were no reported allegations of retaliation nor any reported fear of retaliation. Interviews with the Agency Head, Warden and staff responsible for monitoring retaliation all indicated that protective measures would be taken if an IIC or staff member expressed fear of retaliation. The Agency Head stated that the

agency has options to protect individual, including transferring an individual to another facility, removing the abuser from contact with the individual and moving staff to another post or facility. The Warden stated that the facility completes face to face monitoring for retaliation to prevent retaliation. He stated they can change housing and they can also transfer the predator in order to prevent retaliation. He further confirmed they can also remove staff from contact with abusers and offer emotional support services. The interview with the staff who monitors for retaliation indicated she checks tickets when she is monitoring and she makes sure they are not being harassed by others when she meets with them every 30 days. She stated she checks to see if they need to be moved away from people and she gets them emotional support services. She further stated she can make a recommendation to have staff removed from contact with the IIC and she also reviews housing and programming of that individual. Interviews with five IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated four felt safe at the facility and three felt protected against retaliation.

115.67 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility monitors the conduct or treatment of IICs or staff who reported sexual abuse and of IICs who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are any changes that may suggest possible retaliation by IICs or staff. The PAQ stated that monitoring is completed for a minimum of 90 days. The PAQ further stated that the agency/facility acts promptly to remedy any relation and that the agency/facility continues such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need. 04.01.301, pages 11-12 state that for a minimum of 90 days following the initial report of sexual abuse or harassment, the Department shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to observe if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff. Offender conduct and treatment shall be documented on the PREA Retaliation Monitor - Offender, DOC 0498. The review shall include, but not be limited to, disciplinary reports, housing or programming changes and facility transfers and include periodic in-person status checks to ensure they display no changes that may suggest retaliation. Policy further states that the Department shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. The PAQ noted there were zero incidents of retaliation reported in the previous twelve months. The interview with the Warden indicated that if retaliation is suspected or reported they address the allegation through an investigation and they take any necessary protective measures. The interview with the staff who monitor for retaliation indicated that she monitors for 90 days, or she will do it for as long as they are having problems, if that exceeds the 90 days. She stated during the monitoring period she checks tickets, housing changes, program changes and meets with them to make sure they are not being retaliated against. A review of investigative reports indicated three were sexual abuse and required monitoring for retaliation. All three had monitoring for retaliation completed via the DOC 0498. Two had the full 90 day monitoring completed, while one was completed up until the IIC transferred to another facility. All three involved periodic status checks and a review of disciplinary reports, housing changes, job changes and program changes.

115.67 (d): 04.01.301, pages 11-12 state that for a minimum of 90 days following the initial report of sexual abuse or harassment, the Department shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to observe if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff. Offender conduct and treatment shall be documented on the PREA Retaliation Monitor - Offender, DOC 0498. The review shall include, but not be limited to, disciplinary reports, housing or programming changes and facility transfers and include in-person status checks to ensure they display no changes that may suggest retaliation. The staff member responsible for monitoring confirmed she conduct periodic status checks every 30 days during the monitoring period. A review of investigative reports indicated three were sexual abuse and required monitoring for retaliation. All three had monitoring for retaliation completed via the DOC 0498. Two had the full 90 day monitoring completed, while one was completed up until the IIC transferred to another facility. All three involved periodic status checks and a review of disciplinary reports, housing changes, job changes and program changes.

115.67 (e): 04.01.301, page 12 states that if any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, the Department shall take appropriate measures to protect the individuals against retaliation. The Agency Head stated that the same protective measures would be offered to those who cooperate with an investigation or express fear for retaliation. The Warden stated that the facility completes face to face monitoring for retaliation to prevent retaliation. He stated they can change housing and they can also transfer the predator in order to prevent retaliation. He further confirmed they can also remove staff from contact with abusers and offer emotional support services. The Warden indicated that if retaliation is suspected or reported they address the allegation through an investigation and they take any necessary protective measures.

115.67 (f): Auditor not required to audit this provision.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, investigative reports, DOC 0498 and interviews with the Agency Head, Warden, staff charged with monitoring for retaliation and IICs who reported sexual abuse indicate that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.68	Post-allegation protective custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Administrative Directive 05.15.100 Restrictive Housing
4. Individuals In Custody Victim Housing Assignments

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Warden
2. Interview with Staff who Supervise Individuals In Custody in Segregated Housing

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of the Segregated Housing Unit

Findings (By Provision):

115.68 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy prohibiting the placement of IICs who allege to have suffered sexual abuse in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. The PAQ further indicated that if an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made, the facility affords each such IIC a review every 30 days to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population. The PAQ noted there were zero IICs who alleged sexual abuse were involuntarily segregated for zero to 24 hours or longer than 30 day. 04.01.301, page 7 states that an offender identified as vulnerable shall not be housed in a segregated status for the sole purpose of providing protective custody unless no other means of separation can be arranged. The placement shall require the approval of the Deputy Director or Agency PREA Coordinator (no designee) and shall only continue until an alternative means of separation can be provided and such placement in segregation shall not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days. Page 9 further states that any offender who alleges sexual abuse shall have their housing needs reviewed to determine appropriate placement. If the offender is transferred to another facility, the PCM of the sending facility shall promptly notify the PCM of the

receiving facility of the alleged sexual abuse or harassment to ensure the offender receives proper follow-up services. Additionally, 05.15.100, page 6 states that a Restrictive Housing Review Committee (RHRC) shall be established at each facility with restrictive housing. The committee shall review the status of each individual in custody's placement into restrictive housing every seven days for the first 60 days and at least every 30 days thereafter, unless more frequently if clinically indicated. During the tour the auditor observed the segregated housing unit, which was three wings. The housing unit had a separate recreation. IICs are out cell five days a week for recreation and three days a week for showers. Phones are available once a week for each IIC. Grievances and mail are collected daily by staff who carry a locked box around. The interview with the Warden indicated that agency policy does not prohibit placing IICs who report sexual abuse in involuntary segregated housing but they would make every attempt to not place them there if they didn't have to. The Warden confirmed that IICs would only be placed in involuntary segregated housing until an alternative means of separation from likely abuser(s) could be arranged. He stated that would typically be less than 24 hours but if there was an investigation the maximum placement time would be 30 days. The Warden advised they have not had an instance in the previous twelve months where they have had to involuntarily segregate an alleged victim of sexual abuse. The interview with the staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing confirmed that IICs who report sexual abuse who are involuntary segregated would have access to programs, privileges, education and work opportunities to the extent possible. He stated he imagined that the restrictions would be documented but that they have never had anything restricted. The staff member confirmed that any restrictions would be documented, including the reason and length of time. The staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing further indicated that IICs would only be placed in involuntary segregated housing until they could find an alternative means of separation. He stated the timeframe would only be until placement could find somewhere from the, which would typically be less than 24 hours. The staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing confirmed that IICs would be reviewed at least every 30 days for their continued need for placement in involuntary segregated housing. There were no IICs identified to be in segregated housing due to an allegation of sexual abuse and as such no interviews were conducted. A review of documentation indicated that there were three sexual abuse allegations reported during the previous twelve months. Two of the IIC victims remained in the same housing unit/status and one was placed in segregated housing. The one placed in segregated housing after the allegation was placed there due to a fight (received a disciplinary ticket) and not due to reporting an allegation of sexual abuse. It should be noted the victims who reported sexual harassment all stayed in the same housing unit/status, with the exception of one who reported at another facility and the allegation was received via a Warden to Warden notification.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 05.15.100, housing documentation for IICs who reported sexual abuse and the interview with the Warden and staff who supervise IICs in segregated housing, this standard appears to be compliant.

115.71	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 01.12.120 Investigations of Unusual Incidents 4. Administrative Directive 01.12.101 Employee Criminal Misconduct 5. Administrative Directive 01.12.112 Preservation of Physical Evidence 6. Administrative Directive 01.12.125 Uniform Investigative Reporting System 7. Administrative Directive 01.12.115 Institutional Investigative Assignment 8. Memorandum of Understanding with the Illinois State Police/Office of Executive Inspector General 9. Investigative Reports 10. Investigator Training Records <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with Investigative Staff 2. Interview with the Warden 3. Interview with the PREA Coordinator 4. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager 5. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.71 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency/facility has a policy related to criminal and administrative agency investigations. 04.01.301, page 10 states that all allegations of sexual abuse or harassment shall be investigated by trained investigators in accordance with 01.12.120. The initial investigative report shall be</p>

provided to the Chief Administrative Officer within 24 hours of the onset of the investigation. Policy further states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. 01.12.120, page 1 states the CAO shall ensure that an internal investigation is conducted by facility staff, or by staff assigned by the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence, on each unusual incident reported, if it is determined that further facts are required. Page 2 states that the facility investigation shall include, but not be limited to: obtaining statements from all involved individuals; obtaining statements from all known and any possible witnesses; securing and preserving all weapons; securing and preserving any other evidence; determining if all policies and procedures were followed; determining the quality of offender and staff supervision; conferring with local State Attorney to determine if criminal prosecution is warranted and referring individuals to the prosecuting authority for criminal prosecution, when warranted. 01.12.101, 01.12.105, 01.12.115, 01.12.112 and 01.12.125 all outline different elements to the investigative process for the agency. The interview with the facility investigator indicated an investigation would be initiated as immediately following an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The agency investigator stated that investigations are initiated immediately after the allegation is received. Both investigators confirmed that third party and anonymous reports are investigated the same as first person reports. A review of ten completed investigations confirmed all ten were referred for investigation. The auditor observed that all ten were completed timely and were thorough. Nine of the ten were objective. The one that was not objective was due to the investigative finding not being appropriate based on the evidence and is addressed in PREA standard 115.72.

115.71 (b): 01.12.115, page 2 states that the CAO shall ensure that each individual appointed as an investigator be registered for the next available investigator training program within ten days of temporary or permanent assignment as an investigator. Training topics include but are not limited to: investigative techniques, including interviewing sexual abuse victims; crime scene preservation; collection and preservation of evidence, including sexual abuse evidence collection in a confinement setting; proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings; criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral; and investigative reporting. The agency utilizes their own training for this standard; PREA for Investigators. A review of the training curriculum confirmed slides 67-118 include the following: techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate an administrative investigation. A review of documentation indicated five facility staff were documented with the specialized investigator training. A review of ten investigations revealed they were completed by two investigators, both of which had completed the specialized investigator training.

115.71 (c): 04.01.301, page 10 states that for reports of sexual abuse, the crime scene shall always be protected and investigators shall collect and tag evidence from the scene in accordance with established procedures. Evidence collected shall be submitted to the State Police within ten business days of receipt. 01.12.120, page 1 states the CAO shall ensure that an internal investigation is conducted by facility staff, or by staff assigned by the Chief of Investigations and Intelligence, on each unusual incident reported, if it is determined that further facts are required. Page 2 states that the facility investigation shall include, but not be limited to: obtaining statements from all involved individuals; obtaining statements from all known and any possible witnesses; securing and preserving all weapons; securing and preserving any other evidence; determining if all policies and procedures were followed; determining the quality of offender and staff supervision; conferring with local State Attorney to determine if criminal prosecution is warranted and referring individuals to the prosecuting authority for criminal prosecution, when warranted. 01.12.101, 01.12.105, 01.12.115, 01.12.112 and 01.12.125 all outline different elements to the investigative process for the agency. The interview with the facility investigator indicated his first steps would be to ensure first responder duties were completed (i.e. separation of victim and perpetrator, preservation of the crime scene, etc.) and then he would interview the victim and obtain video monitoring footage of the area. He stated he would then interview any witnesses and the perpetrator and collect any additional evidence. The investigator indicated if a crime was committed they would contact the State Attorney. He advised he would then review the information, determine a finding, complete the report and ensure a mental health notification and victim notification were completed. Further, the facility investigator stated he would be responsible for collecting video evidence, physical evidence, statements, and DNA (via the hospital). He confirmed he would review prior complaints/history of the perpetrator. The agency investigator stated the initial investigative step would be to gather and preserve any evidence. He further stated he would remain objective during the investigation and base credibility on a case-by-case basis. He stated he would conduct a complete and thorough investigation. This is done through gathering and preserving direct and circumstantial evidence, including physical. DNA and any available video monitoring data. He confirmed he would interview the alleged victims, suspected perpetrators and any witnesses and he would review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the perpetrator. A review of ten investigations indicated all were completed by a facility investigator. All ten included interviews of the alleged victim, suspect and witness(es), when applicable. One included evidence collection via video. None of the ten documented a review of prior complaints.

115.71 (d): The facility and agency investigators confirmed that before they conduct any compelled interviews they would consult with prosecutors. A review of investigative reports confirmed none involved compelled interviews.

115.71 (e): 04.01.301, page 10 states that alleged victims of sexual abuse shall not be required to submit to truth telling verification examinations such as voice stress

analysis or polygraph exam as part of or as a condition of the investigation. Interviews with the investigators confirmed that the agency does require IIC victims of sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph tests or any other truth-telling devices in order to proceed with an investigation. Further the facility investigator stated that credibility is based on evidence, that is found and they deem credible until they find out otherwise. The agency investigator stated that credibility is assessed on an individual basis and is not determined by an person's status. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse confirmed none of the five were required to take a polygraph test.

115.71 (f): 01.12.120, page 3 states that the supervisor of the internal investigation team shall submit an initial report, verbal or written, to the CAO within 48 hours of the incident and shall submit a final written report utilizing the Report of Investigation, DOC 0262, within ten working day from the conclusion of the investigation. The interview with the facility investigator indicated administrative investigations are documented in a written report and include: the initial allegation, statements, evidence collected, the finding, the reasons for the finding and all attachments. The facility investigator stated that during his investigation he listens to interviews, reviews video and observes if there is anything that can be done to prevent the incident in the future. He stated he also utilizes this information to determine if staff followed policy and procedure. The agency investigator further confirmed that they would review logbooks, video and interview all parties to determine if staff actions or failure to act contributed to the abuse. A review of documentation confirmed that administrative investigations are documented in a written report. The ten investigations reviewed were documented in a written report with information related to the initial allegation, a description of statements/interviews with the alleged victim, perpetrator(s) and/or witnesses, if applicable, a description of any evidence reviewed/collected and investigatory facts and findings.

115.71 (g): 01.12.120, page 3 states that the supervisor of the internal investigation team shall submit an initial report, verbal or written, to the CAO within 48 hours of the incident and shall submit a final written report utilizing the Report of Investigation, DOC 0262, within ten working day from the conclusion of the investigation. There were zero criminal investigations conducted during the audit period. The interview with the agency investigator confirmed that the criminal investigation would be documented on the DOC 0262 (Report of Investigation). The report would contain a thorough description of physical, interview and documentary evidence. He stated it would also include all attachments such as: statements, video, audio, physical, etc. The facility investigator stated that criminal investigations are documented in a written report and contain the same elements as an administrative investigative report (statements, initial allegation, evidence collected, findings, reasoning and all attachments).

115.71 (h): The PAQ indicated that substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal are referred for prosecution. 04.01.301, page 11 states that upon conclusion of the investigation, if applicable, the case shall be reviewed with the appropriate State's Attorney for possible referral for prosecution. The PAQ noted there were zero allegations referred for prosecution since the last PREA audit. The interview with the agency investigator indicated that all criminal investigations are typically referred for prosecution, especially those that are substantiated. The facility investigator stated investigation are referred for criminal prosecution when they determine a crime was committed. A review of documentation confirmed there were zero substantiated administrative investigations and zero criminal investigations and as such none were referred for prosecution.

115.71 (i): The PAQ indicated that the agency retains all written reports pertaining to the administrative or criminal investigation of alleged sexual abuse or sexual harassment for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years. A review of a sample of historic investigations confirmed retention is being met.

115.71 (j): The interview with the facility investigator confirmed that if a staff member terminates employment or an IIC departs the facility that the investigation would continue. The interview with the agency investigator confirmed that an individual in custody being released or an employee separating from the agency has no bearing on the investigation and it would proceed accordingly.

115.71 (k): The auditor is not required to audit this standard.

115.71 (l): 04.01.301 states that upon conclusion of the investigation the results shall be forwarded to the Chief of Operations who shall report the incident to the Illinois State Police, where appropriate. Additionally, the MOU with the Illinois State Police (signed in 2019) indicates that they conduct investigations related to sexual assault involving staff on staff or staff on IIC. The PREA Coordinator stated that cases which are referred to the Illinois State Police are assigned an external investigator from IDOC's Office of Investigations & Intelligence. The IDOC external investigator would ensure updates are provided to the facility and PREA Coordinator, as appropriate. The Warden stated that when an outside agency conducts an investigation they remain informed of the progress through the state investigators (agency investigators). The PCM stated that when an outside agency conducts an investigation the Internal Affairs coordinates and communicates with them. The interview with the facility investigator indicated when an outside agency investigates he helps them in any way they need and provides them the information he has. The agency investigator stated that he fully cooperates with the outside investigator and stays informed of the

progress of their investigation.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.310, 01.12.101, 01.12.112, 01.12.115, 01.12.120, 01.12.125, the MOU with the State Police, investigative reports, investigative training records and information from interviews with the Warden, PREA Coordinator, PREA Compliance Manager and investigator, indicate that this standard appears to require corrective action. A review of ten investigations indicated all were completed by a facility investigator. All ten included interviews of the alleged victim, suspect and witness(es), when applicable. One included evidence collection via video. None of the ten documented a review of prior complaints.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to ensure that investigators review prior complaints as part of the investigative process. A list of sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations and associated investigative reports will need to be provided to the auditor.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. Investigator Training
2. Investigative Reports

The facility provided documentation confirming investigators were trained on credibility assessments and the requirement of reviewing prior complaints of the alleged abuser.

The facility had two sexual abuse allegations reported during the corrective action period. A review of the investigative reports confirmed both included a review of prior complaints of the alleged abuser.

Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.

115.72 Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) for Investigators Training Curriculum
4. Investigative Reports

Interviews:

1. Interview with Investigative Staff

Findings (By Provision):

115.72 (a): The PAQ stated that the agency imposes a standard of a preponderance of the evidence or a lower standard of proof when determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated. 04.01.301, page 10 states that the Department shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated. Additionally, the PREA for Investigators Training Curriculum includes information on the elements to substantiate an investigation (preponderance of evidence). The interviews with investigators confirmed that administrative investigations require no more than a preponderance of evidence to substantiate. A review of ten investigations indicated one was deemed substantiated and the remaining nine were deemed unfounded or unsubstantiated. A review of the investigative reports indicated the substantiated investigation utilized a preponderance of the evidence, however a second sexual abuse investigation that was deemed unsubstantiated should have been deemed substantiated based on preponderance of the evidence. While one did not appear to use the necessary

	<p>standard of evidence, this was one out of ten investigation and did not appear to be a systematic issue.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, PREA Investigators Training Curriculum, investigative reports and information from the interview with the investigator, it is determined that this standard appears to be compliant.</p> <p>Recommendation</p> <p>The auditor highly recommends that the facility review the standard of evidence with all facility investigators, including the investigator who completed the investigation that did not use the appropriate standard of evidence.</p>
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115.73	Reporting to inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 4. Investigative Reports 5. Victim Notification Memorandums <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the Warden 2. Interviews with Investigative Staff 3. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse

Findings (By Provision):

115.73 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency has a policy requiring that any IIC who makes an allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility is informed, verbally or in writing, as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded following an investigation by the agency. 04.01.301, page 10 states that the alleged victim will be notified, in writing, of the outcome of the investigation. The PAQ stated there were four completed sexual abuse investigations in the previous twelve months and all four included a verbal or written victim notification. The interviews with the Warden and the investigators confirm that IICs are informed of the outcome of the investigation into their allegation. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated four of the five were aware they were to be informed of the outcome of the investigation into their allegation. All five advised they were informed, verbally and/or in writing of the outcome of the investigation. Four stated they were advised within a month or less while one advised he was told a few months later. A review of documentation indicated all three sexual abuse victims were provided a written notification of the outcome of the investigation. Further the six sexual harassment allegations and the one investigation that was not deemed PREA also had victim notifications provided.

115.73 (b): The PAQ stated this was not applicable however further communication with the PC indicate that if an outside entity conducts such investigations, the agency requests the relevant information from the investigative entity in order to inform the IIC of the outcome of the investigation. The PAQ stated there were zero investigations completed by an outside agency in the previous twelve months. 04.01.301, page 10 states that the alleged victim will be notified, in writing, of the outcome of the investigation. If an outside law enforcement agency conducts the investigation, relevant information shall be requested from the investigative entity to ensure the alleged victim is informed of the outcome of the investigation. A review of investigations confirmed all were completed by facility investigators and as such no notifications under this provision were required.

115.73 (c): The PAQ indicated following an IIC's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the IIC, the agency/facility subsequently informs the IIC (unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded) whenever: the staff member is no longer posted within the IIC's unit; the staff member is no longer employed at the facility; the agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility; or the agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. Additionally, the PAQ indicated that there has not been a substantiated or unsubstantiated complaint (i.e., not unfounded) of sexual abuse committed by a staff member against an IIC in an agency facility in the past 12 months. The PREA Manual, page 40 states that following an IIC's allegation that a staff member has committed

sexual abuse against the IIC, the agency shall subsequently inform the IIC (unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded) whenever: the staff member is no longer posted within the IIC's unit; the staff member is no longer employed at the facility; the agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility; or the agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. The PREA Manual further states that an assessment shall be completed to determine if actions described above are warranted in accordance with section 115.65. The actions may not be appropriate in all cases. Offenders shall be notified only if there is a link between the listed actions in this section and an incident of sexual abuse. The timing of such notifications shall not interfere with any pending criminal or administrative investigations. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated none had an allegation against staff. A review of three sexual abuse investigations indicated none were staff-on-IIC allegations and as such did not involve any notifications under this provision.

115.73 (d): The PAQ indicated following an IIC's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another IIC in an agency facility, the agency subsequently informs the alleged victim whenever: the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility; or the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. The PREA Manual, page 40 states that following an IIC's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another IIC, the agency shall subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility; or the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated all five were IIC-on-IIC allegations. The IIC victims stated that they had not been notified of anything related to the alleged IIC perpetrator. A review of three sexual abuse investigations indicated all three were IIC-on-IIC sexual abuse, however none were substantiated and as such did not require notifications under this provision.

115.73 (e): The PAQ indicated the agency has a policy that all notifications to IICs described under this standard are documented. 04.01.301, page 10 states that the alleged victim will be notified, in writing, of the outcome of the investigation. The PAQ stated there were eight notifications made pursuant to this standard that were documented. A review of documentation indicated all three sexual abuse victims were provided a written notification of the outcome of the investigation. Further the six sexual harassment allegations and the one investigation that was not deemed PREA also had victim notifications provided.

115.73 (f): This provision is not required to be audited.

	<p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the PREA Manual, investigative reports, victim notification memos and information from interviews with the Warden and the investigators indicates that the facility appears to exceed this standard. A review of documentation indicated all three sexual abuse victims were provided a written notification of the outcome of the investigation. Further the six sexual harassment allegations and the one investigation that was not deemed PREA also had victim notifications provided. The facility goes above the requirements by providing notifications to anyone who reports any type of allegation related to PREA.</p>
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115.76	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Administrative Directive 03.01.120 Employee Review Hearing 4. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 5. Investigative Reports <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.76 (a): The PAQ indicated that staff is subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. 04.01.301, page 11 states that all terminations for violating the agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, shall be reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The PREA Manual, page 41 states that staff shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies. A review of investigative reports confirmed that there were zero substantiated sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment allegations against a staff member and as such there was no documentation to review.</p>

115.76 (b): The PREA Manual, page 41 states termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse. It further states that administrative discipline shall be conducted using the Employee Review Hearing Process and the collective bargaining agreement. Any decision made on the proposal shall be in accordance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The PAQ indicated there were zero staff members who violated the sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies in the previous twelve months and zero staff members who was terminated (or resigned prior to termination) for violating the agency's sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. A review of investigative reports confirmed that there were zero substantiated sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment allegations against a staff member and as such there was no documentation to review.

115.76 (c): The PAQ indicated that the disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. The PAQ indicated there were zero staff that were disciplined short of termination for violating the sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. The PREA Manual, page 41 states that disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policy relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. 03.01.120 further describes the employee disciplinary review process. A review of investigative reports confirmed that there were zero substantiated sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment allegations against a staff member and as such there was no documentation to review.

115.76 (d): The PAQ indicated that all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, are reported to law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal) and to any relevant licensing bodies. 04.01.301, page 11 states that all terminations for violating the agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, shall be reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The PAQ indicated there were no staff members who were reported to law enforcement or licensing boards following their termination (or resignation prior to termination) for violating agency sexual or sexual harassment policies. A review of investigative reports confirmed that there were zero substantiated sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment allegations against a staff member and as such there was no documentation to review.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 03.01.120, the PREA Manual and investigative reports, this standard appears to be compliant.

115.77 Corrective action for contractors and volunteers

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Investigative Reports

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Warden

Findings (By Provision):

115.77 (a): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse be reported to law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal) and to relevant licensing bodies and that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse be prohibited from contact with IICs. 04.01.301, page 11 states that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse shall be prohibited from contact with offenders and shall be reported to law enforcement agencies unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to relevant licensing bodies. The PAQ indicated that there have been no contractors or volunteers who violated the sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies within the previous twelve months and as such none were reported to law enforcement or relevant licensing bodies. A review of investigative reports confirmed there were zero contractors or volunteers who violated the agency's sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies.

115.77 (b): The PAQ indicated that the facility takes appropriate remedial measures

	<p>and considers whether to prohibit further contact with IICs in the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer. 04.01.301, page 11 states that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse shall be prohibited from contact with offenders and shall be reported to law enforcement agencies unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to relevant licensing bodies. The interview with the Warden indicated that if a volunteer or contractor violated the sexual abuse and/or the sexual harassment policies they would be placed on a stop order to prohibit them from entering the facility. They would conduct an investigation and determine if it occurred or not.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, investigative reports and information from the interview with the Warden, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.78	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Illinois Administrative Code 20.504 4. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 5. Investigative Reports 6. Disciplinary Documents <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the Warden 2. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health Staff <p>Findings (By Provision):</p>

115.78 (a): The PAQ indicated that IICs are subject to disciplinary sanctions only pursuant to a formal disciplinary process following an administrative finding and/or a criminal finding that an IIC engaged in IIC-on-IIC sexual abuse. 04.01.301, page 10 states that upon conclusion of the investigation disciplinary reports shall be completed, served and processed, where warranted. 20.504, page 2 states that no offender shall be found guilty of any violation without a hearing before the Adjustment Committee or Program Unit. 20.504 further describes the formal disciplinary process required. The PAQ stated there were zero administrative finding of IIC-on-IIC sexual abuse and zero criminal findings of IIC-on-IIC sexual abuse. A review of investigative reports indicated there was one substantiated IIC-on-IIC sexual harassment allegation during the previous twelve months. The IIC perpetrator went through the disciplinary hearing process and received a sanction of one month C grade, which includes restrictions on privileges.

115.78 (b): 20.507, pages 2-3 stated that in determining the appropriate sanctions, the Adjustment Committee or Program Unit, the CAO and the Director shall consider, among other matters, mitigating or aggravating factors including; the offenders age, medical and mental health state, if the offender was determined to be mentally ill, the extent and degree of participation in the commission of the offense and the offender's prior disciplinary record. The interview with the Warden confirmed that if an IIC is found to have violated the sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies he/she would be subject to discipline per DR504 and the adjustment committee proceedings. He stated the independent committee reviews the ticket and they have a chart that outlines maximum and minimum penalties. The Warden confirmed that sanctions would be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the IIC's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other IICs with similar histories.

115.78 (c): 20.507, pages 2-3 stated that in determining the appropriate sanctions, the Adjustment Committee or Program Unit, the CAO and the Director shall consider, among other matters, mitigating or aggravating factors including; the offenders age, medical and mental health state, if the offender was determined to be mentally ill, the extent and degree of participation in the commission of the offense and the offender's prior disciplinary record. The interview with the Warden confirmed that the disciplinary process considers whether the IIC's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed.

115.78 (d): The PAQ indicated the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct the underlying reasons or motivations for abuse. The PAQ further stated that the agency has two facilities that provide sexual offender treatment however Centralia is not one of those facilities. Interviews with medical and mental health staff indicated that they offer therapy, counseling and other intervention services designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations of sexual abuse. The mental health staff stated they would offer services to the perpetrator but they would not be required to participate in the services.

	<p>115.78 (e): The PAQ indicated that the agency disciplines IICs for sexual conduct with staff only upon finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact. A review of documentation indicated there were zero IICs disciplined for sexual conduct with a staff member.</p> <p>115.78 (f): The PAQ indicated that the agency prohibits disciplinary action for a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation. 04.01.301, page 12 states disciplinary action for a report of sexual abuse made in good faith, based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation, shall be prohibited. The PREA Manual, page 42 states that the maintenance of an effective sexual abuse prevention policy, and general secure and orderly running of a facility, requires that offenders be held responsible for manipulative behavior and intentionally making false allegations. Allegations of false reports shall be considered by staff in accordance with the procedures and standards founds within Illinois Administrative Code 507, Administration of Discipline.</p> <p>115.78 (g): The PAQ indicated that the agency prohibits all sexual activity between IICs. It further indicated that if the agency prohibits all sexual activity between IICs and disciplines IICs for such activity, the agency deems such activity to constitute sexual abuse only if it determines that the activity is coerced.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, 20.507, the PREA Manual, investigative reports, disciplinary documents and information from interviews with the Warden and medical and mental health care staff, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.81	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.302 Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness 3. Standard Operating Procedural (SOP) Manual for Mental Health

4. Screening for Potential Sexual Victimization or Sexual Abuse (DOC 0494)

5. Medical/Mental Health Documents

Interviews:

1. Interview with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening

2. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health Staff

3. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Disclosed Sexual Victimization at Risk Screening

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of Risk Screening Area

2. Observation of Medical and Classification Files

Findings (By Provision):

115.81 (a): The PAQ indicated that all IICs at this facility who have disclosed any prior sexual victimization during a screening pursuant to §115.41 are offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner and the follow-up meeting was offered within fourteen days. The PAQ further indicated that medical and mental health staff maintain secondary materials (e.g., form, log) documenting compliance with the above required services. 04.01.302, page 3 states if the screening indicates the individual in custody has experienced prior sexual victimization or previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff conducting the screening shall ensure the individual is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner. The offer shall be documented on the DOC 0494 or the O360 equivalent. If the offer of a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner is accepted, a Mental Health Services Referral, DOC 0387, shall be completed, and the follow-up meeting shall occur within 14 days of the screening in accordance with 04.04.101. Individuals in custody who had been offered mental health follow-up and accepted the follow-up on the initial screening outlined in II.G.1.b., do not need to be offered mental health follow-up on subsequent screenings. The PAQ noted that 100% of those IICs who reported prior victimization were seen within fourteen days by medical or mental health Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that IICs are offered a follow-up with medical or mental health care staff within 14 days. Interviews with three IICs who disclosed

sexual victimization during the risk screening indicated one was offered a follow-up with medical or mental health care staff. A review of documentation for seven IICs who disclosed prior sexual victimization during the risk screening indicated all seven were offered a follow-up with mental health, including those interviewed. Three declined services and four accepted services. All four who accepted services were provided a follow-up within fourteen days.

115.81 (b): The PAQ indicated that all prison IICs who have previously perpetrated sexual abuse, as indicated during the screening pursuant to § 115.41, are offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner and the follow-up meeting was offered within fourteen days. The PAQ further indicated that medical and mental health staff maintain secondary materials (e.g., form, log) documenting compliance with the above required services. 04.01.302, page 3 states if the screening indicates the individual in custody has experienced prior sexual victimization or previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff conducting the screening shall ensure the individual is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner. The offer shall be documented on the DOC 0494 or the O360 equivalent. If the offer of a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner is accepted, a Mental Health Services Referral, DOC 0387, shall be completed, and the follow-up meeting shall occur within 14 days of the screening in accordance with 04.04.101. Individuals in custody who had been offered mental health follow-up and accepted the follow-up on the initial screening outlined in II.G.1.b., do not need to be offered mental health follow-up on subsequent screenings. The PAQ noted that 100% of those IICs who reported prior perpetration were seen within fourteen days by medical or mental health. Interviews with the staff responsible for the risk screening indicated that IICs identified during the risk screening with prior sexual abusiveness would be offered a follow-up with mental health within fourteen days. A review of documentation for three IICs identified during the risk screening with prior abusiveness confirmed all three were provided a follow-up with mental health within fourteen days.

115.81c): This provision is not applicable as the facility is not a jail.

115.81 (d): The PAQ indicated that information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting is not strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners, however it stated that the information is only shared with staff to assist with security and management decisions. 04.01.302, page 2 states access to information related to sexual abuse occurring in a correctional setting shall be treated as confidential and limited to staff directly related to the assessment, treatment, placement or investigation of the individual in custody to the extent possible while ensuring the safety and security of individuals in custody and staff. Medical and mental health records are all paper and the records area is staffed 8am-4pm Monday through Friday. The records door is locked when not staffed.

Records staff advised that medical and mental health care staff have access to medical records after hours. The staff further advised that if security staff ask for a file they would inquire on a reason to determine if there is a need to know. Risk screening information is maintained in the electronic Offender 360 program. The auditor had a security staff member pull up the electronic system to see what was able to be viewed. The staff did not have access to the risk screening information. Investigative files are paper and electronic. Only Internal Affairs (IA) staff have access to the investigations in the electronic database. Paper files are also maintained in IA's locked office.

15.81 (e): The PAQ indicated that medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from IICs before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the IIC is under the age of eighteen. 04.01.302, page 3 states staff shall obtain informed consent from individuals in custody before reporting information about prior victimization which did not occur in an institutional setting. Consent shall be documented on the Confidentiality Disclosure and Consent for Mental Health Treatment, DOC 0537. The SOP Manual for Mental Health, page 46 clinicians should clearly specify any limits of confidentiality. Offender disclosures are considered to be confidential and privileged with the following exceptions: threats to physically harm self-and/or others, threats to escape or otherwise disrupt or breach the security of the institution and information about an identifiable minor child or elderly/disabled person who has been the victim of physical or sexual abuse. Interviews with medical and mental health staff indicate that they obtain informed consent prior to reporting any sexual abuse that did not occur in an institutional setting. The medical staff stated she would probably refer the IIC to mental health for any necessary services though. Both staff confirmed that they do not house anyone under eighteen.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.302, SOP Manual for Mental Health, DOC 0494, medical and mental health documents, information from interviews with staff who perform the risk screening, medical and mental health care staff and IICs who disclosed victimization during the risk screening indicate that this standard appears to be compliant.

115.82	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents:

1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire
2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program
3. Medical and Mental Health Documents

Interviews:

1. Interview with Medical and Mental Health Staff
2. Interview with First Responders
3. Interview with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse

Site Review Observations:

1. Observations of Medical and Mental Health Areas

Findings (By Provision):

115.82 (a): The PAQ indicated that IIC victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services and that the nature of scope of services are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. The PAQ further indicates that medical and mental health staff maintain secondary materials (e.g., form, log) documenting the timeliness of emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services that were provided; the appropriate response by non-health staff in the event health staff are not present at the time the incident is reported; and the provision of appropriate and timely information and services concerning contraception and sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis. 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5 and shall be evaluated by mental health services or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. During the tour the auditor observed the health services area. The space included a reception area with benches, an emergency room, exam rooms, treatment rooms and an infirmary. The emergency room was a large space with curtains and a door for privacy. Exam and treatment rooms also had curtains and doors for privacy. The exam and treatment rooms were also rooms with small windows. All rooms provided privacy. Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirmed that IICs receive timely and unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention service. Medical staff stated they would respond within three minutes

while mental health advised they have up to two hours, but they typically respond immediately. Staff stated services would be based on policy, procedure and professional judgement. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated all five were offered/provided medical and/or mental health services. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services.

115.82 (b): 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5 and shall be evaluated by mental health services or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. Page 9 (Paragraph II.G.5) further states that treatment shall be provided by a certified SAFE or SANE at a local emergency room and that the medical examination provided by Department facilities shall include a general physical examination for recent sexual abuse. The security first responder stated the first responder duties include; removing the victim from contact with the abuser, preserving any physical evidence, requesting the victim not do anything to destroy evidence, ensuring the abuser doesn't destroy any evidence, notifying the chain of command, notifying medical and mental health and writing an incident report. The non-security first responder stated first responder duties include; separating the two individuals, preserving the area, not letting anyone destroy evidence, contacting medical and mental health, not letting anyone wash and getting a security staff member.

115.82 (c): The PAQ indicated that IIC victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated are offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate. 04.01.301, page 9 states that a general physical examination for recent sexual abuse shall include, but not be limited to: a blood test (RPR for Syphilis); culture smears for seminal fluid, Gonorrhea, Chlamydia and other Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) as appropriate; Hepatitis C antibody test and Hepatitis B surface antigen and antibody blood test and an HIV test and counseling shall be offered. Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirm that IICs receive timely information and access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated that one involved penetration or touching that would require information and access to sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis and it was not provided. It should be noted that the auditor confirmed that this allegation was reported outside of the audit timeframe, however the IIC was documented with medical and mental health services. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services. None of the three involved an allegation that would necessitate sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis.

	<p>115.82 (d): The PAQ indicated that treatment services are provided to every victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident. 04.01.301, page 9 states that offenders shall not be charged a co-payment for medical treatment, including forensic medical examinations, obtained for alleged sexual abuse.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, medical and mental health documents and information from interviews with medical and mental health care staff, first responders and IICs who reported sexual abuse indicate that this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.83	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) 4. Medical and Mental Health Documents <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health Staff 2. Interviews with Individuals In Custody who Reported Sexual Abuse <p>Site Review Observations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Observations of Medical Treatment Areas

Findings (By Provision):

115.83 (a): The PAQ indicated the facility offers medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all IICs who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility. 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5 and shall be evaluated by mental health services or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. Additionally, 04.01.301, page 6 states that if it is determined that the offender was previously a victim of sexual abuse, the facility PCM shall notify medical and mental health staff within fourteen days of the screening. During the tour the auditor observed the health services area. The space included a reception area with benches, an emergency room, exam rooms, treatment rooms and an infirmary. The emergency room was a large space with curtains and a door for privacy. Exam and treatment rooms also had curtains and doors for privacy. The exam and treatment rooms were also rooms with small windows. All rooms provided privacy. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services. Additionally, the IICs who reported sexual harassment were also provided medical and/or mental health services. A review of documentation for seven IICs who disclosed prior sexual victimization during the risk screening indicated all seven were offered a follow-up with mental health. Three declined services and four accepted services. All four who accepted services were provided a follow-up with mental health.

115.83 (b): 04.01.301, page 8 states that any offender who alleges to be a victim of sexual abuse shall be referred to health services for examination, treatment and evidence collection in accordance with Paragraph II.G.5 and shall be evaluated by mental health services or a crisis intervention team member within 24 hours to assess the need for counseling services. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated all five were offered/provided follow-up services with medical and/or mental health. Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirmed that they provide on-going and follow-up services to IIC victims of sexual abuse. A few of the services include first aid, evaluation, follow-up services and community services. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services. Additionally, the IICs who reported sexual harassment were also provided medical and/or mental health services.

115.83 (c): The facility provides access to medical and mental health staff on-site and also transports IICs to the local hospital for treatment that is not available at the facility. All medical and mental health care staff are required to have the appropriate licensure and credentials. Interviews with medical and mental health care staff confirm that the services they provide are consistent with the community level of

care. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services. Additionally, the IICs who reported sexual harassment were also provided medical and/or mental health services.

115.83 (d): The PAQ indicated this provision was applicable but further communication with the PC indicated this provision does not apply as the facility does not house female IICs. 04.10.301, page 10 states female victims of sexual abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated shall be offered pregnancy tests. If pregnancy results from the sexual abuse, such victims shall receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawfully pregnancy-related medical services.

115.83 (e): The PAQ indicated this provision was applicable but further communication with the PC indicated that this provision does not apply as the facility does not house female IICs. 04.10.301, page 10 states female victims of sexual abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated shall be offered pregnancy tests. If pregnancy results from the sexual abuse, such victims shall receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawfully pregnancy-related medical services. The PREA Manual, page 45 states that if pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph (d) of this section (sexually abusive vaginal penetration), such victims shall receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services. It further states that Department healthcare providers shall deliver comprehensive prenatal counseling and care for pregnant female offenders.

115.83 (f): The PAQ indicated that IIC victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated are offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate. 04.01.301, page 9 states that a general physical examination for recent sexual abuse shall include, but not be limited to: a blood test (RPR for Syphilis); culture smears for seminal fluid, Gonorrhea, Chlamydia and other Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) as appropriate; Hepatitis C antibody test and Hepatitis B surface antigen and antibody blood test and an HIV test and counseling shall be offered. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated that one involved penetration or touching that would require information and access to sexually transmitted infection testing and it was not provided. It should be noted that the auditor confirmed that this allegation was reported outside of the audit timeframe, however the IIC was documented with medical and mental health services. A review of three sexual abuse allegations indicated all three victims were provided medical and mental health services. None of the three involved an allegation that would necessitate sexually transmitted infection testing.

115.83 (g): The PAQ indicated that treatment services are provided to every victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident. 04.01.301, page 9 states that offenders shall not be charged a co-payment for medical treatment, including forensic medical examinations, obtained for alleged sexual abuse. Interviews with IICs who reported sexual abuse indicated none were not required to pay for their medical and mental health services.

115.83 (h): The PAQ indicated that the facility attempts to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known IIC-on-IIC abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offers treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners. The PREA Manual, page 46 states that all prisons shall attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known IIC-on-IIC abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners. There were zero IIC-on-IIC sexual abuse allegations that were deemed substantiated and as such there were no confirmed IIC-on-IIC abusers who required an evaluation under this provision. It should be noted there was one substantiated IIC-on-IIC sexual harassment allegation but sexual harassment does not require an evaluation under this provision. Interviews with medical and mental health staff indicate that mental health would attempt to conduct an evaluation on the known IIC perpetrator within fourteen days.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the PREA Manual, medical and mental health documents, observations made during the tour and information from interviews with medical and mental health care staff and IICs who reported sexual abuse, this standard appears to be compliant.

115.86	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. Investigative Reports 4. Sexual Abuse Incident Reviews (DOC 0593)

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Warden
2. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager
3. Interview with Incident Review Team

Findings (By Provision):

115.86 (a): The PAQ indicated that the facility conducts a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every criminal or administrative sexual abuse investigation, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. 04.01.301, page 11 states that the facility shall conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, unless the allegation was determined to be unfounded. Such reviews shall ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation. The PAQ stated there were four criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged sexual abuse completed at the facility excluding only unfounded incidents. A review investigations indicated three were sexual abuse and required a sexual abuse incident review. All three had a completed sexual abuse incident review via the DOC 0593.

115.86 (b): The PAQ indicated that the facility ordinarily conducts a sexual abuse incident review within 30 days of the conclusion of the criminal or administrative sexual abuse investigation. The PAQ further stated that in the past twelve months, there were four sexual abuse incident reviews completed within the 30 day timeframe. 04.01.301, page 11 states that the facility shall conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, unless the allegation was determined to be unfounded. Such reviews shall ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation. A review investigations indicated three were sexual abuse and required a sexual abuse incident review. All three had a completed sexual abuse incident review via the DOC 0593 within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation.

115.86 (c): The PAQ indicated that the sexual abuse incident review team includes upper-level management officials and allows for input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. 04.01.301, page 11 states that the review team, at minimum, shall include: Assistant Chief Administrative Officer; Shift Commander or Lieutenant; a representative from Internal Affairs; the PCM, a representative from medical and a representative from mental health. The

three completed sexual abuse incident reviews included upper level management, a supervisor, an investigator and medical and/or mental health care staff. The interview with the Warden confirmed that the facility has a sexual abuse incident review team and the team includes upper-level management official, line supervisor, investigators and medical and mental health care staff.

115.86 (d): The PAQ indicated that the facility prepares a report of its findings from sexual abuse incident reviews including, but not necessarily limited to, determinations made pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1)-(d)(5) of this section and any recommendations for improvement, and submits such report to the facility head and PREA Compliance Manager. 04.01.301, page 11 states that the review, including any reports of findings or any recommendation for improvement, shall be documented on the DOC 0593, Sexual Abuse Incident Review. A review of the three completed sexual abuse incident review indicated they were completed using the DOC 0593, which has sections for each element under this provision as well as a section for recommendations. While the form includes the required elements the form is a checklist only and the sexual abuse incident reviews did not include any detailed information related to the incident/investigation. Interviews with the Warden, PCM and sexual abuse incident review team member confirmed that they complete sexual abuse incident reviews and they include all the required elements under this provision. The Warden stated that information from the sexual abuse incident review is utilized to determine if they need more cameras, staff, policy or procedure update or staff training. He indicated they use the information to provide insight on how to get better. The interview with the PCM confirmed that she is part of the sexual abuse incident review team and she has not noticed any trends. She further stated that once the report is submitted, if they identified any necessary changes, she would ensure they are made at the local/facility level.

115.86 (e): The PAQ indicated that the facility implements the recommendations for improvement or documents its reasons for not doing so. 04.01.301, page 11 states that the DOC 0593 shall be forwarded to the Chief Administrative Officer so recommendations for improvement may be considered. Any recommendation not implemented shall be documented on the DOC 0593 including justification for not doing so. A review of the three completed sexual abuse incident reviews indicated that a section exists for recommendations and corrective action, however none included any recommendations.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, investigative report, sexual abuse incident reviews (DOC 0593) and information from interviews with the Warden, the PCM and a member of the sexual abuse incident review team, this standard appears to require corrective action. A review of the three completed sexual abuse incident review indicated they were completed using the DOC 0593, which has sections for each element under this provision as well as a section for recommendations. While the

form includes the required elements the form is a checklist only and the sexual abuse incident reviews did not include any detailed information related to the incident/ investigation.

Corrective Action

The facility will need to ensure that the DOC 0593 have incident specific narrative. The sexual abuse incident reviews will need to include more information than just a checklist. The facility will need to provide a list of sexual abuse allegations during the corrective action period and associated sexual abuse incident reviews.

Verification of Corrective Action Since the Interim Audit Report

The auditor gathered and analyzed the following additional evidence provided by the facility during the corrective action period relevant to the requirements in this standard.

Additional Documents:

1. Staff Training
2. List of Sexual Abuse Allegations During the Corrective Action Period
3. Sexual Abuse Incident Reviews

The facility provided training documents confirming staff received direction on completing sexual abuse incident reviews, including narrative specific information for the elements under provision (d).

A list of sexual abuse allegations during the corrective action period and associated sexual abuse incident reviews were provided. Both reviews included narrative incident specific information.

Based on the documentation provided the facility has corrected this standard and as such appears to be compliant.

115.87	Data collection
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <hr/> <p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire <li>2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program <li>3. PREA Checklist <li>4. Investigative Reports <li>5. Annual PREA Report <li>6. Survey of Sexual Victimization <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.87 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency collects accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that the Chief Administrative Officer and the facility PCM shall conduct an annual evaluation of the Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program at their respective facility and submit to the PC a written report of the findings. The report should at minimum include: a review of each incident of sexual abuse or harassment that occurred during the reporting period; program and procedural changes implemented based on recommendations of the review team; training needs to ensure future safety and security; record of referrals to outside community resources; record of referrals for post-release service and statistical data. Policy further states that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall. A review of investigative reports and the PREA Checklist confirm that information/data related to each sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegation is reported and documented. The PREA Checklist is then forwarded to the PC to assist with compiling statistical data to identify trends.</p>

115.87 (b): The PAQ indicated that the agency aggregates the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall. A review of the Annual PREA Report indicates that it includes agency accomplishments, facilities audited during the year, statistical data and corrective actions. The report compares data from 2014 through the current year.

115.87 (c): The PAQ indicated that the standardized instrument includes, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence (SSV) conducted by the Department of Justice. A review of the agency's most recent Survey of Sexual Victimization (formerly known as Survey of Sexual Violence) confirms that the agency collects appropriate information using a standardized instrument and reports the appropriate information via the SSV.

115.87 (d): The PAQ indicated that the agency maintains, reviews, and collects data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that the Chief Administrative Officer and the facility PCM shall conduct an annual evaluation of the Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program at their respective facility and submit to the PC a written report of the findings. The report should at minimum include: a review of each incident of sexual abuse or harassment that occurred during the reporting period; program and procedural changes implemented based on recommendations of the review team; training needs to ensure future safety and security; record of referrals to outside community resources; record of referrals for post-release service and statistical data. Policy further states that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall.

115.87 (e): The PAQ indicated that the agency obtains incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of IICs and that data from private facilities complies with SSV reporting regarding content. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that the Chief Administrative Officer and the facility PCM shall conduct an annual evaluation of the Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program at their respective facility and submit to the PC a written report of the findings. The report should at minimum include: a review of each incident of sexual abuse or harassment that occurred during the reporting period; program and procedural changes implemented based on recommendations of the review team; training needs to ensure future safety and security; record of referrals to outside community resources; record of referrals for post-release service and statistical data. Policy further states that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall. A review of the Annual PREA Report indicates that it includes agency accomplishments, facilities audited during the year, statistical data and corrective actions. The report compares data from 2014 through the current year. The data included information from the contracted private facilities.

115.87 (f): The PAQ indicated that the agency provided the Department of Justice with data from the previous calendar year upon request. 04.01.301, page 13 states that upon request, the report shall be submitted to the Department of Justice.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, investigative reports, the PREA Checklist, the Survey of Sexual Victimization and the Annual PREA Report this standard appears to be compliant.

115.88	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Documents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program

3. Annual PREA Report

Interviews:

1. Interview with the Agency Head
2. Interview with the PREA Coordinator
3. Interview with the PREA Compliance Manager

Findings (By Provision):

115.88 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency reviews data collected and aggregated pursuant to §115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, response policies, and training, including: identifying problem areas; taking corrective action on an ongoing basis; and preparing an annual report of its findings from its data review and any corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that the Chief Administrative Officer and the facility PCM shall conduct an annual evaluation of the Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program at their respective facility and submit to the PC a written report of the findings. The report should at minimum include: a review of each incident of sexual abuse or harassment that occurred during the reporting period; program and procedural changes implemented based on recommendations of the review team; training needs to ensure future safety and security; record of referrals to outside community resources; record of referrals for post-release service and statistical data. Policy further states that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall. A review of the Annual PREA Report indicates that it includes agency accomplishments, facilities audited during the year, statistical data and corrective actions. The report compares data from 2014 through the current year. The interview with the Agency Head indicated that the agency collects data on a quarterly basis and they do trend analysis on the data. He stated that the data assist with identifying hot spots and other variables and they determine action plans for each facility and agency as whole. He further confirmed they utilize the data to determine measures to put in place to correct any issues. The PC confirmed that the agency reviews data that is collected in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of the sexual abuse

prevention, detection and response policies. He stated the Agency Head approves the report and that the information is published on the agency website. He further stated that trends are analyzed and appropriate corrective action is taken based off of this information. The interview with the PCM indicated that facility data is utilized by the agency to assess trends and improve policies, procedures and practices.

115.88 (b): The PAQ indicated that the annual report includes a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and that the annual report provides an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse. 04.01.301, pages 12-13 state that the Chief Administrative Officer and the facility PCM shall conduct an annual evaluation of the Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program at their respective facility and submit to the PC a written report of the findings. The report should at minimum include: a review of each incident of sexual abuse or harassment that occurred during the reporting period; program and procedural changes implemented based on recommendations of the review team; training needs to ensure future safety and security; record of referrals to outside community resources; record of referrals for post-release service and statistical data. Policy further states that upon receipt of the reports from each facility, the agency PC shall assess the overall effectiveness of the Department's Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program and submit a written report to the Director that has at minimum: statistical data and corrective action by facility; aggregated incident based sexual abuse or harassment data for the Department; perceived areas of concern and recommended or implemented improvements; a comparison of the current year's statistical data and corrective action with those of previous reporting periods; and an assessment of the Department's progress in addressing sexual abuse or harassment overall. A review of the Annual PREA Report indicates that it includes agency accomplishments, facilities audited during the year, statistical data and corrective actions. The report compares data from 2014 through the current year.

115.88 (c): The PAQ indicated that the agency makes its annual report readily available to the public at least annually through its website and that the annual reports are approved by the Agency Head. 04.01.301, page 13 states that the annual report shall be made available on the Department's website no later than June 30th of the year subsequent to the reporting period. The interview with the Agency Head confirmed that he reviews and approves the annual report. A review of the website confirmed that the current annual report as well as prior annual reports are available for review.

115.88 (d): The PAQ indicated that when the agency redacts material from an annual report for publication, the redactions are limited to specific materials where publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of the facility and that the agency indicates the nature of material redacted. 04.01.301, page 13 states that the final report shall not contain any personal identifiers. The

	<p>Department may redact information on the posted report if said information would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility or the Department. A review of Annual PREA Report confirmed there was no personal identifying information included nor any security related information. The report did not contain any redacted information. The interview with the PC indicated that confidential and sensitive individual in custody or staff information is redacted. In consultation with the Legal Department, a determination would be made regarding what information would be redacted and justification for such redaction would be provided.</p> <p>Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the Annual PREA Report, the website and information obtained from interviews with the Agency Head, PC and PCM, this standard appears to be compliant.</p>
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115.89	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Documents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pre-Audit Questionnaire 2. Administrative Directive 04.01.301 Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program 3. PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Prevention and Intervention Program Manual (PREA Manual) <p>Interviews:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interview with the PREA Coordinator <p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.89 (a): The PAQ indicated that the agency ensures that incident-based and aggregate data are securely retained. The PREA Manual, page 50 states that the agency shall ensure that data collected pursuant to 115.87 are securely retained. The interview with the PREA Coordinator indicated that all identifying information regarding PREA allegations is treated as confidential and maintained in secure</p>

databases and secured drives. Any hard-copy documents are maintained via double-locked storage.

115.89 (b): The PAQ indicated that agency policy requires that aggregated sexual abuse data from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts be made readily available to the public at least annually through its website. 04.01.301, page 14 states the annual report shall be made available on the Department's website no later than June 30th of the year subsequent that of the reporting period. A review of the website confirmed that the current annual report, which includes aggregated data, as well as prior annual reports are available for review.

115.89 (c): The PAQ indicated that before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available, the agency removes all personal identifiers. 04.01.301, page 13 states that the final report shall not contain any personal identifiers. A review of the Annual PREA Report confirmed there was no personal identifying information included nor any security related information. The report did not contain any redacted information.

115.89 (d): The PAQ indicated that the agency maintains sexual abuse data collected pursuant to Standard 115.87 for at least ten years after the date of initial collection, unless federal, state or local law requires otherwise. 04.01.301, page 13 states that all reports and statistical data shall be retained for a period of no less than ten years. A review of prior Annual PREA Reports confirmed that data is available from 2014 to current.

Based on a review of the PAQ, 04.01.301, the Annual PREA Report, the agency website and information obtained from the interview with the PREA Coordinator, this standard appears to be compliant.

115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	Findings (By Provision): 115.401 (a): The facility is part of the Illinois Department of Corrections. All facilities were audited in the previous three-year audit cycle and audit report are found on

	<p>the agency's website.</p> <p>115.401 (b): The facility is part of the Illinois Department of Corrections. The Department has a schedule for all their facilities to be audited within the three-year cycle, with one third being audited in each cycle. The facility is being audited in the second year of the three-year cycle.</p> <p>115.401 (h) - (m): The auditor had access to all areas of the facility; was permitted to review any relevant policies, procedure or documents and was permitted to conduct private interviews.</p> <p>115.401 (n): The facility provided photos of the audit announcement posted around the facility six weeks prior to the audit. During the tour the auditor observed the audit announcement in each housing unit on yellow letter size paper. The audit announcements were in English and Spanish and were posted on bulletin boards in the housing units. The auditor also observed the audit announcement in common areas around the facility. The auditor noticed advised the IICs that correspondence with the auditor would remain confidential unless the IIC reported information such as sexual abuse, harm to self or harm to others. The detainees were able to send correspondence via special mail. The auditor received correspondence from numerous IICs at the facility.</p>
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115.403	Audit contents and findings
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Findings (By Provision):</p> <p>115.403 (f): The agency has audit reports published to their website for all audits completed during the previous three, three year audit cycles.</p>

Appendix: Provision Findings		
115.11 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.11 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes
115.11 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
115.12 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes
115.12 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure	yes

	that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	
115.13 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into	yes

	consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.13 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	yes
115.13 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes
115.13 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes

115.14 (a)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (b)	Youthful inmates	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (c)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.15 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.15 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the	yes

	facility does not have female inmates.)	
115.15 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	yes
115.15 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes
115.15 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
115.15 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication	yes

	with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
115.16 (c)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes
115.17 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who	yes

	may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
115.17 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
115.17 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes
115.17 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes

115.17 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes
115.17 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.17 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.17 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
115.18 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.18 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	

	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.21 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes

	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
115.21 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	na
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
115.21 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
115.21 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	na
115.22 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	

	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes
115.22 (b)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
115.22 (c)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.31 (a)	Employee training	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes

	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
115.31 (b)	Employee training	
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes
115.31 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.31 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.32 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	

	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
115.32 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes
115.32 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
115.33 (a)	Inmate education	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
115.33 (b)	Inmate education	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes
115.33 (c)	Inmate education	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	yes

	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes
115.33 (d)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes
115.33 (e)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes
115.33 (f)	Inmate education	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
115.34 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and	yes

	Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.35 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or	yes

	suspicious of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	
115.35 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	na
115.35 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
115.41 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
115.41 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes
115.41 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective	yes

	screening instrument?	
115.41 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10)	yes

	Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	
115.41 (e)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes
115.41 (f)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes
115.41 (g)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
115.41 (h)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes
115.41 (i)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive	yes

	information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	
115.42 (a)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes
115.42 (b)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes
115.42 (c)	Use of screening information	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would	yes

	present management or security problems?	
115.42 (d)	Use of screening information	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes
115.42 (e)	Use of screening information	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes
115.42 (f)	Use of screening information	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes
115.42 (g)	Use of screening information	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing	yes

	solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	
115.43 (a)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes
115.43 (b)	Protective Custody	
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
	If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
115.43 (c)	Protective Custody	

	Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
	Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes
115.43 (d) Protective Custody		
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes
115.43 (e) Protective Custody		
	In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
115.51 (a) Inmate reporting		
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes
115.51 (b) Inmate reporting		
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain	yes

	anonymous upon request?	
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	yes
115.51 (c)	Inmate reporting	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.51 (d)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes
115.52 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	no
115.52 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from	yes

	this standard.)	
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	

	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.).	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.53 (a)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers,	na

	including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
115.53 (b)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.53 (c)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
115.54 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes
115.61 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual	yes

	abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	
115.61 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes
115.61 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
115.61 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.61 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
115.62 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes
115.63 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
115.63 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes

115.63 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.63 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes
115.64 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
115.64 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
115.65 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in	yes

	response to an incident of sexual abuse?	
115.66 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
115.67 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.67 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes
115.67 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of	yes

	sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
115.67 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
115.67 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.68 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes
115.71 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations	yes

	of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.71 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes
115.71 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
115.71 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.71 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.71 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes

	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.71 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.71 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.71 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
115.71 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes
115.71 (l)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.72 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
115.73 (a)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes

115.73 (b)	Reporting to inmates	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	yes
115.73 (c)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.73 (d)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually	yes

	abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	
115.73 (e)	Reporting to inmates	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes
115.76 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.76 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes
115.76 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.76 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes

	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes
115.78 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
115.78 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes
115.78 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
115.78 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes
115.78 (e)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes
115.78 (f)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish	yes

	evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	
115.78 (g)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes
115.81 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes
115.81 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes
115.81 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	na
115.81 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
115.81 (e)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior	yes

	sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	
115.82 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
115.82 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes
115.82 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
115.82 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
115.83 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
115.83 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse	

	victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
115.83 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
115.83 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes

115.86 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes
115.86 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes
115.86 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes
115.86 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes
115.86 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes

115.87 (a)	Data collection	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes
115.87 (b)	Data collection	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
115.87 (c)	Data collection	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes
115.87 (d)	Data collection	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
115.87 (e)	Data collection	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)	yes
115.87 (f)	Data collection	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes
115.88 (a)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant	yes

	to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	
115.88 (b)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency’s annual report include a comparison of the current year’s data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency’s progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
115.88 (c)	Data review for corrective action	
	Is the agency’s annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.88 (d)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	yes
115.89 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?	yes
115.89 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.89 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
115.89 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits	

	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes
115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	na
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
115.403	Audit contents and findings	

(f)		
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes